

COMPUTERWORLD

HUD set to outsource IS

\$526M deal includes new data center, networks

BY GARY H. ANTHES
OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. — In one of the largest outsourcing deals ever, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development agreed last week to pay Martin Marietta Corp. \$526 million to update and operate its information systems for 12 years. "Our business is running housing assistance programs, not owning and operating computer systems," said HUD deputy secretary Alfred A. Delibovi. "People should do what they're good at."

HUD has contracted with Bethesda, Md.-based Martin Marietta to do the following:
• Set up a new data center based

on Unisys Corp. and Hitachi Data Systems Corp. mainframes.

• Establish a nationwide data communications backbone linking the data center with HUD headquarters and 81 field offices.

• Replace all of HUD's local-area network equipment and personal computers. Some 50,000 PCs are to be installed during the life of the 12-year contract.

Martin Marietta will not replace or enhance its applications software but will gradually move the applications to the new data center from HUD's two existing mainframe centers, which will then be closed. The data center's equipment will then be sold

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Industry tally

Overall IS budget growth will slow from 6.5% last year, but the impact through the different industries varies greatly, with computer equipment on the high end and software on the other

Projected 1991 IS budget growth by industry

Overall	5.5%
Equipment	6.0%
Software	4.1%
Hardware/Software	4.5%
Systems/Consulting services	1.2%
Computer/Networks/Peripherals	10.5%
Computer products	8.8%
Software and other business	0.9%
IS software	5.9%
Hardware and other business	4.5%
Software and other business	4.4%
Software and other business	1.2%
Software and other business	5.4%

Source: Index Group, Inc.

Recession fears trim '91 budget growth

BY JOANTE M. WEXLER
OF STAFF

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. — Growth in corporate information systems budgets is slowing, according to an Index Group, Inc. survey to be released this week. While technology expenditures are expected to increase in 1991 despite general economic predictions of a recession, the growth margin will reportedly be the industry's weakest in three years.

In a report describing a survey of 394 North American IS executives, Index Group concluded that 1991 IS budget

growth will drop from a 7.5% average increase in 1988 to a 5.3% predicted increase next year.

"The one thing a recession is going to do is spur a need for businesses to re-engineer themselves," said Robert Reck, an Index Group vice president. "If you're told you have to cut costs by 20% for the company to keep its earnings per share on the mark, you need to fundamentally change how you're operating the business."

Be careful out there

Users agreed that caution is the budget watchword for 1991. "It's certainly going to be a tougher year for getting capital money," said Jim Matney, corporate director of IS at Reynolds Metals Co. in Richmond, Va. Matney said Reynolds' 1991 budget is slightly higher than last year's and that while there has been no official cutting back on

Continued on page 6

Heschel quits after 7-month stint at SPAC

BY CLINTON WILDER
OF STAFF

LOS ANGELES — One of the year's most prominent IS executive hirings abruptly turned sour

last month when Michael S. Heschel resigned as chairman and chief executive officer of Security Pacific Automation Corp. after seven months.

Heschel, who was hired from the top information systems post at Deere, Ill.-based Baxter International, Inc. last April, was tight-lipped about any disagreements that occurred. "It wasn't like I designed a new system that blew up," he said last week.

Continued on page 6

IBM easing corporate discount terms

BY ROSEMARY HAMILTON
OF STAFF

IBM is increasingly offering discounts to customers based on the dollars they agree to spend rather than a commitment to specific products. This so-called revenue-based discounting allows a customer to change acquisition plans during a contract period without losing the discount as was often the case with product-related contracts.

The company is apparently taking various approaches in delivering these deals. IBM has of-

ficially announced one deal for air-cooled mainframes, confirmed another for high-end mainframes that was never publicly released and denied the existence of a third revenue-based plan that information systems executives said covers corporate-wide purchases.

The revenue-based plans, however, all share a common theme: They allow customers to juggle their purchases during a given contract period and maintain their discounts as long as they stick to their revenue commitments. Previously, custom-

ers typically agreed to a specific number of product purchases and lost their discounts if they did not follow through on the actual product commitment.

Three IS executives contacted last week said IBM plans to provide what they call an enterprise-wide agreement, which is a revenue-based plan for corporate-wide purchases. These deals are more far-reaching than what had previously been offered, the executives said. In addition to being based on financial commitments, the discounts also span

Continued on page 120

Microsoft lines up big guns for multimedia product push

BY JAMES DALY
OF STAFF

SAN JOSE, Calif. — Microsoft Corp. attempted to jump start the struggling multimedia market in the DOS world last week with the announcement of a set

of hardware and software development specifications as well as multimedia extensions for both Windows and OS/2. The move was supported by IBM, Tandy Corp., AT&T and several other industry heavyweights.

However, some observers said the link between multimedia — the blending of audio, video and animation into traditional data presentations in an interactive manner — and the needs of the average computer user

remains elusive.

"There is still a lot of convincing that needs to be done," said Michael French, a senior consultant at Inteco Corp., a market research firm in Norwalk, Conn. "The market potential is there, but there is not one thing that will go boom and suddenly the market will magically appear."

Potential users said the "must-have" application that would cost-justify the hardware upgrade needed for multimedia simply does not exist.

"Technology for technology's sake is becoming increasingly hard to justify in this economic climate," said Nancy Newell, a manager at

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INSIDE

Happy TI users

How well do TI multiplexers meet your business needs?

Response base 104

Completely 83%

A little 1%

Some what 16%

Includes: Stratatron's IPL, NET's INEX, Knowledge Network Corp's Mainframe 3800, Timeslip, Inc.'s Link

For detailed product ratings, see Buyer's Scorecard page 68

Hewlett-Packard to pump up mini lines with upgrades to the 3000 and 9000 series, Page 4.

Technology Analysis: Lotus' Magellan 2.0 is still a strong text searcher, but new utilities rate below par. Page 55.

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- 8 Apple has underestimated the appeal of its Macintosh Classic: The wiped-out supply will not be replaced until late March.
- 10 Allied gives the green signal to its Autolite division to switch from IBM's platform to a SQL-based RDBMS.
- 12 Found guilty in a lawsuit filed by rival Camdex involving its IBM 3080 memory product line, EMC says it plans to appeal the verdict.
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"Machiavelli were alive today, the prince would be a CIO."

ROBERT HETTERICK
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On the need for a central IS figure on campus.
See story page 6.

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EXECUTIVE BRIEFING

■ **Leaner times lie ahead for information systems budgets.** An Index Group survey of 394 IS executives said 1991 budgets will increase by the lowest percentage in three years. Cost-cutting is the watchword, with data center consolidations and outsourcing the most popular methods. However, the recession also represents an opportunity for IS to take the lead in re-engineering business practices to improve the bottom line. Page 1.

■ **Michael Heschel resigned as head of Security Pacific Automation** just seven months after his much-publicized hiring. The former IS chief at Baxter called his surprise departure "just one of those things that didn't work out." Security Pacific Vice Chairman John Singleton, Heschel's former boss, will take over his duties on an interim basis while a replacement search proceeds. Page 1.

■ **The venerable Sabre** airline reservations system will be broken up and run on smaller platforms. Using the newest version of IBM's transaction processing system, American Airlines will subdivide the huge Sabre database to run on several application-specific platforms. Page 4.

■ **Bankamerica** will close its Hong Kong data center as part of a move to consolidate overseas processing. The bank says the moves will pay for themselves in two to three years. Page 119.

■ **The Autolite Spark Plug Division** will leave the IBM nest of parent Allied and use a Sequent-based Oracle manufacturing resource planning system instead. Allied's other automotive divisions plan to migrate from an IBM 4381 to Application Systems/400s. Page 10.

■ **Choosing the right path** among outsourcing, systems integration or in-house talent is a tricky business. It requires knowing your company's business, what role technology plays and a large amount of old-fashioned soul-searching. Page 69.

■ **A regional Prime Computer user organization** was the driving force in the automation of an adoption resource center in Denver. The group convinced Prime to donate computer equipment to the center. Page 97.

■ **University IS holds its**

own unique challenges for professionals, including lack of hardware and software standardization as well as a shortage of technical support. Page 104.

■ **Computerworld** honored the best and the brightest — the Top 10 most effective users of IS — at the Premier 100 awards dinner. Photo, page 69.

■ **More women work** in computing today than a decade ago. According to the U.S. Department of Labor, some 245,000 women took IS jobs in the 1980s. But most took lower-level positions that paid 30% less than they paid males, and percentage growth remained flat. Still, many are hopeful about the new decade. Page 93.

■ **Network management** users say graphical user interfaces could help deal with the flood of messages coming in from the network. Icons and lines representing network elements may help simplify the network manager's job. Page 63.

■ **On-site this week:** Manufacturers Hanover hopes to make the most of its computer resources by giving users access to both Digital Equipment Corp. VAXs and IBM AS/400s. Page 63.

■ **The November elections** gave voters a chance to change the look of the U.S. House; now the House's IS group is giving the legislative body's computers a new look. Page 26.

■ **Wing computer equipment** is helping New York authorities in their bid to battle juvenile delinquency. Page 28.

The 5th Wave



IN A DISPLAY OF FEMERSE DRILLANCE, ORLE BE REINMAN MISWAKES A ROOM HUMPIER FOR A MID-RANGE COMPUTER BUT MANAGES TO TIE IT INTO THE NETWORK ANYWAY.

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COMPUTER ASSOCIATES



HP launches minis, New Wave Access

BY J. A. SAVAGE
CW STAFF

PALO ALTO, Calif.—Hewlett-Packard Co. is set to announce five minicomputers tomorrow for both its Unix and proprietary operating systems and an extension of the company's New Wave Office application. This comes on top of a spate of computer-aided software engineering (CASE) products for commercial systems announced last week.

Two minicomputers in HP's proprietary operating system line, the Series 3000, will fill out the series between the current Models 932 and 955. The new models will run at between 15 million instructions per second (MIPS) and 22 MIPS. Two Unix-based minicomputers will be added to the midrange of the 9000 series and will also run at between 15 MIPS and 22 MIPS. The last Unix-based minicomputer will be at the high end, more than 50 MIPS, according to analysts.

Some analysts, including Carolyn Griffin at International Data Corp. in Framingham,

Mass., said HP is changing its marketing to emphasize its minicomputers for commercial transaction processing.

Packaging for the Series 3000 will also change to allow for easier upgrades.

Instead of having to swap buses three times between the low end of the multiuser models and the high end, users will only have to swap between the high end and the low end. According to analysts, this will be accomplished with the new minicomputers that are built to bridge the upgrade gap between low-, middle- and high-end boxes to make it just low- and high-end boxes with board swaps in-between.

Wave of the future

A software application, called New Wave Access, will also be announced. The product, according to Michael Gould, vice president of Open Systems Advisors, Inc. in Boston, allows a New Wave-based system (a personal computer-based application holding many functions under one graphical user interface)

to link with several different relational databases.

HP would not provide details on the rollout at press time.

Last week, HP announced more products in its Casedge strategy to allow software devel-

"IT'S NOT terribly unlike Digital Equipment Corp.'s strategy."

MICHAEL GOULDE
OPEN SYSTEMS ADVISORS

opment and maintenance in heterogeneous environments.

These packages that allow CASE development in a client/server environment for use with mainframes, client/server systems and PCs will be available in 1991. The products are part of a strategy to let users develop software in HP's proprietary or Unix environment and apply it to these different computing environments.

"The idea of Casedge is to

separate the development environment from the target environment," according to Korak Mitra, product line manager for CASE at HP. Some of these products have been available on Unix-based workstations. Mitra said that by the end of next year, the products will be available across both the Series 9000 and Series 3000 computers.

"They're looking to provide IBM AD/Cycle-like functionality in a CASE environment," Gould said. "And it's not terribly unlike Digital Equipment Corp.'s strategy — to develop CASE for multiple target platforms. That's valuable in today's environment."

The products, ported to HP's operating systems by third-party vendors, are Polanix, a multiuser Unix repository from CGI Systems, Inc. in France "that is client/server in nature but generates code for other hardware," Mitra said. Similar CASE tools scheduled to be available next year include Maestro II from Softlab, Inc. in Germany and Powercase from Cognos Corp. in Burlington, Mass.

Slivers of Sabre will simplify, speed systems

BY JEAN S. BOZMAN
CW STAFF

TULSA, Okla.—American Airlines' Sabre, the largest airline reservations system in the world, is about to be subdivided. Sabre will be broken into multiple application-specific processors to simplify computer operations and to speed development of new software systems.

"We need to solve the problem of the monolithic database, or having all your eggs in one basket," said Roy Smyth, managing director of Sabre Engineering here. "We are going toward having different functional processors for different applications."

American has wanted to break Sabre's central complex into smaller pieces for some time. However, Sabre's custom version of the IBM Airline Control Program (ACP), which had been running for 18 years, prevented such a move. ACP required the IBM 3090 processors to operate as a single unit to achieve real-time synchronization.

In March, Sabre converted to

Transaction Processing Facility (TPF) 3.1, the latest version of IBM's transaction-oriented system, which supports multiple functional processors. Breaking up Sabre will, however, require additional software development that matches CPU activity to database updates on selected disks.

"The focus we are trying to take is that of the user's perspective," said Thomas J. Kiernan, president of American's Sabre Computer Services Division in Dallas. "We have to figure out a way to make the system available around the world, 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and that's a focus we didn't have three to four years ago."

Just last month, Sabre signed an agreement with Amadeus, a consortium of several European airlines, which may link up with Sabre in a future global reservations network.

Downtime is a key concern, demonstrated most dramatically in May 1989, when a software failure forced Sabre to go off-line for 13 hours. Sabre's systems software gets turned off once per week, for 10 to 12 minutes of scheduled maintenance. That is down from 10 minutes per day

three years ago. Unscheduled systems maintenance sometimes forces Sabre operators to take the system off-line for several minutes, causing concern among travel agents and bogging down airport operations.

In the future, IBM's new Eacon fiber-optic channels for the Enterprise Systems/9000 mainframes will help support larger complex systems running TPF. That stance could be broken down into smaller, more manageable clusters.

Moving to multiple TPF systems — and possibly to some future MVS and Unix systems — will give Sabre greater operational flexibility.

According to Kiernan, it will also speed the development of new software applications and travel "products" for travel agents. "We need to carve applications out of the Sabre monolith and carve out the necessary piece of the database, too," he said. That would mean segregating hundreds of Sabre's 1,380 disk drives into database groups.

The appearance of multiple

TPF complexes — American's Flight Operations System was stripped from the main complex earlier this year — is new to American. But competitor Covia, United Airlines' reservations system, has had multiple functional processors for more than two years.

A dual Sabre data center is not in the cards immediately, executives said. "Right now, our data distribution plan is to separate the database logically, not geographically," Kiernan said.

That stance could be broken down into smaller, more manageable clusters. Moving to multiple TPF systems — and possibly to some future MVS and Unix systems — will give Sabre greater operational flexibility.

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The appearance of multiple

A hard bits item on Sentinel Computer Systems [CW, Nov. 19] should have indicated that the company is now providing on-site technical reconditioning support for water-cooled IBM systems.

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CORRECTION:

A story on personal computer graphics standards efforts [CW, Nov. 19] incorrectly referred to Texas Instruments, Inc.'s Graphics Architecture as Graphics Array.

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1988. Microcomputers revolutionized business. Largely because the average cost per MIP dropped to under \$1,300.

Recession

FROM PAGE 1

procurements or staff, the company is re-examining project priorities.

"Projects that are central to improving the business will get the go-ahead," he said, "while others will be put on hold."

Rock said the study revealed an overall "cost-cutting morale" in IS, instigated by both the threat of war in the Middle East and industry-specific factors.

For example, he said, two-thirds of existing pharmaceutical patents will expire during the next five years, so companies in that industry are already in a ramp-up mode for flattening business — although IS managers are frustrated by business managers "who don't appreciate the value technology can offer."

Major cost-cutting measures IS departments are taking include varying degrees of outsourcing (36%) and consolidating data centers (47%).

Of the 36% of the respon-

The move is on

The open systems movement has swept up a third of surveyed IS executives

"We are moving toward an open systems environment (i.e., non-proprietary hardware/software products) over the next two to three years."

Disagree strongly 20%

Disagree 21%

Neutral 31%

Agree 28%

Agree strongly 10%

Percent of respondents (base: 304)

Source: Info Group, Inc. ©W Chart: Mary Hines

dents who are outsourcing, the most popular forms include turning over applications development (45%), personal computer procurement and training (42%) and telecommunications and

networking (30%) to a third party, according to the report.

Outsourcing is a method for firms to focus on their core business, the report stated, rather than getting distracted by computing and networking activities.

Rock also said the survey results revealed "a narrative on the part of business managers about the role technology is playing in business."

Education the key

He advised IS managers to strive to educate executive management on appropriate technology investments during a recessionary period and to form a "partnership" with them to counteract the problem.

One instance where such a partnership is taking place is at Spencer Gifts, Inc. (C/N 26) in Pleasantville, N.J. Chief Executive Officer John Hachal views IS on a par with operations, site selection and other strategic facets of the business. He recently got involved hands-on with Vice President of IS Eugene Murtha to design the Spen-

cer Integrated Retail Information System, a database that will fundamentally reshape the way the company does business.

Other users said they are try-

Squeezing out efficiencies

Most of the IS executives surveyed either have been deeply involved in data center consolidation or have done nothing

"We are or have been involved in consolidating our data centers."

Disagree strongly 36%

Disagree somewhat 34%

Neutral 30%

Agree 34%

Agree strongly 34%

Percent of respondents (base: 304)

Source: Info Group, Inc. ©W Chart: Mary Hines

ing to leverage their vendor relationships in anticipation of recession.

Tom Loane, vice president of computers and communications at Alamo Rent-A-Car in Fort Lauderdale, Fla., said he is surprised that the Midwest crisis has not translated into any downturn in leisure car rentals. He acknowledged, however, that he has "a fear in the back of his head that things could go south." As a result, he said, he is trying to negotiate vendor contracts that allow him to back out "without too much pain."

Another rampant cost-cutting measure is data center consolidation. Index Group estimated that companies consistently reap 25% to 33% savings as a direct result of data center consolidation (see chart), through improved price/performance ratios of information technologies, reduced equipment space requirements and "lights out" (unattended) data center operations.

Senior editor Rosemary Hamilton contributed to this report.

Colleges learn lessons on using IS to cut costs

BY MICHAEL ALEXANDER
OF STAFF

MIAMI BEACH — Higher education must practice more of what it has been preaching in its business schools: Colleges and universities must rely more on information technology to cut costs, boost productivity and become more entrepreneurial.

That was the primary lesson hammered on in sessions after session at the College and University Systems Exchange Conference held here last week.

Colleges and universities are feeling the same sorts of economic and societal pressures that have plagued businesses in recent years, according to users who attended the conference.

The cost of providing higher

education is soaring, while at the same time, students and parents are questioning whether they are getting their money's worth from increasing tuition, said Robert Heterick Jr., vice president for information systems at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. "The gap between higher education and society's willingness to pay has never been wider," he said.

Recruiting overseas

A slumping student enrollment — declining in recent years at an annual rate of 14%, by some estimates — has caused many institutions to lose market share or shift their recruitment efforts overseas, speakers said.

As in the business world, information technology is being

touted as the strategic weapon to help institutions of higher education compete successfully.

Campus computer systems are also starting the transformation from centralized to distributed systems that businesses are undergoing and grappling with issues the change entails.

Learning institutions typically have a wide assortment of computer systems on campus, and hooking them together and supporting a campuswide network will be one of an IS manager's most daunting and costly challenges during the next 10 years.

One option that merits consideration is outsourcing at least part of the IS function, some speakers said.

"We have looked at it very, very hard and continue to look at it," said Lewis Tammes, chief information officer at the University of Miami. "We are currently evaluating our whole telecommunications network maintenance for outsourcing."

Is a 'computer prince' necessary?

The campus computer user community is extremely diverse; getting this pluralistic user base to hook into a campuswide network and networks beyond takes considerable management skills. It seems like a perfect job for a chief information officer, right? Well, maybe.

"If Machiavelli were alive today, the prince would be a CIO," said Robert Heterick, vice president for information systems at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. There is too much diversity on campuses for a central authority or "computer czar," he said.

The trend toward client/server architectures and away from integrating administrative

and academic systems means there is little need for a CIO, he said.

"Contrary to popular belief, I ain't dead," quipped Lewis Tammes, CIO at the University of Miami. As campuses rely more on information technology, the CIO will play an increasing role in executive decision-making, he said.

A recent College and University Systems Exchange newsletter noted that university search committees are increasing their efforts to find CIOs. State universities of California, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Tennessee and Wisconsin are all currently looking to fill a CIO post, the newsletter reported.

MICHAEL ALEXANDER

Heschel

FROM PAGE 1

"Sometimes you don't always fit as perfectly as you'd like. I don't want to get into it any further than that."

Heschel's departure was effective Nov. 15. Former SPAC Chairman John P. Singleton, now vice chairman of parent Security Pacific Corp., will assume Heschel's duties on an interim basis until a replacement is found.

Singleton, to whom Heschel reported, was traveling last week and was unavailable for comment. A Security Pacific spokeswoman said Heschel "resigned to pursue other business opportunities," although "an industry source said that was not the reason he left."

The source said Heschel was shocked by the sudden bad turn in his relationship with the company.

Heschel acknowledged that "sometimes curveballs come at you."

"Sometimes marriages don't work out either," he added. "It was just one of those situations that sometimes happen in life."

Strong-willed

Singleton and Heschel both have reputations as strong-willed executives, and industry sources speculated about the possibility that their personalities clashed.

However, former SPAC Chairman DuWayne J. Peterson, who hired Singleton, said an impulsive action by Singleton "sounds out of character to me."

"I'm very surprised by the news," said Peterson, now top

IS executive at Merrill Lynch & Co. New York. "John is demanding, but fair, and a very good developer of people. He's not an egomaniac who doesn't want good people around him. He's very solid, one of the best business executives in any field."

Peterson said he met Heschel for the first time at a conference in Palm Springs, Calif., in late October, just weeks before Hes-

SOMETIMES YOU don't always fit as perfectly as you'd like. I don't want to get into it any further than that."

MICHAEL HESCHEL
(FORMERLY SECURITY PACIFIC)

chel's sudden departure. "He didn't seem to be under any pressure that I could sense," Peterson said.

Heschel, who had relocated with his family to the Los Angeles suburb, said he will spend a quiet month before returning to the job-seeking trail. "The only good thing about this is it gives me some time to take the process slowly and think about what I want to do," he said.

Heschel spent much of his early IS career in Southern California at American Hospital Supply Corp.'s American Hospital Laboratories unit in Irvine. He later moved to American Hospital Supply and survived that firm's 1985 acquisition by Baxter to become its top IS executive and one of the most prominent spokesmen in the IS profession.

Motorola 68040 shipment gets mixed welcome

BY MAURA J. HARRINGTON
CWI STAFF

AUSTIN, Texas — The cheers for Motorola, Inc. were restrained last week after the company announced volume shipment of its fourth-generation 68000 family complex instruction set computing (CISC)-based microprocessor.

Analysts said the 68040, which is several months late, is an improvement over the 68030 and is competitive with current-generation reduced instruction set computing (RISC)-based microprocessors such as Sun Microsystems, Inc.'s Scalable Processor Architecture chip. But, they added, Motorola's inability to produce the chip in volume in a timely fashion has had an irreversible effect on the company and its customers competing in the Unix workstation market.

Hewlett-Packard Co. is one such example. Last year, analysts said HP was easily the No. 2 acquired Apollo Computer, Inc.'s product line. Because HP continues to rely on CISC-based technology to power its workstations, it was depending on the timely production of the 68040 chip when it announced its first combined HP-Apollo

workstation last spring.

"When we learned about the product delay, we instituted models with the 68030 chip with inexpensive upgrade options to the [68040] as soon as it started shipping," an HP spokeswoman said. That upgrade, she added, costs \$2,000.

That process, according to analyst David Card at International Data Corp., a market research firm in Framingham, Mass., caused HP to lose market share that it could have potentially held onto.

HP's market share loss, however, is not really a result of Motorola's late microprocessor, but more that of the increasing competition from the RISC

workstation vendors, analysts said.

The increase in competition, as well as Motorola's delay in shipping the 68040, has caused several of the firm's potential customers to fall back or change their focus, analysts said.

"I don't think Motorola lost customers because they're shipping now and not six months ago. They lost customers because they are shipping now and not a year and a half ago," said Michael Slater, editor and publisher of the "Microprocessor Report," a trade newsletter.

Next, Inc. is basing its product line on Motorola's chip but has only 15,000 orders spread over the next nine to 12

months, Card said. Next was not hurt by the delay as much as HP, because it was not ready to ship its products, he added.

"The [68040] was a little bit later than we would have liked, but we've been working closely with Motorola, so we knew," said Rich Page, Next's vice president of hardware engineering. "The good news is that the chip is faster than we expected. We thought it would only run at 10 [million instructions per second], but we've found it to run at 15 MIPS."

The 68040 microprocessor incorporates the floating-point processor and integer unit on a single chip, which helps boost the performance between three and five times that of the 68030, said Jim Reinhardt, marketing manager for the 68000 family product line.

Tandy chooses Novell over 3Com

BY JIM NASH
CWI STAFF

FORT WORTH, Texas — Tandy Corp. has dropped its OEM agreement with 3Com Corp. and replaced 3Com with networking leader Novell, Inc.

Ed Juge, director of market planning at Radio Shack, a subsidiary of Tandy, said the company decided not to renew its OEM agreement, which expired Oct. 31. A spokesman for 3Com in Santa Clara, Calif., declined to comment other than to say it was a mutual decision.

"The majority of our [customers] are asking for the Novell network operating system," Juge said. "We've responded with what the market has asked for." However, Juge would not say if an OEM agreement had been signed with Novell.

"It was a friendly parting of ways," Juge said. "There will still be an association; we will supply whatever the customer wants," but only on a special order basis. Although Juge would not reveal how long Tandy had been contracting with 3Com for its local-area networking products, he said the two firms had been working closely for "two or three years."

About 700 of the 7,000 Radio Shacks had been selling 3Com equipment, including its 3+Share and 3+Open operating systems and Ethernet adapter cards.

John Giron, an analyst at Van Kasper & Co. in San Francisco, said the decision should have little negative impact. While there may be a movement away from the struggling firm at present, he explained, "3Com will stem that movement when they get the Novell protocol loaded on its server protocol stacks." 3Com has announced plans to deliver such a product.

Tandy has an OEM contract with The Xerox Corporation for its Xenix network operating system.

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NEWS SHORTS

User interface upgraded

Siemens Nixdorf Information Systems, Inc. updated its user interface development tool for the Open Software Foundation Motif environment last week with the announcement of Xload Release 1.1. The latest release of Xload reportedly allows users to extend the number of graphical objects used for an interface as well as customize the environment to a particular company's standards. As with the first version, Siemens Nixdorf will offer the software on a trial basis to users before payment is required. The software includes an object library and editors. Currently, the company will offer Xload for its own Targis systems as well as workstations from Sun Microsystems, Inc. and Digital Equipment Corp.

Businessland wins Kodak pot

Businessland personal computer dealer Businessland, Inc. said last week it will provide Eastman Kodak Co. with an automated computer products ordering and inventory-tracking system. Intended to reduce PC order time, offer on-line status reporting and improve record keeping, Businessland will be available to other users in the third quarter of next year, Businessland said. Also last week, Businessland announced more restructuring moves to stop its string of losing quarters. The firm will be segmented and will run as four business divisions: General Products, Network Systems, Service and Distribution.

NYSE closes 'down,' for real

The New York Stock Exchange is "still looking into" the cause of an electrical fault that halted trading on Nov. 23, an exchange spokesman said. The outage, which lasted about 1½ hours, was caused by some internal problems, he said. In the meantime, the exchange plans to install an uninterruptible power supply within the next 12 months because its existing battery-powered backup system did not do the job. Still, the exchange did not suffer too badly from the 94-minute outage, which started at 9:41 a.m. and lasted until 11:15 a.m. Because it was the day after Thanksgiving, trading was light anyway.

Apple buys into RISC start-up

Apple Computer, Inc. continued to send out feelers into the area of reduced instruction set computing (RISC) technology last week with the announcement of a \$3 million investment in a new chip company. The Advanced RISC Machines Ltd. venture plans to produce RISC chips that can be used in PCs and telephones and as embedded controllers in consumer and automotive electronics. No date has been set for an initial product offering. An Apple spokesman called the deal with Cambridge, England-based Advanced RISC Machines "strictly an investment opportunity." Apple is also working with Motorola, Inc. to integrate Motorola's RISC technology into its Macintosh line by as early as next year (CW, Oct. 15).

U.S. grooms firms for Japan entries

The U.S. Department of Commerce selected an elite group of 20 U.S. companies last week — including Oracle Systems Corp. and Compaq Computer Corp. — to get extensive government help in penetrating the Japanese market. The official "blessing" of the U.S. government will open the right doors in Japan, because Japanese business leaders will know that these prospected companies are committed to a five-year program to boost sales in Japan, said Riley Repley, Oracle's director of government affairs.

Tandem plans software ties

Tandem Computers, Inc. is expected to announce this week that it will focus on applications software development through a new business partner program called the Tandem Applications Group. The new Tandem marketing arm will include the 6-year-old Alliance program for independent software vendors that write packages for Tandem's transaction-oriented computers. The development of new open systems software, including Unix applications, will be emphasized, Tandem executives told *Computerworld* last week.

More news shorts on page 120

Mac Classic: Just try to get your hands on one

BY JAMES DALY
CW STAFF

CUPERTINO, Calif. — If you are dying to see your fingers dance across the keyboard of Apple Computer, Inc.'s new Macintosh Classic any time in the near future, sit tight. Company officials said they will be unable to meet demand for the entry-level machine until late March.

The Classic, which was introduced six weeks ago along with the higher-priced Macintosh LC and Macintosh SE, has become a victim of its own success. Pent-up user demand for a low-cost Macintosh — the Classic sells for between \$800 and \$1,500, depending on configuration — and Apple's \$40 million advertising campaign have brought buyers flocking to retailers with checkbooks in hand. But chains such as Computerland Corp. said their shelves are bare of the Classic and that back orders may take weeks to fill.

Get 'em while they're hot

"The Classic is the hottest model we've got today, but we just can't get them," said Edward Anderson, president of Computerland in Pleasanton, Calif. "Obviously, it's causing a real strong feeling among our dealers." Anderson would not specu-

late on how many sales were lost because of the undersupply.

Apple officials have scrambled to step up production, but analysts said the shortages could undermine the machine's original mission to win back mass-market shoppers from low-cost IBM Personal Computer clones.

Apple has seen its share of the \$42.3 billion domestic PC market plummet from about 15% only a few years ago to about 10% today, according to Dataquest, Inc., a research firm in San Jose, Calif.

Potential users said the shortages of the Classic and the delayed availability of the LC — early volume shipments are not expected until late January — are frustrating in light of the early hype.

"Apple is really missing the boat here," said Rick Christensen, manager of information systems at Masville Corp. in Denver. "There's going to be a lot of [IBM Personal System/1s] under the tree this Christmas instead of Classics or LCs because of that mistake." Christensen, a self-described Apple devotee, said he will begrudgingly await the high-volume arrival of the new models, which he sees as ba-

sic corporate computers rather than just home or small business systems.

Retailers, however, have downplayed the seasonal appeal of the Classic. "The Classic is not an impulse buy," Anderson said. "It's a business buy, and people will wait."

Half the price

Analysts said they see the Classic, which essentially duplicates the Macintosh SE at half the price, as a key revenue generator for Apple. Paul Nor-



ris, an analyst at Gartner Group, Inc., a research firm in Stamford, Conn., estimated that 1 million Classic sales are possible within the next year — if Apple can alleviate the shortages.

Fred Forsyth, senior vice president of worldwide manufacturing, said Apple is "too much too fast." "We introduced three new products in 121 countries in one day; we've never done that before," he said. In response to the shortages, Forsyth said, the Singapore manufacturing plant where the Classics are made will go from a five-day, two-shift schedule to a seven-day cycle where manufacturing is done nearly nonstop. The machines will also be air-shipped around the world, instead of by boat, as had been done since the production process has also been initiated at a Cork, Ireland, plant for European distribution, he added.

Microsoft

FROM PAGE 1

the Buick Motor Division of General Motors Corp. in Flint, Mich. Newell said that "someday" the company would like to integrate multimedia into its dealer training program, "but it's a little too cost-prohibitive at this point."

Manufacturers said an entry-level multimedia setup would include an Intel Corp. 80286-equipped personal computer or higher, a compact disc-read-only memory drive, at least 2M bytes of random-access memory, a 30M-byte hard disk, standard or enhanced IBM Video Graphics Array, enhanced audio and the Windows multimedia extensions — additions that could add several thousand dollars to the cost of a typical PC configuration.

Some early multimedia users, however, said the cost justifies the results. "The payback in personnel training, cost savings and increased productivity can be tremendous," said Meg Lewis, manager of advanced technology at American Airlines in Dallas. American has already begun integrating multimedia applications into the training of its pilots, maintenance engineers and travel agents, Lewis said.

Analysts said Microsoft's announcement confronts the most important hurdle facing the widespread integration of multimedia into the DOS world: a severe lack of software. Software houses have so far targeted most of their multimedia development efforts at more graphically ori-

TECHNOLOGY for technology's sake is becoming increasingly hard to justify in this economic climate."

NANCY NEWELL
BUICK MOTOR DIVISION

ented PC platforms, such as Apple Computer, Inc.'s Macintosh and Commodore Business Machines, Inc.'s Amiga. With the introduction of Microsoft's Windows 3.0 in May, however, the DOS world suddenly assumed a more graphical feel.

The specifications, which co-developers Microsoft and IBM announced at the outset of Microsoft's Multimedia Developers Conference, could lower the entry price by standardizing development efforts in two areas:

common data file formats and applications programming interfaces for controlling media devices. The Redmond, Wash.-based software firm also announced its multimedia development kit.

Tandy Chairman John Roach said it will begin shipping development systems and expects to have multimedia products available by next year. "I intend to go into this with the same type of barnstorming as we did in the early days of the PC industry," Roach said.

Roach said the match with Tandy and its Radio Shack chain of retail electronics outlets is a good one. "I don't think there is a better dealer network in the country than Radio Shack for selling multimedia systems,"

said Nick Arnsperger, editor of the "Multimedia Computing & Presentations" newsletter in Santa Clara, Calif. "There's nobody else who's nearly as successful as Tandy at selling both consumer electronics equipment and audio equipment."

Other companies that said they would deliver PCs supporting the specification in 1991 were Compaq Co., Fujitsu Ltd., NEC Technologies, Inc., Ing. C. Olivetti & Co. and Zenith Data Systems.

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specifically, a database

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Autolite shuns IBM mold

Allied's spark plug unit preserves shop-floor Unix system

BY ELISABETH HORWITT
CIVIL STAFF

POSTORIA, Ohio — After weeks of debate, Allied Signal Corp.'s Autolite Spark Plug Division finally got management approval last week to break with the Allied automotive sector's IBM tradition. The division will replace a 15-year-old IBM 4381 manufacturing resource planning (MRP) system with a packaged MRP system based on Oracle Systems Corp.'s SQL-based relational database manage-

ment system and running on a Sequent Computer Systems, Inc. Unix processor. Autolite needs to install an MRP system that runs on top of a SQL-based, truly relational DBMS in order to integrate its scheduling and business systems with an existing Oracle-based shop-floor control system, according to Autolite project engineer Richard Sturgeon.

Management's decision to let Autolite design its MRP system for compatibility with its existing shop-floor system — rather than vice versa — was an acknowl-

edgment of the division's "desire to preserve their investment" in the shop-floor system, said Carole Pritchard, the sector's director of information systems and planning. The value of that investment was proven in 1989, when the system helped Autolite boost its productivity by 13% to become the most productive division within its sector (CW, Nov. 19).

At the heart of the shop-floor system is a distributed network of OS/2- and Unix-based computers running Oracle's SQL Server software. The servers use Netwise, Inc.'s RPC Tool remote procedure call software to collect real-time shop-floor data from IBM Personal System/2-based devices, which in turn interface with intelligent shop-floor equipment. The servers make the collected

data available to a wide variety of users, including accountants, process engineers and shop-floor managers, Sturgeon said.

Autolite's Advanced Manufacturing Group had the foresight to bring the division's IS group into the project meetings early, Sturgeon said. "Our engineering folks are way out in front of us, which is not a very comfortable position to be in, from an IS standpoint," said Ronald Williams, manager of application support at Autolite. "We haven't gotten in their way, we want to get on that train and reap the benefits."

However, when Autolite was ready for the next step of integrating the shop-floor system with the MRP system and proposed a Sequent Unix-based solution, it came up against the automotive sector's "dominant strategy" to use IBM, according to Pritchard.

Before it went to Sequent, Autolite had carefully evaluated a number of IBM-based MRP systems, including an Application System/400-based strategy that had been adopted by a number of other Allied automotive sites. But the division concluded that integrating an AS/400 system with the existing shop-floor system would be too difficult because the AS/400 does not yet have a truly relation-

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Michael Abrahamson
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OUR ENGINEERING folks are way out in front of us, which is not a very comfortable position to be in, from an IS standpoint."

RONALD WILLIAMS
AUTOLITE

al SQL-based DBMS, Sturgeon said.

"We have established a strategy at Autolite that is based on free access to data that requires a relational model throughout the enterprise," Williams said. "The only way to do that successfully at an IBM site is to go to DB2, which Autolite's infrastructure is not big enough to support."

The automotive sector as a whole "will watch Autolite to see how useful and feasible their system is," Pritchard said. "We want to learn from their success, copy what we can and go beyond." Indeed, the sector's IS department has begun to guide people toward migrating their applications to open systems accessible, nonproprietary databases, she added.

However, Pritchard said, "I don't know if picking up the system Autolite implemented and dropping it somewhere else would achieve the same productivity gains." Whether the automotive sector will migrate to a SQL-based RDBMS "will depend on where IBM goes with SQL on its AS/400 and other platforms," she said.

Autolite has no intention of hopping aboard the automotive sector's AS/400 bandwagon, Sturgeon said. However, Sturgeon and his group intend to evaluate IBM's AIX-based RISC System/6000 as a possible migration option in a year or two. Migration to the RS/6000, if Autolite does choose that road, "is likely to be easy," Sturgeon said, given that IBM's workstation already supports Oracle.

Meanwhile, Sturgeon and his group are preparing within the year to start the next phase of moving Autolite's financial applications to Oracle and Unix.

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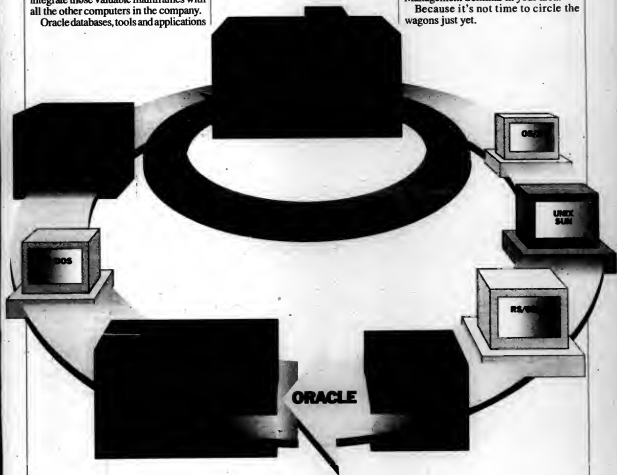
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EMC to appeal guilty judgment in Cambex suit

BY ROSEMARY HAMILTON
CW STAFF

HOPKINTON, Mass. — EMC Corp. plans to appeal a guilty judgment handed down against it late last month in a lawsuit filed by Cambex Corp., its chief rival in the mainframe third-party memory business.

EMC was found guilty of the misappropriation of certain trade secrets concerning its IBM 3080 memory upgrade product line. It could be required to pay Cambex at least \$2 million, which is the amount the jury determined Cambex lost and EMC gained from the 3080 memory market.

Cambex plans to seek a treble of damages. However, the amount of Cambex's reward will not be determined until next month by the Middlesex County Superior Court in Massachusetts, at which time EMC plans to launch its appeal.

While Cambex applauded the court's decision, the initial fallout for EMC appeared to be minimal.

A spokesman for Storage Technology Corp., EMC's biggest business partner, said the guilty verdict should not influence its relationship with the company. "It doesn't involve a product that we are selling, and it doesn't involve anything affecting our future plans," the spokesman said.

"It never helps your reputation to lose a lawsuit, but chances are it won't hurt them very much because it's not a very big deal now," said Sheldon Grodsky, director of research at Kenneth, Jerome & Co. in Florham Park, N.J. "That particular market [for 3080 memory] has diminished, and it's not a market for EMC today."

Minimal business

Sheldon Schenker, Cambex's chief financial officer, acknowledged that the 3080 business is minimal. However, he added that "we achieved justice. We also hope that customers will look at the findings

and make their own assessments."

Schenker claimed that EMC's 3080 business helped the company launch its more recent 3090 memory business, a market in which Cambex also competes. "Certainly they didn't do any stealing for the 3090s, but logic will tell you that what they did goes directly to 3090 business," he said.

Cambex's lawsuit was filed in 1987 and focused on a consultant, Richard Belanger, who was said to have worked for both Cambex and EMC on the development of their 3080 products.

According to Cambex, Belanger worked on microcode changes that were necessary for the IBM mainframes to recognize non-IBM memory. The microcode changes were actually licensed from another source, Allen-Mylard, Inc., in Broomall, Pa., but required additional fine-tuning, which was Belanger's job. Cambex claims the consultant took that fine-tuning to EMC.

EMC maintains that the microcode changes had been available from various other sources.

"There was nothing that was their property," EMC spokesman Brian Fitzgerald said. "The material involved is available from a number of different sources."

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Hitachi shows general-purpose neural computer

BY JOHANNA AMBROSIO
CW STAFF

NEW YORK — Hitachi Ltd. demonstrated a neural computer at its technology fair held here last week. But the computer is not going to be commercially available for at least two years, Hitachi executives said.

The computer is in "an experimental stage," said Yasuhiro Takoda, general manager at Hitachi's Central Research Laboratory in Tokyo.

Modeled after the human brain, the computer has 1,152 connected "neurons," which act as learning capacitors. These work with a traditional microprocessor to perform up to 2.3 billion operations per second.

Because of water-scale integration and other advances in semiconductor technology, all the neurons and the machine's microprocessor are contained in a cabinet that measures 1 foot high by 8.3 in. wide by 9 in. deep.

Uses humanlike intuition

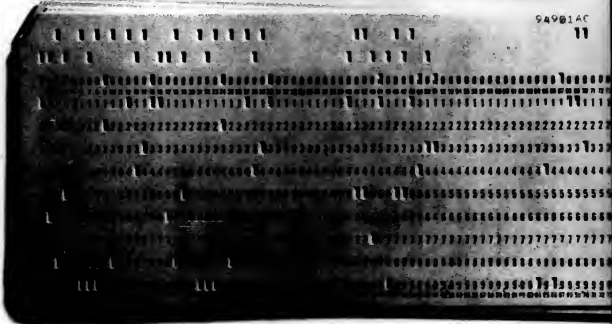
Hitachi is calling this a "general-purpose" computer that is meant for tasks such as stock price prediction and signature verification, which require humanlike intuition.

Like the human brain, this computer will be able to learn quickly and build on its knowledge base because of all the built-in neurons, Hitachi said.

According to Takoda, the computer will be available in Japan in about two years, with U.S. availability sometime after.

The Hitachi neural computer represents an advancement over a neural computer Hitachi announced in September 1989 that had 576 neurons.

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BY SALLY CUSACK
CW STAFF

CARY, N.C. — SAS Institute, Inc. last week released a version of the SAS System optimized to tap into the memory potential under IBM's OS/2 operating environment.

The SAS Applications System Under OS/2 supports Release 1.2 and higher of OS/2 for Standard and Extended Editions using Presentation Manager.

Introduced in 1976, the SAS System is an integrated software package for mapping, analyzing and presenting data. It operates across a variety of vendor hard-

ware platforms, including those from IBM and Digital Equipment Corp.

Danny Wu, systems manager at the Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center's Biostatistics Department in New York, said the SAS OS/2 release eliminates the memory constraints he experienced with the package under MS-DOS. His department uses SAS on DEC VAX/VMS machines and MS-DOS computers to run programs on biomedical survival analysis.

Other users agreed that the additional memory capabilities in the OS/2 version are necessary for many of their applications.

Michael Virnig, senior scientist at the Grand Metropolitan Technology Center in Minneapolis, said the OS/2 environment "seemed like a better fit for our applications."

The technology center conducts research for Pillsbury Co. and other food manufacturers and was previously running SAS software on an IBM 4381. After deciding to eliminate the larger machine, Virnig said, "We had to find a new home for our applications, and at the time, one-third to one-half of the processor was used for SAS."

Virnig added that the company did not want a minicomputer, choosing to take advantage of an application that could run on its existing 300-user Novell, Inc. Network local-area network instead.

The SAS Applications System Under OS/2 interfaces many native OS/2 functions, including Dynamic Data Exchange, Named Pipes and Unnamed Pipes. The software supports the IBM Personal System/2 and compatibles and can run on several LANs.

First-year licensing fees for the product range from \$695 for one workstation to \$9,695 for 100 workstations.

CA in legal tiff with ex-employee

BY JOHANNA AMBROSIO
CW STAFF

MINEOLA, N.Y. — Computer Associates International, Inc. filed a lawsuit against a former employee who recently left to start his own firm. The suit, filed on Nov. 9, came to light last week.

The lawsuit claims that Payman Pouladje, formerly a vice president of research and development at CA, breached his employment and other contracts, which stated that he would not solicit current CA employees to join his new firm. The CA complaint says Pouladje has been "actively soliciting" CA employees "since at least" August.

In mid-October, Pouladje left CA to form Softbox, Inc., based in Huntington, N.Y., which plans to sell cooperative processing tools. The other Softbox principal is William Habermas, a CA co-founder who left the firm two years ago.

The suit does not name Habermas or Softbox as defendants.

"It's a laughably frivolous suit. It's not winning they're after; their legal department is quite active, and you can infer whatever you want from that," Pouladje said.

The suit was brought because of a "personal problem" that CA executives have "with my leaving," Pouladje claimed.

Pouladje charged that a third person, also a CA vice president, had been "coerced" into staying at CA "through strong-arm tactics by high-level CA executives." The unidentified person had resigned from CA shortly after Pouladje left, he said, only to wind up staying at CA. Through a spokesman, CA executives declined to comment on these charges. However, a CA attorney, Michael McElroy, said, "There have been no strong-arm tactics. That simply isn't true." He disputed Pouladje's version, saying that the unidentified vice president "had never tendered his resignation. He had rejected [Pouladje's] offer."

CA's suit seeks a permanent injunction against Pouladje's solicitation of CA employees. No monetary damages, besides the cost of the legal action, are sought. A hearing about whether to grant a temporary restraining order will be held this Friday.

Pouladje said the suit will not interfere with Softbox's ability to operate. "The suit is obviously not helping us, but it won't put us out of business. We have personal capital to last us until we get products off the shelf."

Softbox's workstation components are almost done, he said, and the company is now seeking a partner, either a software vendor or a user organization, to work with on the mainframe side.

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TECH TALK

Warmed-over chip

■ Researchers at the University of Wisconsin at Madison and Sandia National Laboratories in Albuquerque, N.M., have developed what they said is the world's first high-temperature superconducting transistor. The device, called a superconducting flux-flow transistor, has been coupled with passive microwave components to create circuits, said David Ginsley, Sandia's supervisor of semiconductor research. The transistor operates at minus 320 degrees Fahrenheit.

Model modeler

■ Spatial Technology, Inc. in Boulder, Colo., recently said that its new Release 1.2 version of ACIS Geometric Modeler will be the first solid modeler designed as a tool kit for virtually any computer-aided design and manufacturing application and the first hardware and software independent geometric modeler to run on platforms ranging from Intel Corp. 80386-based personal computers to the IBM RISC System/6000 engineering workstation. Among the enhancements to the new release are multistage Boolean operations, never before available in geometric modelers, that provide an architecture for highly customized surface construction routines. The new release is expected to be available in the second quarter of 1991.

Tiny but super

■ Trident Microsystems, Inc., a Sunnyvale, Calif., developer of very large-scale integration chips, introduced a custom designed Super Video Graphics Array chip last week that is the smallest on the market, the company said. The new chip, called the TVGA8900C, features 1,024-by-768-pixel resolution with 256 colors in interlaced and noninterlaced mode. The more efficient use of space on the chip allowed the firm's engineers to add more features to the chip. The new chip is slated to ship in February.

It's a whole new HDTV ball game

High-definition TV still front and center, but digital tech has shaken up the rosters

BY MICHAEL ALEXANDER
OF STAFF

High-definition television (HDTV), which promises to deliver the quality of motion pictures and compact disc sound to homes and businesses alike, has been viewed as the last competitive battleground for U.S. electronics manufacturers. Give up HDTV development to Japanese and European competitors and with it will go a wide range of technologies and industries dependent on high-resolution displays, several manufacturers have argued.

That was then, and this is now. Today, HDTV is still being touted as the final bastion for U.S. industry, but it is no longer the same HDTV. Instead of being based on analog technology, HDTV systems now being proposed or under development will be either partly or entirely digital transmission systems. What is more, digital technology is being hailed as a way for U.S. companies to leapfrog offshore competition and take the lead in custom chip design, high-resolution displays and many other areas.

Digital video technology for HDTV and other applications was thought to be three to five years away. However, in June, General Instruments Corp. stunned rival HDTV proponents when it unexpectedly submitted a completely digital HDTV system for Federal Communications Commission evaluation. This impelled Philips Telecommunications N.V., Thomson SA in France, SRI International's David Sarnoff Research Center and NBC to form a consortium to also introduce a completely digital system. Zenith Electronics Corp. has proposed a system partly based on digital technology.

FCC testing HDTV

Two weeks ago, the FCC said it would begin testing HDTV systems in April 1991 as a preliminary to deciding on a standard. The FCC has winnowed 22 proposed systems down to six; three of those systems use digital technology. The FCC said it planned to decide on an HDTV standard in the spring of 1993.

"That may be rushing things," said Peter McCloskey, president of the Electronic Industries Association. McCloskey last week delivered the opening remarks at the Second International Workshop on Digital Video Communications, sponsored by the Electronic Industries Association and the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. in Cambridge, Mass. The remarkable advances in digital compression techniques have changed the whole ballpark.

Up to this point, the FCC and the Bush administration have been criticized for not taking a more active role in fostering research and development

for HDTV systems. Now, HDTV proponents say the FCC's lack of action has allowed time not only for digital video systems to emerge but also for allowing its proponents to hammer out standards for compression and transmission as well as resolving other issues that the technology raises.

"The U.S. has taken, some would say by accident, an approach that makes economic sense," said Sidney Topol, former chairman of Scientific Atlanta, Inc. and now a fellow at the John F. Kennedy School of Government. "Our approach to choose a set of

would not fly with consumers who have traditionally shied away from self-contained, multipurpose appliances. While TV and computers use similar technology, it is doubtful consumers would want one set to "do income tax work and watch NFL football," Topol said.

HDTV is about much more than watching movies at home, speakers at the conference said. One panelist in a session on digital video broadband services and applications suggested dropping HDTV in favor of "high-resolution imaging," which he said "reflects the view that HDTV is more than



▲ Weinstein foresees "HDTV on workstations before home TV sets"

McCloskey notes "remarkable advances in digital compression" ▶

transmission standards for terrestrial, satellite, telephone and cable companies will win out.

The notion that Japan and Europe are ahead of the U.S. in HDTV is untrue, Topol said. "The HDTV picture is chaos and confusion in Europe," with as many differences as there are national boundaries. In Japan, where HDTV was launched earlier this year, the technology is not economically sound, in part because the TVs cost several thousand dollars and are beyond reach of all but the most affluent consumers, Topol said.

There are economic, political and societal issues that must be resolved before HDTV's launch here, Topol and other conference speakers said.

Tuning in 'telecomputers'

TV manufacturers here are wrestling with the notion of developing a hybrid of TV and computers, which some call "telecomputers," designed to be used with digital video systems. Those HDTV proponents are pushing for modular — or open architecture — TV sets that can be tailored to individual tastes such as personal computers. Topol said that a TV-computer



Photo by Steve Johnson

about television."

HDTV is the "foundation technology" for a wide range of industrial, professional, commercial and educational applications," said Stephen Weinstein, division manager of systems integration research at Bellcore. Nonentertainment applications based on high-quality video are likely to debut well before the first consumers tune in to HDTV broadcasts on big-screen TV sets, he added. "We'll see HDTV on workstations before home TV sets."

The nation's telecommunications carriers are particularly interested in digital video technology because fiber optics will be one of the key delivery systems for HDTV and a whole host of multimedia services still on the drawing board, said Mark Lee, manager of strategic program development at Northern Telecom, Inc.



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EDITORIAL

Self-justification

NO MATTER WHAT your business, no matter what your industry, ask yourself this question: Do you believe that the margins in your company will increase during the next 10 years?

That's what author, lecturer and information systems guru Peter Keen asked of the crowd at last week's annual *Computerworld Premier 100* awards dinner. Not a single hand went up.

He then said, "Raise your hand if you believe your company will *not*, in the next decade, be involved in a merger, acquisition or major reorganization." Again, not a single hand went up.

The obvious conclusion? We are in a period of tremendous change and uncertainty in which prosperity across the board will be viewed as a phenomenon of the 1980s. And in the midst of this angst-filled era, the capital requests of IS management in corporate America are consuming 50% of all capital outlays, according to Keen.

Is it any wonder that the understanding gap, addressed on the opposite page by a former chief information officer, Ron Brazinski, has re-emerged as an issue? Here we have IS soaking up huge amounts of money which, if it weren't spent, could drop to the bottom line. And if these outlays aren't going to increase margins — the lifeblood of U.S. business — then why spend so much?

The cost-justification process is getting even more complex, as Brazinski explains. Formerly, the IS manager had to educate the chief executive officer about the value of mainframes, shortening project life cycles and other fairly tangible items.

But in today's technology environment, the justification pertains to fuzzier items such as enterprise networks to foster work-group productivity (try that one on the CEO). Meanwhile, the CEO picks up the *Harvard Business Review* and reads the words of Max Hopper, head of IS at American Airlines, who writes that the era of using IS for competitive advantage is, for all practical purposes, past.

Whew. Nice things to consider as you're preparing those capital expenditure requests.

Keen and Brazinski, as well as many other veteran IS watchers, do agree that only dialogue can save what at times could be a wholesale gutting of IS, with Brazinski arguing that two out of every five of a CIO's work hours should be spent essentially explaining what he's doing.

For Keen, the task is even more daunting. Somehow the CIO must change the CEO's mindset from thinking of the IS investment as overhead to something far more strategic.

Ultimately, the CEO is asked to take a great leap of faith into an area that will likely always remain far beyond his ken. As with any other act of faith, the bottom line is trust in someone else, trust built on a record of forthright communication. That is why Brazinski's suggestion that you spend as much as 40% of your time validating your existence deserves serious consideration.



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Eye on standards

Jeff Angus' article on standards [CW, Oct. 29] is nonsense. His central thesis is that standards enforce some sort of mediocre mean, but the concept of a mean value has no meaning for most of the issues dealt with by standards. How do you calculate the mean of a graphical user interface standard or of a communications protocol?

Without interface standards, systems cannot communicate with systems, and there will be no chance for synergistic leverage as the number of systems increases in this post-Babel world. Instead, creativity will be slowly strangled by the sheer effort of moving data around.

Standards are not the easy option; they have to be enforced because the easy option is rarely the best option. Abandoning standards is just another example of the short-sighted, short-term focus that has become fashionable in the last decade.

If Mr. Angus wants an educational metaphor for standards-setting, then the appropriate one is that of an examination with a failing grade for those efforts that don't shape up.

Andrew Raybold
Jersey City, N.J.

Abort...

In regard to your article "Abort, retry, ignore — truth about the PC age" [CW, Nov. 5] there is a solution to your problem of finding what seems to be a user-friendly computer: Apple Computer, Inc.'s Macintosh.

IBM vs. Mac — Insert a raw disk into an IBM-compatible personal computer and the system will grind confusingly to a halt

and produce the message "Abort, Retry, Fail?"

Insert a raw disk into a Mac, and lo and behold, it will understand: "Hmmm. This disk isn't initialized. Do you want me to initialize it for you and then verify it?"

MIS: Macintosh Interface Superiority. Get the hint?

Brian Marantz
Project Manager, Mac EIS
Fluor Daniel Inc.
Irvine, Calif.

Retry...

Glenn Rifkin's "Abort, retry, ignore — truth about the PC age" [CW, Nov. 5] is probably more on target than the industry wants to admit.

It has been my experience that while there are selected individuals who could be classified as "power users," the vast majority of personal computer users know how to turn it on and run their application well and have some minimal knowledge of two to three other PC applications. "Their application" may be a PC database application or financial projections in a spreadsheet, but beyond that, most PC users are not proficient in multiple applications.

Pick up any set of manuals for spreadsheet or word processing software and you will likely be faced with at least four inches of documentation. The truth is that there are immense amounts of information to be consumed in each application. Most people are consumed with the real work of their day-to-day jobs and do not have the time to learn how to manipulate their application software. Rifkin's "PC marvel" and information center staffs learn through the experi-

ence of helping others; their work is to learn the applications. They are not geniuses; it is just their job.

The world is comprised mostly of Glenn Rifkin and, unfortunately, the marketing hype about user friendliness far exceeds reality.

The PC industry is a long way from providing ease of use that matches that of a TV remote control.

Ray Thomas
D/FW Computer Alliance
Fort Worth, Texas

Ignore

I was amused by Glenn Rifkin's comments on the novice's approach to the personal computer [CW, Nov. 5]. Maybe five or six years ago they would have been novel or cute enough to warrant inclusion in *Computerworld*. Just what small dark corner of the "Information Age" has been documented?

Is he really trying to tell us that IBM JCL is easier to learn than PC DOS? That a System/38 has a friendlier user interface than a PC?

Stick with Donna Reed, Glenn. It's no surprise to me that you escape to the television.

Thorne Perry
Lake Bluff, Ill.

Computerworld welcomes comments from its readers. Letters may be edited for brevity and clarity and should be addressed to Bill Leberer, Editor in Chief, Computerworld, P.O. Box 917, 375 Conchata Road, Framingham, Mass. 01701. Fax number: (508) 875-8931; MCI Mail: COMPUTERWORLD. Please include a phone number for verification.

Plug the understanding gap

RON BRZEZINSKI



"What do you feel is the key barrier to the chief information officer's success?" Coopers & Lybrand recently posed this question to 200 chief executive officers and chief financial officers. Their answer: Lack of peer understanding of the information systems department's mission.

Just when we thought that senior executives were in tune with the IS department, the understanding gap is returning. Senior management's comfort with information technology and understanding of how it benefits the business may be returning to 1970s levels.

New questions are being asked of the CIOs, such as, "What is network computing? Why are you spending so much on something called CASE? What is information re-engineering all about?"

As technology becomes more embedded in the business processes, senior management must have answers, understanding, knowledge and the confidence to "partner" with the CIO in finding ways to exploit, apply, sponsor and fund new technologies to benefit the business.

Brzezinski is a senior vice president at Coopers & Lybrand in New York.

IS executives have worked for 30 years to close the understanding gap between business and technology. The gap was almost closed in the late 1980s, after the introduction of the personal computer. For a short time, the CIO's purpose and function had gained peer acceptance in the organization.

The gap now appears to be widening again because the rate of technological change is increasing faster than non-technological management's ability to keep up. Robert Allen, AT&T's CEO, once said, "Open a piece of optic fiber and see a slice of America going about its business."

Allen's statement illustrates how dramatically information technology impacts business, education, entertainment and all aspects of our lives. CIOs who have lived through understanding gaps know that it is essential to concentrate on closing the gap again.

CIOs are facing a new challenge in attempting to restructure business processes using new information technologies.

Restructuring is a complex task, and large systems integration projects touch all functions of the business. Organizational change and customer and vendor relationships require senior and

peer management "sponsorship." Senior management's understanding of how and when technology should be used in the business is key to the CIO's success.

This is not a rehash of 5-year-old issues. Although the message is essentially the same, the reasons and the potential solutions are different.



Doni Saper

In the past, we educated senior management about information technology to help explain growing budgets, project delays and changing mainframes. These subjects are generally well understood by senior management today. The new ques-

tions about networks, computer-aided software engineering, outsourcing and continuing technological change present new challenges.

Countless articles have appeared in the general business press during the past five years about the impact of technology on business. These articles raise the awareness level of senior management, but they also contribute to widening the understanding gap. The new technologies are explained in excruciat-

ing detail, but the business benefits require the CIO's interpretation and explanation.

What can be done? Suggestions for the CIO include the following:

- **Awareness** — Look around your company and see if the understanding gap is beginning to widen. The signs center on the types of questions being asked. What articles are of interest and how often are technology explanations required when discussing budgets, service levels and new projects?
- **Time allocation** — The CIO must invest significant personal time with peers and senior management to ensure that peers and senior management will be prepared and comfortable with the subject when it is time to "champion" the next technology wave. In general, less than 20% of the CIO's time is spent with other managers and senior executives. The CIO should begin to spend between 30% and 40% of his time with his business peers to prevent an understanding gap.
- **Themes** — One approach to help close the gap is to identify a "program theme" that can help explain the IS department's objectives and accomplishments for a two-year horizon. Themes help provide common reference points in our rapidly changing world.
- **Validation** — Continued monitoring of management's understanding and expectations is required. This is the key reason for allocating 30% to 40% of the CIO's time. Informal, one-on-one meetings will help ensure that peers understanding and support are in place when needed.

management's understanding and expectations is required. This is the key reason for allocating 30% to 40% of the CIO's time. Informal, one-on-one meetings will help ensure that peers understanding and support are in place when needed.

4GL vs. 3GL: A debate rages without meaning

KEITH HOWARD



Does anyone know a good veterinarian? One who will take the colicky fourth-generation language (4GL) vs. third-generation language (3GL) debate and mercifully put it to sleep?

This is a perennial senior campaign involving the vendors of 4GLs, whose marketing people were smart enough to seize a nomenclature that implies an evolutionary step in programming technology beyond their allegedly extinct ancestors, vs. the 3GL manufacturers, who insist that unless you write every last line of code yourself, your application will run like a dog. You will, they say, have burned the boat that

could have carried you to the promised land of open systems. Who is right, and who is wrong?

The first point to recognize about this debate is that it's not a legitimate debate at all.

It's like comparing a bus with a submarine and expending too much energy wrangling over which is the better vehicle.

Counter-evolutionary

The confusion stems from the term 4GL itself. The term 4GL has created a misconception that these products represent an evolutionary stage beyond 3GLs. After all, 4GLs are written in 3GLs so the conclusion is obvious. Are we to believe that 5GLs, whatever they might be, will be written in 4GLs? I'll bet the ranch they won't be. To un-muddy the waters, we have to start calling things by their proper names.

A 3GL is a full-service programming language offering its own unique level and style of abstraction of data and instruction

constructs. It is customized to service a specific niche in the data processing marketplace. C is customized to be a portable assembler, while Cobol is the programming *lingua franca* of business applications. Cobol's data types are tuned for people who balance their checkbooks in decimal, not hexadecimal.

A 4GL, on the other hand, is a partially built, tunable application. The user-tunable portions (I/O screens, data layout) try to be everything to as many applications as users commonly build. The elasticity of the tuning range is the limiting factor. For some users, that range may be sufficient; for others, it may not be.

4GLs also differ from 3GLs in that most of the major 4GL products ride on top of a relational database. They are expressly designed to front end such data repositories. Their affinity to relational database technology, in fact, is as cozy as SQL's. There's one difference worth noting, however: I haven't heard of anyone predicting that SQL will replace Fortran.

Some 4GL vendors now provide gateways to nonrelational repositories, and others are broadening their reach by offer-

ing the capability to call 3GL modules. 3GLs counter by supporting embedded SQL calls to access relational databases. SQL is a language in its own right, and blending its syntactic style with the control and data constructs of a host language does require some effort. Nevertheless, SQL enhances a 3GL by giving it the capability to execute multiple row updates, freeing it from its procedural one-record-at-a-time processing heritage.

A 4GL, on the other hand, can never become a 3GL, no matter how many gateways and hooks it provides. The underlying nature of the product is materially different.

Different families

Once we acknowledge that 4GLs and 3GLs are not from the same gene pool, we can end the senseless battering and examine the strengths that each product offers and how they might be combined to create a better tool.

The future portends the combination of the flexibility of general-purpose programming languages with ready-made, high-level service modules (screen protocols and persistent storage facilities) that can be configured in any way the user pleases.

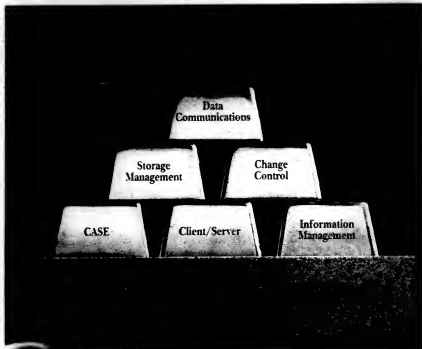
This, of course, is the object-oriented approach. The libraries of ready-made service modules or classes will be interoperable across different programming languages if the promise of open object orientation is truly fulfilled.

In the meantime, the 4GL vs. 3GL debate needs to be put to bed. Different beds. There's no litmus test that will unequivocally tell you which approach is right and will continue to be right for years ahead. If your application needs are not complex and you like to use your computer like a household appliance, then a partially built application with some tuning knobs will likely suffice.

If, on the other hand, you anticipate that new applications will keep up once you have captured the corporate data and you want the flexibility to embrace new technologies as they evolve, then you'd be better off selecting a 3GL. You can then evaluate software products and mix and match them with the 3GL as your application demands grow.

It is a frustrating reality of the computer industry that if you want the best application development tool, you should come back in 10 years.

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SYSTEMS & SOFTWARE

COMMENTARY

Johanna Ambrosio

Not-so-open open systems

Unix has been in the news a lot lately. Salomon Brothers and other users have adopted it, and vendors including NCR are betting their companies on it. Still, Unix remains pretty much a sleeper in the commercial sector. And there are several reasons for this beyond the much-talked-about "Unix wars" between competing industry factions.

First, there's no such thing as a truly open system, and there probably won't be in our lifetime. Second, vendors aren't pushing them because of economic factors. Last but not least, users don't want them—at least not right now.

Let's take each point. Today's Unix systems are open all right but only to a certain degree. You can mix and match computers from different vendors, and you can run the application on virtually any size computer you want. Those are the good things, because they allow for much greater flexibility and a more competitive environment, and the information systems manager wins.

But no such openness exists on the software side. Sure you can run the application wherever you want, but you're locked into it. Once you've written mission-critical applications in a fourth-generation language

Continued on page 29

U.S. House awaits relief from old IS technology

ON SITE

BY GARY H. ANTHERS
CW STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Linda K. Berdine may be among the few information systems managers who find professional inspiration in the words of Abraham Lincoln.

According to Berdine, Lincoln urged the development of telegraph systems spanning the Atlantic and connecting Washington to the national forts. "Such communications established with any reasonable outlay could be economical as well as effective aids," Berdine quoted the former president as having

told Congress in 1861.

Berdine, whose Capitol Hill office contains a number of Lincoln portraits, is looking for similar aids for 6,000 users of an antiquated patchwork

of applications that support the missions of the U.S. House of Representatives.

At the heart of the House's information systems is the Member Information Network, which consists of dozens of independent databases on an IBM 3090-400J mainframe running MVS/ESA under CICS. Users access databases written for Software AG's Adabas and

IBM's Stairs and VSAM files. Databases include test from the "Congressional Record" and other publications, news wire services, past and current legislation, grants and contracts, committee schedules and hearings, voting records, federal laws, the federal budget, economic and census statistics and much more. The network's 6,000 users typically log some 500,000 interactive sessions per day, Berdine said.

There are about 100 local-area networks on Capitol Hill for the House of Representatives, many of them surrounding Digital and Equipment Corp. VAXs and all festooned with dumb terminals, personal computers from IBM and Apple Computer, Inc. and Unix workstations. Most of the LANs reach the mainframe via a

campuswide Ethernet backbone.

The applications are hardly user-friendly. Users must individually log on and off of each database, and it is cumbersome to link or combine database queries. "We have 80 databases and 10- to 15-year-old technology. It's not fun," Berdine said.

Now, Integrated Systems and Information Services (ISIS) is to replace Member Information Network. ISIS is based on a client/server model in which local office systems become clients to the mainframe-based databases, the information servers.

Requests to the mainframe will flow through Sybase, Inc.'s Sybase SQL Server on Sun Microsystems. Inc. Sun-4/490 servers or Digital Equipment Corp. VAXs to an IBM RT gateway running Sybase Net Gateway, software for connecting

Continued on page 29

D&B plans receivables enhancement

BY SALLY CUSACK
CW STAFF

NATICK, Mass. — Dun & Bradstreet Software has committed to an enhancement for its D&B Accounts Receivable software system and has said that the revised version of the product is scheduled to be available in the first quarter of 1991.

The company has promised that the augmented package will include several items specifically requested by the user community, such as improvements to the product's aging and cash applications as well as several ease-of-use features.

Initially released as Millennium Accounts Receivable software by McCormack & Dodge in 1985, the software runs in IBM DOS/OS and MVS environments. A version that was developed exclusively to run on the Digital Equipment Corp. VAX computer series was released last month.

According to Scott Davey, national chairman of the D&B Software AR:M user group, the customers initially presented their requests to McCormack & Dodge, and after the merger, D&B Software concurred that enhancements to the package were indeed necessary.

"They've done a pretty good job of handling the requests that came through," Davey said, referring to D&B Software's response to user suggestions. He added that the vendor has completed with 70% to 80% of the items presented by the user group at that time.

The most important enhancement for the users, Davey said, is the revised Dynamic Aging portion of the software, whereby the program will identify on an ongoing basis just how much money has actually been collected on aged accounts.

"As the invoices are paid, it will reduce the bucket that the

invoice was in," Davey said. An aged account is defined as being between 30 to 60 days in arrears, and the software is designed to allow follow-up on aged account collections.

Other enhancements are said to include reworked portions of system reporting functions in an effort to make them faster and less resource-intensive.

Davey said that the upcoming release follows the usual enhancement request time frame of two years from concept to completion and predicted that the accounts receivable package will eventually work with IBM's DB2, although he said he does not see a large demand for a DB2-compatible version for at least five more years.

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Utility opts for Supra over DB2

BY ROSEMARY HAMILTON
CHICAGO

DES MOINES, Iowa — One of the key reasons that Iowa Power selected Cincom Systems, Inc.'s relational database management system over IBM's DB2 was because it wanted to call the shots, according to Nancy Jacobson, manager of data and security administration.

A second factor was the RDBMS's associated application development tool. Iowa Power wanted to license the two as a package and was not interested

in hunting around for the best DB2 third-party tool. The Cincom package of Supra and the application development system Mantis beat out IBM's DB2 and Cross System Product, which Iowa Power found difficult to use.

Although a DB2 choice would have given the company, which is a subsidiary of Midwest Resources, Inc., the benefits of using the leading mainframe RDBMS, it did not have the hardware platform options that Iowa Power wanted left open to it, Jacobson said.

These days, the Cincom system continues to give Iowa Power the flexibility it wants, Jacobson said. The company is currently finishing up the test run on the latest release of Supra, Cincom's RDBMS, which it will move into production early next year. It is also considering bringing in a Supra version for a Digital Equipment Corp. system and has looked at the local-area network version of Supra, which has not been officially released.

What is more, the company continues to run the software on an IBM 3081 mainframe. When

it reviewed DB2, IBM had recommended both a hardware and operating system upgrade to better accommodate the RDBMS, Jacobson said. Iowa Power was not interested in moving up to a 3090 and the ESA version of MV.

"The plus is the flexibility," Jacobson said. "We can state our own direction. DB2 has a corner on the market, but we felt we'd get cornered with it, too. We didn't want to get caught in a hardware trap because of our software choice."

However, Jacobson is also quick to point out that the lack of a thriving third-party market — which provides DB2 users with their choice of tools — continues

to be a downside to the Cincom system. Yet, she said, Cincom's stated goal is to make Supra 100% compatible with DB2, which should give the company access to some of the third-party tools. Mantis, she said, gets a thumbs-up from her staff for ease of use. The company has three Mantis-built applications in various stages of development.

"Mantis is easy to install," she said, "it did myself, and I try not to do tedious things."

In addition, support for both the RDBMS and application development tool comes from Cincom, which saves the firm the hassles of dealing with more than one vendor, Jacobson added.

Sierra Group: HP's New Wave for smart shoppers

BY I. A. SAVAGE
CHICAGO

Despite its requirement for more memory, a mouse and two types of personal computer software, Hewlett-Packard Co.'s New Wave application is "a bargain" when used in conjunction with an HP 3000 minicomputer, according to a recent report by The Sierra Group, Inc.

The report, called "Midrange Systems Cost of Ownership," noted that the features of New Wave, such as accessing data from open systems networks, as well as IBM's Professional Office System office automation system and a user-friendly graphical interface, would cost companies \$450 per user on a 100-user system. That cost includes a 1-Mbyte memory upgrade, Microsoft Corp.'s Windows, New Wave software and a mouse.

However, these numbers only account for 10% of users having full capability, including memory and networking, to use all of New Wave's capabilities, The Sierra Group's report said. This is the second time in two

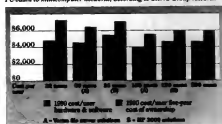
years that The Sierra Group, a Tempe, Ariz., market consulting firm, has run numbers on HP's New Wave software based on a client/server configuration.

The study noted that al-

though a significant increase in the workstation and PC requirements for client/server configurations ... HP's PC-based server configurations are somewhat more expensive. However, most of the HP configurations are less expensive this year, even with the more robust workstations specifications, "because of price sensitivity at the minicomputer or server level."

Smooth road

Hewlett-Packard has established a realistic growth path for migration from PC-based to minicomputer networks, according to Sierra Group research



Source: The Sierra Group

CHART DATED IN JULY

though only 10% of users would be set up to fully use New Wave, HP was not low-balling configurations to achieve a better cost of ownership. "Due in large part

The study noted that the cost of peripherals has "increased ... as a percentage of overall costs" for systems between eight and 32 users.

First LAN-based EIS released last week

BY SALLY CUSACK
CHICAGO

WALTHAM, Mass. — An executive information system (EIS), claimed to be the first entirely based on local-area network technology, was unveiled last week by Information Resources, Inc.

Called Express/EIS, the system runs on a personal computer or a LAN, the vendor said, and data can also reside on a mainframe or minicomputer platform.

According to Steve Rubinow, director of decision support services at The Quaker Oats Co. in Chicago, the company has been

beta-testing the software for approximately three months in an IBM environment.

"We want to be able to tie into many of the data sources around the company in real time, while integrating existing software applications into the EIS," Rubinow said.

Quaker Oats is running the front end using IBM Personal System/2s under DOS, which communicate with an IBM 3090-600 mainframe over Novell, Inc.'s Novell token-ring.

Rubinow anticipated that between 50 and 60 corporate executives will be accessing the system when it is fully operational.

The firm is currently working to tie in-house developed software, such as performance analysis and sales applications packages, into the EIS and is running certain program components on approximately 50 PCs scattered throughout the company.

The product incorporates a set of decision support software tools designed to allow users to work with a variety of data sources to track, analyze and respond to critical issues.

An Information Resources customer since 1987, Quaker Oats also uses the vendor's Express software system for applications development.

Users test Decbank tool

BY JOHANNA AMBROSIO
CHICAGO

NEW YORK — Remote management and isolation of users from data processing "mumbo jumbo" are key features cited by early users of Digital Equipment Corp.'s integrated family of software and services products for banks, which was announced two weeks ago.

Called Decbank, the family encompasses DEC hardware and communications products and adds integration software and a reasonable end-user interface. The integration layer allows banks to plug in their existing applications and bank-specific devices such as statement printers.

Decbank also links with a dozen or so existing off-the-shelf packages from third-party vendors. These packages range from teller applications to software for loan processing and management reporting.

"Decbank is a deliverable piece of software that allows banks to incorporate third-party applications, distribute data and incorporate a standard client/server architecture," said Bob Russell, vice president of Digital Services Industries. "We've been delivering this in pieces, but Decbank ties it all together."

The banking industry is DEC's fastest-growing market, with annual growth rates of more than 20%, Russell said. This year, DEC will earn approximately \$1.2 billion in revenue from this sector, he added.

The Express/EIS requires an Intel Corp. 80386-based platform with 4M bytes of memory, and 3M- to 10M-byte disk on each additional PC residing on the LAN.

In addition to the PC LAN-based environment, the software also operates several other architectures, including IBM MVS and VM, Digital Equipment Corp. VAX/VMS, Hewlett-Packard Co. MPE/XL and

Decbank, which runs under VMS. It also includes pricing DEC communications products such as Network Applications System and Decnet and links to other vendors' computers. Decbank uses DEC's relational database, RDB.

A Chemical bond

Chemical Banking Corp. in New York has positioned Decbank as the server component of its three-tier architecture. Decbank allows workstations in approximately 100 Chemical Bank branches to link to the bank's mainframes, according to James H. Kelley, vice president and group head of Chemical's information and technology services.

"We use Decbank as a giant server — for database, prior, local-area network and other types of functions, Kelley said. "It insulates the person in the branch from all the mumbo jumbo that data processing has created over the past 20 years."

Another Decbank user is Ameritrust Corp. in Cleveland. Robert C. Salpante, executive vice president of the Banking Services Group, said his organization will have Decbank in 100 branches by February.

"We've been able to integrate our existing teller machines and do remote management of them, something we could not do before," he said. Another plus is using standard computer paper to print forms instead of having to buy pre-printed forms, he added.

Prime Computer, Inc. Primos. LAN support includes Novell, 3Com Corp., IBM Token-Ring, Ethernet, Systems Network Architecture, asynchronous file synchronization, Banyan Systems, Inc. Virtual Networking Software.

Pricing starts at \$50,000, depending on system configuration and CPUs.

Express/EIS is currently available.

IS helps juvenile system

Wang 7150 allows courts to deal with increasing caseloads

ON SITE

BY SALLY CUSACK
CW STAFF

NEW YORK — Sourcing juvenile crime rates across the country are keeping court administrators, caseworkers and law enforcement officials working double duty to keep up with rapidly increasing caseloads.

To combat the ever-growing onslaught of data coordination and reporting requirements, the city of New York's Juvenile Justice Information Services (JJIS) division is working constantly to improve system services for its end users.

"If I have computer downtime, a kid who should be in jail could be on the streets," said Barry B. Edison, director of JJIS.

The department is responsible for servicing the computer information needs of all the New York boroughs. It currently relies on a Wang Laboratories, Inc. VS 7150 minicomputer as the hardware hub of its informational wheel.

The JJIS must track information from the point at which a child enters probation

The computer system itself uses a combination of Wang security and software security developed in-house, and it implements extensive, layered audit-trail facilities.

JJIS supports approximately 120 terminals across the city, with approximately 40 of those doubling as personal computers, Edison said.

In addition to the VS 7150 at headquarters, the department also uses a smaller Wang VS-6E to facilitate local-site data and word processing functions in

the Bronx Family Court. The VS-6E also communicates with the 7150 for general-purpose data processing and reporting.

Edison and his staff are busy linking computers together these days. The office is installing a Wang VS 5000 in the Queens Family Court and a VS-6 in the Manhattan Family Court.

"It's great having the minis out there," Edison said. "It reduces the number of phone lines coming in here, and each division can maintain independent word processing operations." The JJIS is replacing its multichannel service units with direct-dial lines, and the department depends on Wang's VSN protocol for both direct-transfer and point-to-point communications.

Describing the Wang computers as

"good, solid equipment," Edison said JJIS has also worked with systems from Digital Equipment Corp. and Prime Computer, Inc. and that he finds the VS line to be the "easiest to maintain and operate." He also added that the department is thinking of imaging as a possible vehicle for data entry and hopes to someday upgrade to the top-of-the-line Wang 10000.

And while the system protects the rights of juveniles, its communication and tracking capabilities also serve to protect the general population, Edison said.

"If a kid commits a crime in Manhattan on Monday, is bailed out and is picked up for performing another crime on Tuesday, we know. That information is entered immediately for access and used by the agencies we serve," Edison said.

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IF I HAVE computer downtime, a kid who should be in jail could be on the streets."

BARRY B. EDISON
JJIS

through sentencing completion. Relevant data and required documentation must be coordinated with client history profiles, and absolute privacy must be guaranteed under the laws protecting juvenile defendants. The system also maintains all family-related court counsel information and tracks data on periods of actual detention.

The organization's two main applications — corporation counsel and probation — were tailored from a case management system developed by Inslaw, Inc., a company based in Washington, D.C. According to Edison, the JJIS leased two versions of the Inslaw Promis tracking system software and customized it to serve the needs particular to the JJIS and its client agencies.

Databases from the various software systems can be merged, Edison said, but due to the delicate nature of the data, this can be done only if special authorization is given.

Because a juvenile's right to privacy is so strictly protected on federal, state and local government levels, all hard copy is shredded after output, and other information is kept sealed. The JJIS data center littered with piles of large, transparent plastic bags stuffed with shredded reports.

"We produce tremendous amounts of reports for our user agencies, ranging from one to thousands of pages, on both a weekly and monthly basis," Edison said. JJIS compiles requests from the police department, the district attorney's office, the department of probation and other government agencies.

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Ambrosio

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 25

(4GL) or you begin to use a certain database management system, that's it. You're locked into that DBMS or 4GL. It doesn't matter whether the operating system is DOS, Unix, MVS or something that hasn't been invented yet. One cannot change these decisions without a major migration effort, and the promise of open systems does not yet include this ability.

Many factors work against this truly open environment ever becoming a reality. There is no economic advantage for vendors to provide this, because they will have a dilemma of a time differentiating their wares. This is already happening,

and that's why virtually every vendor that supports Unix will have a different version.

Not only will the operating system be tuned to their particular hardware, but the version offered by each vendor will be different enough to make switching to another Unix version a decision that most IS folks will want to think about. Even though the versions will be "compatible," there will almost certainly be tweaking required by users. And as we all know in the software world, it's the little things that can kill you.

On the user side, I don't know many IS shops that really want to change their mission-critical systems all that often. The freedom to do this might be nice, if for no other reason than to hold it as a

threat over the head of an uncooperative vendor. However, the reality remains that software acquisition is a decision that is not made lightly. Committees are formed, permission sought from top executives and budget constraints worked out. It is a lengthy, exhaustive process.

Implementing software is even less easy — especially given that with most large applications, there is a healthy degree of customization. What you wind up with is a hybrid of off-the-shelf and homegrown software, and most users would not want to go through this any more than they absolutely have to.

So, to paraphrase Gertrude Stein, an operating system is an operating system. Most users look at Unix as just another operating system to deal with, and unless

they have a specific application for Unix, they will wait. And we all know how plentiful commercial Unix applications are. Then, too, there are the political implications for users. Cynics say that most IS shops naturally fight the move to open systems because the need for IS "priests" would be lessened, as would the political clout of IS. A lot of IS executives will dispute this by saying that the move to personal computers — open systems of sorts — has proved how needed IS is after all. And more than one IS manager has said that the move to open systems has made him or her a hero because of the flexibility these systems provide.

Still, I find it interesting that a quarter of a century after the advent of computing, we're moving from a hardware-dependent industry to a software-dependent one. I don't know how long it will take to achieve total independence, but without more users pushing for it, we may never know.

Ambrosio is Computerworld's Mid-Atlantic area correspondent.

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U.S. House

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 25

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol to Systems Network Architecture LU6.2 and for mapping client requests to CICS transactions. The requests then go to-by-hybrid's Open Server for CICS on the mainframe, which processes them, retrieving data and sending the results back downstream.

The ability to easily retrieve information from different types of files and databases and move it to different types of systems will be the basis of ISIS, according to database administrator James Daly. "What makes it all work for us are the net gateway products (on the RT and mainframe) that open up the mainframe to all these different client platforms."

The two Sybase products allow the House to avoid much of the cost of rewriting applications and converting files and databases, Daly said. "It allows us to use technology that spans many years. And it allows us to have nice [graphical user interfaces] on the Macs while leaving the old mainframe front ends unchanged."

Windowing and the ability to link the databases will give users enormous new powers, Berdine said. "Members' press secretaries sometimes have to put together speeches in minutes. Now they'll be able to click on pieces of a bill and move them into a speech."

ISIS consists of logical bundles of applications that Berdine calls "workbenches"; one each for the executive, legislative, committee, press and analytical functions. Two applications in the executive workbench will be operational next month, and all of ISIS is due for completion in 1993.

Berdine would not say what ISIS will cost, but she said she is keeping costs down by using much off-the-shelf software and relying entirely on her own staff of 240 programmers and analysts.

Berdine said the House is becoming hungry for technology, even for the rather cumbersome tools offered by the existing MIV system.

"We had 560 people logged onto the system on election night. Two years ago, everyone used to telephone us for information," she said.



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Ingres gateway product attracted Ask

BY JEAN S. BOZMAN
CIVILIAN

MOUNTAIN VIEW, Calif. — When Ask Computer Systems, Inc. acquired Ingres Corp. in October, it gained several key technical tools to be used in Ask's next-generation application soft-

ware products.

Prime among these are the Ingres "gateway" products and Ingres tools that, when used in combination, will link Ask applications on Unix, Digital Equipment Corp. and Hewlett-Packard Co. computers with corporate databases running on

IBM mainframes.

"Ask didn't pay all that money just to protect the Ingres database engine on which they're basing their new products," said the president of Chicago-based Performance Computing, Inc., Rich Finkelstein, who is evaluating the Ingres gateways. "They

are looking for a way to expand their business, and Ingres' fourth-generation language tools are extremely good, state-of-the-art technology."

So far, the Ask/Ingres gateways link Ask/Ingres applications to DEC's RMS and RDB databases and to IBM's IMS and DB2 databases. However, more gateways are on the way, including one for Tandem Computers,

Inc.'s Nonstop SQL database, Ask Chief Executive Officer Sandra Kurtzig said.

Ingres' gateway products, officially announced in October, have been used as host interfaces for 10 months. Used in conjunction with Ingres tools and the Ingres/Star and Ingres/Net networking products, the gateways push Ask applications, developed with Ingres tools, into mixed-vendor environments.

One part of the Ingres gateway resides on a DEC computer or a Unix machine, while the other resides on the IBM mainframe. According to Ask, users do not need to run an Ingres database management system to use the gateway product; they only need to write the application using Ingres tools.

An Ingres demonstration shows that the mapping to DB2 is so complete that IBM's DB2 error messages appear on the Unix or DEC user's screen. That kind of functionality, analysts said, appears to be unique among the gateways offered by DBMS vendors.

Still questions

"There are major performance issues to be faced," Finkelstein said. "You can use these gateways to access remote databases, but I'm interested in seeing how these products work in user sites, handling large and complex transactions."

Until the new gateway products are widely deployed, however, some analysts question the range of functionality in the Ingres gateway code. "A gateway product can always translate SQL into a series of commands that would update an IMS database. The question is: Will they work efficiently?" asked Herb Edelstein, a partner at Euclid Associates, Inc. in Berkeley, Calif.

ICI Pharmaceuticals Group in Wilmington, Del., has been using an Ingres Gateway since September. The gateway is used in a production application linking a DEC Vaxcluster to an IBM 3090 Model 600 mainframe running DB2.

The ICI application allows users to create ad hoc queries from DEC terminals and run them against sales data stored under the DB2 relational DBMS. Other vendors' gateway products can query DB2 for information, but most of these products, with the exception of Sybase, Inc.'s DB2 gateway, cannot do so in real time.

"We had been displeased with the kind of development tools available for DB2. Now, we're able to leverage our Ingres expertise to run real-time queries against the corporate sales database," said Aidan Farrell, manager of technology development at the ICI unit. Previously, batch updates to the IBM mainframe had limited ICI users' database queries to preprogrammed formal reports.

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IDC WHITE PAPER

*Information Systems:
The Next 10 Years*

11,250,000

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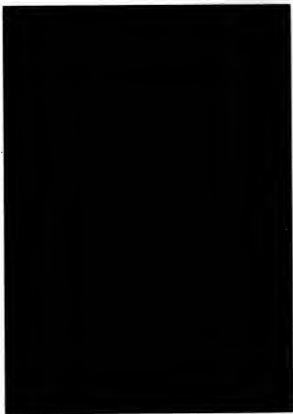
Each working day of the year, Hitachi, Ltd. invests over \$11 million in research and development alone. Some 60% of this figure is related to information technology. Including the technology of Hitachi Data Systems, which draws from the Hitachi, Ltd. staff of 16,000 employees in 35 laboratories.




IDC White Paper

INFORMATION SYSTEMS: THE NEXT 10 YEARS

AN IDC WHITE PAPER FOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT







WITH THE AMOUNT OF MONEY SPENT ON IT OVER
THE LAST 10 YEARS, I COULD HAVE BOUGHT TOYOTA
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—FORMER GENERAL MOTORS CHAIRMAN ROGER SMITH

INFORMATION SYSTEMS: THE NEXT 10 YEARS

OVER THE NEXT 10
YEARS, MAINFRAME
COMPUTERS WILL CON-
TINUE TO PROVIDE
CORPORATE-WIDE
ACCESS, CONNECTIVITY,
CONTROL AND MAN-
AGEMENT OF INVALU-
ABLE CORPORATE DATA

ASSETS IN THE INCREASINGLY COMPETITIVE BUSI-
NESS CLIMATE OF THE '90s, MAINFRAMES WILL DO
THIS BY ANSWERING THE CALL FOR DISTRIBUTED
PROCESSING POWER OVER WORLDWIDE NETWORKS.
THAT IS WHAT THEY WILL DO; WHAT THEY WILL NOT
DO IS GO AWAY. ■ CONSIDER, AS AN EXAMPLE OF
THIS URGENT NEW "EXTENDED ENTERPRISE" ENVI-
RONMENT, A TYPICAL HIGH TECH MANUFACTURING

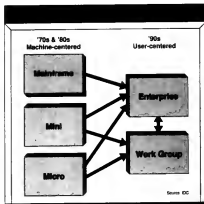
company with headquarters in the northeastern United States. Its manufacturing operations are centered in Asia. Its subcontracted design work is done in Ireland. Sales offices are sprinkled around the world with coordination in San Francisco. Research and Development is in Germany. A truly global operation. Corporate IS is responsible for ensuring the smooth, secure and timely transfer of sensitive company data across all these far-flung locales. In reality, that means seamlessly linking dozens of different systems and networks that are subject to different government regulatory restrictions. Mainframes make this sprawling international operation work by acting as hubs that connect the various locations.

In the late '80s, data processing architectures were compressed from three tiers to two. The machine-oriented dominions of mainframes, minicomputers and PCs were broken down and reformed into user-oriented enterprise and work-group domains. This new architectural focus has received various labels, including "cooperative processing" and "client/server" computing. No matter what it is called, traditional mainframes will play the central role in its operation.

THE DATA WAREHOUSE

The mainframes of 1995 will be characterized as data vaults or warehouses for the enterprise. These huge providers of services will control communications, provide security, and manage data access and throughput for a system of interlocking databases. This will lead to a high level of diverse database integration, enhanced system integrity, and in the end, a cost-effective array of hardware, software and personnel.

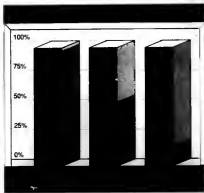
Despite the much-publicized movement toward downsizing, few companies expect to erase the need for large mainframes any time in the near future. In fact, the strategic plans of most large organizations run to the contrary. The reallocation of selected processing, and in some cases selected control, to workstation-based, end-user depart-



Mainframes are poised to play the leading role in the new computing architectures of the '90s.

ments is generating an increased workload for mainframes. This shows the role of mainframes is becoming more, not less, important. There are several reasons:

- At the high end of the processing-power scale, large mainframes cannot be readily and cost-effectively matched by incremental additions of small processors. This is especially true in high-volume transaction processing.



Tending to an increasingly computer-literate end-user population will become a major preoccupation with MIS staffs by 1998.

- Mainframes have sophisticated security mechanisms for both access of data resources and secured transmission of sensitive, valuable data.

- Formal and standardized procedures and products for reliable backup and recovery on mainframes have been developed over the years, insuring system integrity. The lack of these procedures and products is the most frequent cause of failure for distributed networks linking smaller machines.

- Mainframes provide the automated control and integration of storage devices as well as other, peripherals and resources necessary to carry on a global business.

- Mainframes provide system control and all-important auditing facilities that maintain data, applications and operating system integrity.

THE CHALLENGE OF PERSONAL COMPUTERS

Since their introduction in the early '80s, personal computers have been touted as "mainframe killers." It is true that, mentally, the growth of power in the form of millions of instructions per second (MIPS) has increased much more rapidly in personal computers than in mainframes.

This remarkable growth in raw processing power played a major role in the migration of specific applications from mainframes to smaller machines such as personal computers.

PCs have several distinct competitive advantages over mainframes:

- They are easier to learn, easier to install and easier to use, particularly for the non-IT professional.

- Relative to mainframe computing power, personal computers can provide a very cost-effective solution for certain types of standalone or departmental processing such as spread sheets, word processing or application development.

- Hardware and software prob-

Information Systems: The Next 10 Years

tems on PCs require relatively lower maintenance skills which are widely available.

However, while PCs are very powerful when properly applied to the appropriate problem, they are not viable alternatives to mainframes for jobs that require robust security, task interleaving with other data processing jobs, and high rates of transaction processing. There are many recent examples of corporate data processing jobs that were offloaded to PC networks. Within months, MIS directors were asked to recapture and reschedule these jobs back to mainframes due to poor security, and the difficulty in administering, managing and repairing local area networks (LANs). Few organizations have realized the optimal organizational structure required to properly and successfully support distributed processing across LANs.

NEEDS OF THE '90s

Long gone are the days of 15% annual staff growth with salary increases to match. If anything, staff reductions are the order of the day. Commercial data processing departments are realizing that the work force needed to support large computing systems must be closely controlled and, in many cases, reduced. Further, retained personnel are being asked to expand their expertise and work toward achieving the objectives of the core business.

In these lean times, both MIS managers and vendors are faced with a paradox. Corporate management says the computing complexity can increase as long as personnel and training required to support and manage it declines. Given this new criterion for buying computers, hardware vendors will be under constant pressure to provide more cost-effective systems.

The computer processor environment over the next five to 10 years will continue on its heterogeneous path. Along this path, corporate data processing departments are moving into an era of hardware specialization. They are dedicating mainframes to the management of very specific business situations such as automated teller machines, on-line transaction processing (OLTP) and batch processing. It is not unusual for each of these dedicated processors to come from different vendors. Therefore, the challenge is to maintain multi-vendor hardware solutions with limited staff.

MAINFRAME MARKET DYNAMICS

In a recent IDC survey of 75 senior MIS managers with IBM 3090-class mainframes, respondents were asked to discuss their plans for acquiring large computers over the next three years. Of those who are planning an acquisition during that time period, 58% are considering IBM, but models other than the newly-announced ES/9000 series. Nineteen percent are considering a plug-compatible manufacturer (PCM) solution from vendors such as Hitachi Data Systems (HDS) or Amdahl. Twenty-three percent are considering a non-IBM-compatible mainframe or Unix acquisition. The fact that large-processor users are expressing an early, tentative

Prior to the fall of 1990, a period that saw several important announcements concerning mainframe technology, the mainframe market shares for the leading vendors were:

IBM	66%
Unisys	17%
Amdahl	9%
Hitachi Data Systems	9%
Bull HW	2%
Control Data	1%

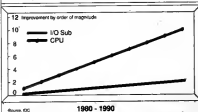
The 1990 competition picked up during June when HDS announced the industry's fastest processor, the model EX-420. The EX-420 is rated at approximately 150 MIPS. This introduction was followed in short order by rapid-fire announcements from Amdahl, Fujitsu and IBM. This series of announcements virtually re-structured mainframe technology.

The new machine families offer dramatically new features and functions with the promise of even more advanced features over the next several years. HDS seems to have come out a winner in this new-product derby as 16% of survey respondents say their companies are now planning on buying HDS machines. Otherwise, the introductions did not seem to have a great impact on future brand loyalty. Some 62% of respondents still expect to buy from Big Blue.

Internationally, five-year mainframe-market growth in the Pacific Rim is expected to double that of the rest of the world. The Japanese, Australian and Asian markets pose an interesting dilemma for mainframe makers. IBM systems compatibility is less critical in these markets than in the U.S. As a result, several European and Far Eastern manufacturers have aggressively carved out and maintained a significant market share. Thus, IBM and the PCMs have found themselves in the unaccustomed position of playing catch-up.

The aggressive marketing of the PCM vendors, joint ventures and far reaching marketing agreements among industry giants have IBM looking anxiously over its shoulder. What it sees is Fujitsu buying International Computers Ltd. outright, and 42% of Amdahl. In another similar move, Electronic Data Systems bought 20% of HDS. Barely lacking in marketing acumen, IBM is expected to have more than 100 strategic alliances of its own, mostly with

Growth in computing power vs. I/O subsystem power



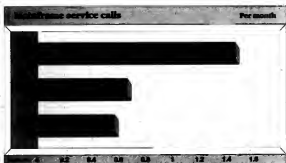
As the growth of CPU performance has outstripped increases in input/output subsystem power, local area networks have been enlisted to offload mainframes.

approach to the newly-announced IBM ES/9000 is no surprise. Users typically want up slowly to new machines.

Soaring, mainframe growth, which reached nearly 20% at times during the past 20 years, gave way to a modest growth rate of 5% to 7% by 1990. Barring any unexpected and unprecedented technological breakthroughs, IDC predicts similar unspectacular growth—but not unspectacular profits—for the '90s.

The promise of mainframe longevity and the possibility of 70% profit margins has resulted in cutthroat marketing campaigns by IBM and the PCMs. Once a group much larger in number during the glory days of the "BUNCH," the PCMs are now limited to Amdahl and HDS. Both companies are expected to demonstrate staying power over the next 10 years.

The PCM marketing push has clearly been felt by the perennial leader, IBM, as that company's market share has slowly eroded. Big Blue has lost customers to the PCM vendors primarily on price/performance issues.



The decreasing number of mainframe service calls creates higher user expectations for large applications such as airline reservations and banking.

software partners, before January 1, 1991.

Less than five years ago, the top price for the high-end machine in a mainframe family was in the range of \$5 to \$6 million. Today, these machines exceed \$24 million. Add in the large margins which hardware designers require to support R and D efforts, and these price tags will only climb. Despite such astronomical costs, however, there is no sign that the world's largest corporations are reluctant to buy. They have to buy if they want to compete.

On a positive and less expensive note, significant savings can be realized from operational consolidation. Money can also be saved by agreeing to new hardware purchases only if free software licenses are included. For example, an IBM buyer might save the \$250,000 yearly cost of DB2.

Mainframes have a definite advantage over smaller computers in this area.

TECHNOLOGY ADVANCES

Technological advancements came with dizzying rapidity in the '80s, and will continue to do so in the '90s. Processors, from the most powerful mainframes down through the least powerful personal computers, increased in speed dramatically. We have reached the point now where speed improvements of 25% to 30% per year are taken for granted—and even demanded—by some end users.

General-purpose processor speeds are now in the 150-to-210 MIPS range and expected to reach 300 to 500 MIPS by 1995. They will hit 1,000 MIPS and more by the year 2000. Fujitsu, a leading Japanese main-

frame manufacturer, hints that it is developing a 600-MIPS machine. When it will reach the market is a matter of debate. At this point, there are very few applications that require or can fully take advantage of that kind of power. Actual applications that could utilize such fast machines are generally found in the military.

As commercial applications begin to require such processing power, it seems likely that a customized configuration will be developed for each individual installation. This is not an extraordinary expectation given the sums of money that will be invested by users.

Advances in processor design include the implementation of improved instructions that control processing within the computer. Smaller machines with reduced instruction set computing (RISC) and scalable processor architecture (SPARC) are now common, although such technologies are not expected to gain widespread use in the mainframe class until 1995, at the earliest.

Despite advances in hardware miniaturization, dramatic reductions in the size of mainframe computers are not expected soon. A quick look inside almost any current large model reveals considerable open space that is required for easy access.

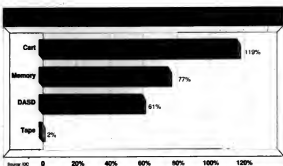
Despite all the technological gains, however, the disparity between the computer's ability to "retrieve" data and its ability to move data through input/output subsystems is disappointing. CPUs simply cannot move data around as fast as they can process it. One solution to this shortcoming is the use of workgroup-oriented LANs.

This disparity continues to exist even after the introduction of IBM's Enterprise System Connection Architecture (ESCON). This dramatic new channel architecture uses a light-emitting diode as the light source, and fiber-optic cable as the transmission medium. ESCON allows direct-access storage devices (DASDs) to be located up to five miles—instead of only several hundred feet—from mainframes. It also provides 10M bit/sec transmission I/O speed, which, although fast, still lags behind internal CPU speed.

In order to put the issue in perspective, consider this: CPU cycle times are in the nanosecond (one-millionth of a second) range; I/O subsystems operate in the microsecond (one-thousandth of a second) range. If we arbitrarily assign one nanosecond as one hour, then one microsecond is approximately 31 days.

REACHING FOR RELIABILITY

Asked to comment on mainframe service calls, survey respondents say they expect



DASD farms' are a hot storage topic, but self-loading tape box cartridges are slated for faster growth over the next five years.

the number of these calls to decrease from 15 to 0.6 a month by the year 2000. In such a stable environment, users will demand an even higher rate of reliability for such applications as airlines reservations, banking, credit card processing and point-of-sale transactions. While the majority of today's mainframes is not fault-tolerant, there are vendors that have specifically designed their machines to offer 100% reliability. The demand for such perfection will surely engender industry-wide, mainframe fault-tolerance within the next 10 years. It is needed now.

Mainframe reliability is worth its weight in gold. Retail credit card operations are a good example. Research indicates that if a retail credit card validation is delayed longer than 15 seconds, the consumer will offer another card. Thus, the first credit card company loses an opportunity to, in effect, grant a high-interest, short-term loan. Mainframe makers are motivated by the fact that credit card companies typically purchase whatever processing equipment brings them lower response times.

THE "LOGICAL" MAINFRAME

The 24-hours-per-day, seven-days-per-week, 365-days-per-year processing schedule is standard operating procedure in most large organizations with critical time requirements. The future decade will carry this a step further by making any downtime unacceptable.

This demanding environment is spawning what IDC calls "distributed data center complexes." Distributed data center complexes are a collection of geographically diverse data centers coupled by wideband, wide-area communication capabilities. Each complex is tightly coupled with all other complexes, sharing central memory, storage and other mainframe facilities. The number of central processing units contained in each of these complexes is increasing. Currently, there is a maximum of eight. That number could reach 24 by 1995.

In this environment, each of these distributed data center complexes—while to a large degree self-contained—requires information sharing with smaller, "mini-mainframes." These unnamed "high-end" systems could be located regionally or in departments.

Overall enterprise control of such communication will be accomplished by a "log-

ical" mainframe—a distributed data center computer that stands logically apart from any other CPUs. This master computer will not be invasive. It will not make modifications to any of the "coexisting" operating systems. Its automated process control will not retard the performance of the host systems. Its strategic decisions will be made transparently and according to priorities established by management.

EXPERT SYSTEMS

In order to manage and control processing, enterprise-wide systems of the future will require more knowledge than any one person can supply. Artificial intelligence, or

According to the IDC survey, portability and integration of multi-vendor hardware and software solutions is rated as one of the most pressing issues facing IS management over the next five to 10 years. The object-oriented environments used by expert systems address those two issues by raising the level of portability and easing multi-vendor integration. As a result, the accumulated expense gathered from many highly technical disciplines is transmitted to organizations that would otherwise go without.

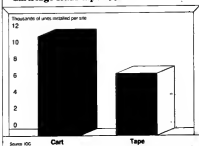
PERIPHERALS

When speaking about mainframes, the term "peripheral" has become synonymous with data storage devices and printers. While they play a significant role, there are also vast numbers of personal computers and workstations urgently requesting data from mainframe-based master data repositories.

In order to provide that support, peripheral storage devices, whether they be traditional rotating, DASDs, or some other medium such as optical disk, will be used heavily. Survey respondents believe that the growth of DASD will increase over the next five years by a robust 61%. However, they also believe that tape storage will grow an even more impressive 119%. That growth is largely reserved for the newer, smaller cartridge tapes, as opposed to the traditional reel-to-reel versions. The cartridge devices offer several key advantages, but one stands out: the ability to automate the mounting process with so-called carousel or "juke box" hardware. This eliminates virtually all human intervention.

While optical disk storage devices have been available for some time, acceptance of these devices within mainframe environments has not been overwhelming. Currently, write-once-read-many (WORM) technology is finding a niche in such areas as image processing and microfilm replacement, and is much favored by government agencies such as the IRS. Advances in this technology, such as multi-function disks, are expected to expand the market, but not on a large scale. Mainframe optical-disk devices made up less than 5% of disk shipments in 1989, and barring an unexpected breakthrough, that market share is not expected to increase dramatically over the next five years.

Cartridge leads tape-1990

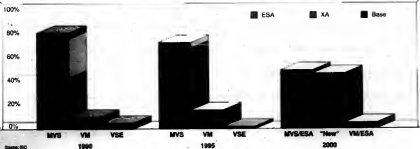


The average IDC survey site has 13,000 cartridge tape units installed, as opposed to only 8,500 reel-based units.

more precisely, mainframe-based expert systems, will help fill this knowledge gap. These systems are comprised of knowledge and rules built by extracting decades of experience from hundreds of hours of interviews with human experts. Expert systems will gradually replace the human component and make the thousands of split-second decisions needed to run a large mainframe complex on a daily basis.

Without such systems—and they are finding their way into data centers now—the complexity of running data centers efficiently will quickly push machine-operating personnel to their limits. They will be overburdened as schedules, workload balance, and the need for 100% uptime require processing that will be divided among distributed heterogeneous mainframes. The scope of the task increases significantly when performance, network, resource and data management are included.

Industry-standard mainframe operating systems of choice in 1990, 1995 and 2000



Source: IDC
Users anticipate the emergence of a new operating system by the turn of the century

FIBER OPTICS AT THE HEART OF COMMUNICATIONS

The explosion of peripheral input/output devices required by OLTP has engendered two new remote data storage entities. The first is the "DASD farm," while the second, more futuristic one, is the remote "optical-storage plantation." Success in moving very large amounts of sensitive data over long distances to either of these two requires reliable, high quality communication capacity. This capacity is increasingly being supplied by internal fiber-optic networks.

The expansion of fiber-optic technology has given new life to remote sites. The combination of fiber and channel extenders can bring logical mainframe processing to any remote site. In the case of system failures, this same combination bolsters disaster recovery by greatly enhancing the reliability of continuous, on-line computing links to remote backup mainframes.

OPERATING SYSTEMS: THE BLUE

As mainframes increase in power, operating systems must keep pace. Sophisticated hardware complexities can be fully utilized if the software is easy for human

operators to use.

Mainframe operating systems must have the power and intelligence to operate in a near-fault-tolerant manner. They must be easy to install, maintain and integrate. Newer versions from IBM, Digital Equipment Corp., and others are following a clearly defined path toward these objectives. While each new year sees significant developments, survey respondents still expect their operating system to come from IBM over the next five years. Not surprisingly, sometime in the next decade, they expect an undefined new operating system to appear.

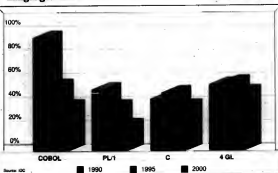
UNIX AND THE DATA CENTER

The Unix operating system, which originated in the late 60s at the Bell Labs division of AT&T, is well known for its flexibility in supporting long-distance telephone communications. Unix provides a simple, very robust operating system with an emphasis on fault-tolerance. Most of the major mainframe vendors have given a passing acknowledgement to Unix by supporting it or some close derivative on their platforms.

To date, however, the very traits that allow Unix to achieve fault-tolerance cause it to be functionally deficient in the sophisticated facilities required to support full-scale commercial applications. Of prime concern is the lack of tight, manageable security. Moreover, traditional mainframe users maintain that Unix has a shortage of operating system tools and utilities. Thus, they say, prevents the operations staff from closely monitoring and managing mainframes. Realizing this, soft-

Languages used

Mainframe users



Source: IDC
The movement toward fourth-generation languages will slacken after 1995 as users look for something better

ware vendors are rapidly offering more Unix system software.

Interestingly, Unix's lack of complex utilities and system software is viewed by many as a saving grace. They say the lack of utilities results in much simpler machine configurations, which in turn can lead to far less expensive operations.

The general feeling is that Unix has not yet become a full-function, commercially-oriented operating system. However, few doubt its potential. In fact, 15% of survey respondents state they are currently considering the use of Unix. However, only 4% say they will consider implementing Unix in the next five years.

APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE: THE CATALYST

Applications will continue to drive the need for faster mainframes. The new application development paradigm will see application developers utilize new languages and tools that dramatically cut the time required to develop new applications. Programmers are already reducing the great bulk of their time spent writing third-generation computer code. But this expected transformation will not happen overnight. The survey reveals use of COBOL at 92% of the companies surveyed. Indeed, there are currently some 100 billion lines of COBOL code in existence.

The 92% figure is expected to drop slowly to 56% over the next five years, and to 38% in 10 years. Even then it will lead alternatives such as PL/I and C. This adherence to COBOL is a reflection of the massive investment in installed code now existing in data processing libraries. It also reflects the difficulty in migrating away from applications that have no documentation or exist only as machine code.

While many additional application development departments would surely like to migrate to a more productive fourth-generation language, the inability to safely understand the logical flow of 20-year-old programs with unnumbered patches remains a major impediment. Still, 57% of respondents currently utilize a fourth-generation language. That percentage is expected to increase somewhat over the next five years.

DIAGNOSTICS AND SOFTWARE

In the future, mainframe hardware and software will work more closely than ever. In fact, as hardware gets less expensive, a phenomenon that occurs at a rate of at least 25% per year, sales will be made on the issue of software function. Manufacturers already realize that offering strictly hardware is a short-cut to disaster. In order to maintain market presence and share, most vendors will aggressively and closely integrate hardware and software. This will be most true in the area of maintenance and service.

The survey found 82% of respondents had installed some type of software-

software package that detects and calls in possible future problems.

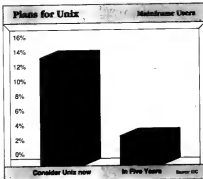
FUTURE SHOCK

Data processing end users are becoming increasingly computer literate, a trend that will continue. They are growing more aware of the potential power that exists in the data center and demanding their share. This is not an unreasonable demand for the ultimate bill payer. Therefore, expectations will soar to the near-impossible, and the MIS departments will have to deliver. Measurable standards and service-level agreements will be developed and accepted, forcing MIS departments to comply with highly-defined thresholds of reliability, availability and serviceability.

The role of MIS professionals will change significantly in this high-pressure environment. Their expertise will be used at higher levels within the organization; they will be viewed as enterprise consultants. Meanwhile, technicians will concentrate on training, custom-tuning hardware for specific business requirements, and problem solving.

Open architecture will give way to a completely object-oriented approach, where even the technicians will be all but immune to hardware and software configurations. The tedious definition of OLTIP configurations, data communications networks, establishing performance criteria, and monitoring a myriad of operating thresholds will all reside in software. Organizations will no longer be able to afford problem solvers. A new job description will arise, that of "problem preventer." Assisted by highly-automated software products, system operators will have expert support in managing machine-speed systems linked to multi-ender networks and applications.

The era of the self-managed system is not far away. Systems of the 21st century will require so much sophistication and technical specialization they will have to manage themselves. The mainframe of 1998 will control the master console. It will direct the system to seek and maintain balance as determined by an "operator" that may be a computer located thousands of miles away.



based automated diagnostic capability. While many packages are available, most of those installed on mainframes will "sense" an impending problem before a critical stage is reached and actually call the manufacturer's service facility via an integral modem. Further, these diagnostic tools place a probability on impending failure and suggest replacement parts. Therefore, a technician dispatched from the vendor's facility will usually arrive at the installation with all parts required to fix the problem before it occurs.

IDC predicts that by 1995, advanced diagnostic capabilities will virtually eliminate outages. By then, diagnostic capabilities of one processor will help resolve problems with others. Automatic error recovery of circuits, channels and media devices will be the key to assuring 100% system availability. Currently, there is at least one mainframe-based hardware and

4

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NEW PRODUCTS — SOFTWARE

System software

Goal Systems International, Inc. has announced a disaster recovery system that automates various processes used during a system recovery procedure.

Active II automatically identifies, tracks and reports on the essential components of user-selected applications, identifies resources necessary to support such applications at an alternate site and creates and maintains recovery job control language.

The product can also be used to identify the direct-access storage device requirements needed for data set recoveries, the vendor said.

Pricing ranges from \$42,000 to \$64,000.

Goal Systems International
70615 N. High St.
Columbus, Ohio 43235
(614) 868-1775

Development tools

SQL Solutions, Inc.'s SQL Developer's Kit, a recently announced debugging environment for programmers, automates the process of error tracing, scoping variables and determining program structure.

The product is currently available for Oracle Systems Corp.'s Oracle and Sybase, Inc.'s Sybase relational database management systems running on DOS, OS/2, VMS and Unix platforms. It is being included as an option with SQL's RGR family of fourth-generation languages. Pricing ranges from \$250 to \$10,000, depending on type of platform.

SQL Solutions
8 New England Executive Park
Burlington, Mass. 01803
(617) 270-4150

Alsys, Inc. has announced a version of its Ada development environment that is designed for IBM 370 platforms running under AIX.

AIX Ada includes the same user interface and tool set as previous versions. Pricing ranges from \$45,000 to \$150,000, depending on CPU size.

Alsys
67 S. Bedford St.
Burlington, Mass. 01803
(617) 270-0030

Utilities

Advanced Systems Concepts, Inc. has announced a tape sharing software product designed for Digital Equipment Corp. Vaxcluster systems.

TapeShare allows locally attached tape devices to be transparently served to other nodes in a Vaxcluster configuration. It enables users of an entire Vaxcluster to access a tape device without requiring any additional hardware, the vendor said.

Version 1.0 of TapeShare is scheduled to begin shipping this month. The product is priced between \$1,000 and \$12,500, depending on CPU model.

Advanced Systems Concepts
33-41 Newark St.
Hoboken, N.J. 07030
(201) 798-6400

Sterling Software's Dylakor Division has introduced a front-end software product that supports many key functions of Ster-

ling's DYL-Audit Excel auditing and financial system.

DYL-Online TSO Release 3.3 enables users to create, test and run DYL-280, DYL-280 II and DYL-Audit Excel programs by using English-like commands.

Pricing ranges from \$10,000 to \$16,500, depending on the type of IBM processor group on the host CPU.

Sterling Software
9340 Owensmouth Ave.
Chatsworth, Calif. 91313
(818) 718-8877

Legent Corp. has announced a report distribution package that features custom-

ized output facilities and formatting capabilities.

Release 4.0 of Bandi includes a custom view facility that enables a data center to deliver information to its clients in a format the client wants, the vendor said. End users working with on-line reports can use the product for reformatting, defining and storing up to 36 formatting profiles or requesting a customized report.

The product runs under all versions of MVS running JES2 or JES3. Annual lease pricing starts at \$22,500.

Legent
2 Allegheny Center
Pittsburgh, Pa. 15212
(412) 323-2600

Cynosure, Inc. has released system man-

agement utilities for IBM Application System/400 and System/38 computers.

The products include Byte Size History (\$300), which provides usage trend analysis and a history of storage consumed by objects, files or libraries; Disk Usage (\$300), which provides point-in-time analysis of data storage capacity; View CPU History (\$300), which generates accounts of how users consume CPU resources; Job Tracking Analysis (\$1,500), which monitors system resource use; and Time Reporting System (\$1,500), which tracks the amount of time that staff members work on projects.

Cynosure
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Rolling Meadows, Ill. 60008
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The newspaper for information systems management

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Magellan: Strong text searcher, weak DOS shell



Technology Analysis — a roundup of expert opinion about new products.

With Release 2.0, Lotus Development Corp.'s Magellan joins other DOS shells in offering a variety of disk management utilities. While these additions receive some credit, Magellan's original features — text searches and file viewers — remain its greatest strengths, according to reviewers at the leading personal computer laboratories and publications.

In addition to menuing, file deletion, undeletion and backup, Lotus has added a widely praised Zip compression program that allows users to view or transfer a group of files as a single, compressed file, which can then be "unzipped" back into the original files at any time.

Magellan's text search capabilities allow users to find information anywhere on a hard disk within a matter of seconds. These have been enhanced by support for 40 different file formats, up from 10 in Version 1.0.

Reviewers are less enamored of Magellan's directory function. Lacking a true directory tree, the screen display was described by PC World as "clunky and not very configurable." Another common complaint from reviewers was Magellan's lack of mouse support.

Magellan requires 512K bytes of random-access memory. For \$139, Magellan offers ultrafast text retrieval and versatile file viewing. Users with heavy requirements in these areas and less need for utilities will find that this is a useful shell.

The Magellan summary was compiled by Computerworld intern Derek Slater.

Score calculations: Published reviews: average of available numeric scores from reviews multiplied by a factor of 3. Analysts' ratings: average of 1-to-10 ratings from product analysts multiplied by a factor of 2. Users' ratings: average of 1-to-10 ratings from major users multiplied by a factor of 1.5. Cost evaluation: average of users' and analysts' ratings of the cost to get a product up and running multiplied by a factor of 2. Vendor financials: average of 1-to-10 ratings from analysts on the health of a firm and product sales multiplied by factor of 1.5. The 1-to-10 scale: 1 is poor, 10 is excellent. Criteria are weighted in favor of expert opinion and most important areas.

Reviews Summary

Criteria	LotusWorld 1/10/90	PC Magazine 1/10/90	PC World 2/10
Ease of use	Very good	Good	Fair
File manager	OK	OK	Excellent
File viewer	OK	For speed of comparison	Excellent
Documentation	Good	OK	OK
Technical support	Very good	OK	OK
Value	Very good	Good	Good
Reviewer's score	7.8*	7.0	OK

*Ratings are based on weighted scale of 1 to 10 where 10 is excellent. Only the lotusworld rating is included in score above charts. OK: No comment. They are excerpts from the reviews. Refer to actual articles for details.

Lotus Magellan

Points (maximum)	Category
23 (30)	Published reviews
14 (20)	Analysts' ratings
12 (15)	Users' ratings
14 (20)	Cost evaluation
12 (15)	Vendor financials

(Overall maximum score: 100)

RATINGS

What the experts say

Using a 1-to-10 scale, users and analysts rated product performance and cost to get the product up and running. Financial experts rated vendor and product sales.

• Users: Frank Nestor, Summit Consulting, Inc. (performance: 8, cost: 6); Greg Sadtler, WKSLS Radio (10,10); Steven Frankel, Adams Harkness & Hill, Inc. (9,10).

• Analysts: Dean Hiller, D.A. Hiller & Associates (7,6); Andrew Seybold, Datagroup, Inc. (8,8); David Chernickoff, National Software Testing Labs (7,4).

• Financial analysts: Steven Frankel, Adams Harkness & Hill (10); David Rosenbaum, Sherrin Lehman Brothers (7); Alfred Tobin, Mabon Nugent & Co. (7).

• Lotus earned \$67 million net income on \$556 million revenue last year. The vendor does not release figures on number of copies of Magellan sold.

• "Lotus is a cash-rich company. While this year's results are below what investors expected, it's still a very good year. The installed base is faithful; there haven't been mass defections," said Adams Harkness & Hill's Steven Frankel.

Lotus responds

Comments from Will Reynolds, general manager of Magellan:

With 2.0, we wanted to offer the most used utilities within our simple interface.

The directory is straightforward once users realize the left and right arrow keys are all they need to navigate through the hierarchy.

We felt it was more important to maintain consistency with our simplifying mechanism (list of files on the left, contents on the right) than to construct a tree.

Lotus plans to eventually introduce a "Boss Viewer Dial," a free to registered users. It will include seven new file viewers and mouse support.

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- ☐ Picture strings
- ☐ Hexadecimal editing
- ☐ 50-line VGA support

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Users seek breathing room in upgrade avalanche

One way to find order in the upgrade process is to obtain a negotiated support agreement

BY PATRICIA KEEFE
CW STAFF

NEW YORK — As the desktop application market rapidly segues into the "upgrade decade," users are starting to look for an easier way to manage and control the growing deluge of new releases and enhancements.

"Virtually every major upgrade we've seen lately has been marked by Keystone Kop screwups — which buyers don't think are funny anymore," said Jeffrey Tarter, editor of the "Softletter" news-

letter, in a recent issue. For example, sometimes the new release of software lacks compatibility with the file structure of the previous release — no minor issue for users. When this happens, what recourse do users have?

Cutting back on upgrades is not considered a serious option, even though micro-computer managers such as Alex Kask, who also serves as treasurer for the Microcomputer Managers Association, Inc. (MMA), have "serious questions whether even a tenth of my software upgrades are worthwhile."

Many end users said they feel compelled to at least purchase each successive upgrade for each package whether they want to or not, mostly out of fear of being penalized should they choose to upgrade with a later release.

The "penalty" can come in the form of higher costs, a more difficult upgrade or dropped support for the older version, said Stephen Ferranti, a vice president of marketing at The Taylor Group, a Bradford, N.H.-based firm specializing in accounting software.

Rarely is it feasible to switch to another

application standard. However, Gartner Group, Inc. analyst Leslie Piering, a former microcomputer manager and MMA member, maintained that users are in the driver's seat more often than they realize.

Still, the best that resigned users hope for is an orderly migration to the new releases. One approach that is currently beginning to emerge is a negotiated support agreement, a tactic the MMA recommended three years ago in a white paper on software upgrade issues.

A negotiated support agreement is not a site license or volume purchase agreement. What it does do, according to the MMA, is provide the structure necessary for policies that can simplify the upgrade process, jettison copy protection and facilitate the transfer of information among vendors and users on bugs and bug fixes.

Any support agreement worth its weight in lawyers should also cover user/vendor communications, pricing, software distribution and documentation, le-

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StorageTek.

SOMETIMES THE new release of software lacks compatibility with the file structure of the previous release — no minor issue for users.

Legal rights of both parties, ownership and technical development issues.

The MMA divides a negotiated support agreement into five areas: upgrades, bugs and bug fixes, copy protection, copying of documentation and "other."

Users should demand the right to continue to purchase older releases of software and receive extended support for those versions. They should maintain the right not to return system disks. Annual maintenance fees should cover the price of all upgrades released by the vendor within the year.

The MMA also recommends that users try to establish a corporate upgrade path that will allow companies to skip several intermediate upgrades, for example, going from Release 1 to Release 4.

Recognizing that many upgrades are really bug fixes, the MMA suggested that users negotiate access to an electronic bulletin board that provides information on bugs and fixes. As a backup, it is recommended that users request notification by mail of the same information as well as regular information about fixes, patches and "workarounds."

Users are urged to request non-copy-protected software and the ability to brand software with the user's name and corporate logo, which in turn would give users a tool to discourage illegal copying of software.

One problem associated with mass upgrades is that often there are not enough copies of the documentation to go around. The support agreements can guarantee the right to duplicate or electronically distribute documentation.

Other benefits that the MMA recommended users negotiate with their vendors include the following: specialized technical newsletters for corporate support staff, technical hot lines staffed by vendor experts, long-term strategic information on products, network licenses, technical training and application development support.

Claris reworks Hypercard strategy, gives users a choice

BY JAMES DALY
CW STAFF

SANTA CLARA, Calif. — Claris Corp. sketched in more details of its Hypercard 2.0 product strategy recently, announcing that it will abandon the older one-size-fits-all configuration and allow users to choose from three different designs.

The announcement came two months after Apple Computer, Inc. transferred responsibility for the package to Claris and only weeks after the first shipments of the Hypercard upgrade.

The basic Hypercard 2.0 configuration will come free with each Macintosh and is geared toward users who run stacks — the small individualized programs that run within Hypercard — but do not create or customize them. The package allows users to browse through stacks and enter data. It includes a 35-page manual and three sample stacks. Users can also

change the access level to operate within the program's highest user levels.

Claris will also offer the Hypercard 2.0 Upgrade Kit for current users who want to create and modify scripts. The five-disk upgrade kit includes more than 12 stacks that provide Hypercard Help, ready-made buttons and fields, stack templates and fonts. The upgrade kit will cost \$49.

The Hypercard 2.0 Development Kit is for advanced users interested in advanced scripting and extensive documentation. The \$199 package will include five manuals totaling more than 1,400 pages as well as the five disks offered in the upgrade kit. The development kit will ship in January.

The company also announced that ex-Apple software designer Bill Duval has joined Claris as director of Hypercard development. Duval also previously served as a research scientist at Xerox Corp.'s Palo Alto Research Center in California.

Grid to supply Texas Commerce

BY JIM NASH
CW STAFF

HOUSTON — Texas Commerce Bank executives, designing their own document-imaging system to process 500,000 stored documents, have chosen Grid Systems Corp. to provide an Intel Corp. i486-based file server for the project.

Eroy Wilkins, vice president and division manager for office technology at the bank, said he will put Grid's debut file server to work on his 80-user local-area network. Wilkins and his staff will add prototyping duties to the ordinary LAN tasks as soon as the server is brought on-line.

Grid's server, the 486EI-25/SVR, was announced at Comdex/Fall '90 and will cost \$11,999. It is scheduled to be available this month. It has nine expansion bays, offering up to 4G bytes of disk storage, 8K bytes of cache memory and 256K bytes of secondary cache. The Fremont, Calif., firm is a subsidiary of Tandem Corp.

Nexgen to join multiplatform show

BY MAURA J. HARRINGTON
CW STAFF

SAN JOSE, Calif. — Another in a string of high-end multiplatform personal computers is expected to be introduced in the second quarter of 1991 when Nexgen Microsystems, Inc. releases an as-yet-unnamed product.

In a twist, however, Nexgen will not base its system — which will run DOS, OS/2 and The Santa Cruz Operation's Unix — on commodity microprocessors. Instead, Nexgen promises Intel Corp. i486 compatibility from its own reduced instruction set computing-based microprocessor called the Fast86.

"We are working on a system targeted for high-end server and desktop applications," said president and co-founder of Nexgen, Thampy Thomas, adding, "a high-end system that is already compati-

ble with industry standards."

The Fast86 will sit on Nexgen's bus, called Nexbus, which has a bandwidth of 267M bytes/sec. and the ability to support as much as 512M bytes of system memory on the motherboard, according to Thomas.

From a hardware standpoint, Thomas said, the processor will be compatible with the Extended Industry Standard Architecture bus and IBM's Micro Channel Architecture bus, both 32-bit architectures.

While many analysts are still unfamiliar with Nexgen's future system, Nexgen's investors include Chips and Technologies, Inc., based here; Compaq Computer Corp., based in Houston; Asahi Corp., Matsui Corp. and Yamaha Corp., all in Japan; Ing. C. Olivetti & Co., based in Italy; and Kleiner, Perkins, Caufield and Byers, a venture capital firm in Palo Alto, Calif.

WHAT DO THE FOLLOWING ORGANIZATIONS HAVE IN COMMON?

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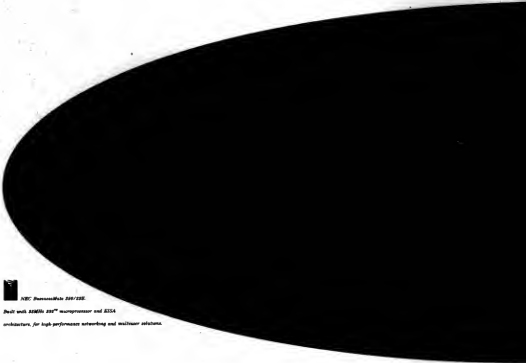
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NEC

Caere unveils trainable OCR product

BY JIM NASH
CW STAFF

Adopting the stripes of competitors, Caere Corp. plans to introduce training, or matching, abilities to its line of optical character recognition (OCR) software products. But at least some users of Caere's OCR products want the company to spend more time on the basics.

Caere and other high-end OCR companies, such as Calera Recognition Systems, Inc., have made their mark with software that recognizes the structure of individual letters in numerous

languages, allowing them to be identified even if they appear stylized in italics, for example. Other manufacturers have chosen a less expensive technique that has the software matching letters to a single template.

Ray Goldie, general counsel to Compulaw Ltd. and Legal Solutions, Inc., said he is anxious to receive a copy of Caere's Omnipage Professional. He now runs Omnipage 386 Version 2.0 and said the program leaves only "one or two minor editing tasks per page."

The training feature would help eliminate a few repetitive

mistakes that Version 2.0 makes in reading certain broken characters, Goldie said from his office in Rancho Mirage, Calif.

Skeptical users

Other users are more skeptical. Architect Don Wheat, at Myers-NBD, Inc. in Dublin, Ohio, said he picked up Omnipage 386 Version 2.1 with a computer-aided design system and was disappointed to see what he estimated to be an 80% accuracy rate on its first few trial runs. He said he intends to give that version another audition before moving up to any new Omnipage software.

talk with Wang's midrange VS systems. The resulting product is slated to ship in the first quarter of 1991 and will be in conjunction with the Easel/DOS Development System.

Novell, Inc. has announced a version of the Network Requester for OS/2, which will allow users of IBM's OS/2 Version 1.3 to access Network services. It will be available on Netware, Novell's on-line information service, two to four weeks after OS/2 version 1.3 ships.

chines, Inc. has announced a \$25 rebate good through Jan. 31 to purchasers of its AmigaVision icon-based multimedia authoring system.

Easel Corp. and Wang Laboratories, Inc. are collaborating on the development of a communications module that will enable the Easel graphical application development system to

Kristy Holch, an analyst at BIS CAP International, Inc. in Norwell, Mass., said it is significant that Caere has combined character analysis and matching against a stored template. When a mathematical symbol or an incomplete letter created by a damaged but often-used typewriter is encountered, Holch said, users can save the image to a separate file for future refer-

ence by Omnipage Professional.

The Los Gatos, Calif.-based company said it will begin delivering Omnipage Professional this month for \$995.

The software will be available for Microsoft Corp. DOS Version 3.11 and Windows Version 3.0 this month and Apple Computer, Inc. Macintosh systems in the first quarter of 1991, according to a company spokesman.

Scanner

FROM PAGE 51

memory that scans documents and then processes them into ASCII code as a background job.

OCR, which is also called matrix matching, is the software function that compares the scanned font to stored examples and outputs the appropriate ASCII code.

A more sophisticated approach, intelligent character recognition (ICR), extracts certain features from a scanned character or symbol and looks for a mix of elements that distinguishes it from other characters. This approach, called feature extraction or pattern recognition, is more flexible since it is font-independent.

However, a persisting prob-

lem with both OCR and ICR is high user expectations. "The toughest bottle in the industry is that you can't get to 100% accuracy," Crandall said. The issue is more subtle, he insisted, and calls for an analysis of the applications and a judgment about "where there's a break point between accuracy and speed."

Crandall charged that comparisons of scanner speeds are often based on scanning of laser-printed documents.

Gregory Van Buren, a consultant at Arthur D. Little, Inc. agreed.

"The input function seems to be a real bottleneck in document image management systems," he said. Especially problematic and expensive, Van Buren said, is the process of capturing existing paper or microfilm archives into an imaging system.

MICRO NOTES

Shaw, Lotus sign agreement

Shaw Data Services, Inc., a supplier of portfolio management systems, has signed a joint marketing pact with Lotus Development Corp. The two will cross-sell Shaw's mainframe-based on-line service with Lotus' One Source personal-computer-based business and financial databases.

Commodore Business Ma-

chine, Inc. has announced a \$25 rebate good through Jan. 31 to purchasers of its AmigaVision icon-based multimedia authoring system.

Easel Corp. and Wang Laboratories, Inc. are collaborating on the development of a communications module that will enable the Easel graphical application development system to

It's the fastest But it will never cat

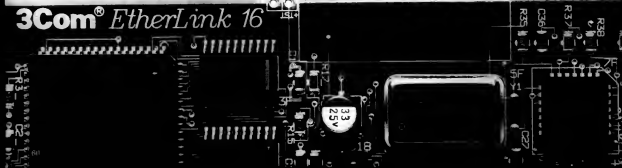
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There's a command-driven interface especially for systems analysts, applications developers, MIS personnel, and the Information Center staff.

From this interactive windowing environment, you can use the SAS System's English-like commands to build applications in a fraction of the time. And you can customize any application any way you choose by adding user-friendly menus and fill-in-the-blank screens.

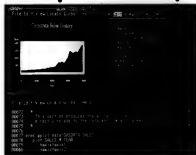
We've made sure you'll never get boxed in.

While the industry struggles to define a common operating environment, the SAS System eliminates the need for one.

Our exclusive MultiVendor Architecture™ gives you the power to decide where a particular application belongs — in the data center, at the departmental level, on the desktop, or a combination of all three. The SAS System, and the work you do, is portable across the entire range of computing environments.

A dynamic programming interface lets you customize your development environment. As your program takes shape, so do the results.

Monitor programs as they execute. Pull-down menus make editing, file management, and other essential programming tasks easy.



Directly access and manipulate the SAS System's English-like command language.

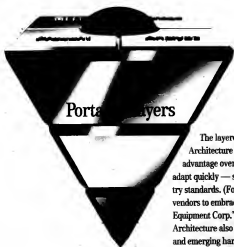
time



SiliconGraphics
The 3D Computer Company



Catalyst
Advanta
Program



Portals

The layered approach of our MultiVendor Architecture gives the SAS System a unique advantage over other software. The SAS System can adapt quickly — sometimes instantly — to new industry standards. (For instance, we were among the first vendors to embrace both IBM Corp.'s SAA and Digital Equipment Corp.'s NAS in one system.) MultiVendor Architecture also gives you the freedom to exploit new and emerging hardware technologies — such as DECwindows, X Windows, Presentation Manager, and other native windowing interfaces — without worrying about your existing inventory of applications.

With the SAS System, you'll always have state-of-the-art software for state-of-the-art equipment. You'll never again be boxed in to a particular hardware platform.

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SAS software lets you stay on the leading edge of such new technologies as native windowing.



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There are four data-driven tasks common to all your computing applications. We've designed the SAS System with these tasks in mind.

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know data base terminology, and without sacrificing data base security. What's more, the SAS System's support of SQL gives programmers a standard language for data query. The SAS System can also be used to access raw data files in any format — even files with messy or missing data.

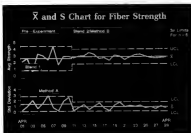
But getting data from place to place is just part of the challenge. Data management is also key, and the SAS System responds with efficient ways to enter new data...edit and query data files...and manipulate your data. You can even merge data from totally different kinds of files. And your inexperienced users can enter their data through customized fill-in-the-blank screens that look exactly like your business forms.



Users can take a
common-sense approach
to data entry using fill-
in-the-blank screens.

Turning data into meaningful information has always been a hallmark of the SAS System. And now you'll find more ways to *analyze* data than ever before... everything from descriptive statistics to advanced multivariate techniques. You'll also find specialized tools for virtually any kind of business need: planning, forecasting, electronic spreadsheets, operations research, decision support, and more. Plus the most sophisticated methods for statistical quality improvement and experimental design.

And once you have analyzed your data, the SAS System makes it easy to get the attention you, and your data, deserve. Our data *presentation* capabilities are unsurpassed — from simple printed lists to spectacular full-color graphics. Here's just a sample:



You can rely on one software to handle all your analytical needs.

Quarterly Investment Returns												
Year to Date Year												
	Q1/87	Q2/87	Q3/87	Q4/87	Q1/88	Q2/88	Q3/88	Q4/88	Q1/89	Q2/89	Q3/89	Q4/89
Investment Growth	51.45%	50.73%	51.55%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%
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NEW PRODUCTS

Software applications packages

Visix Software, Inc. has announced an upgrade to its graphical user environment for Unix-based workstations and X Window System-based terminals.

Looking Glass Version 2 provides users with a graphical tree view feature that facilitates file system navigation and a command line window that enables users to edit and submit commands to a shell directly from the Looking Glass application.

The product is scheduled to begin shipping this month. Pricing ranges from \$595 to \$1,295, depending on type of platform.

Visix Software
11440 Commerce Park Drive
Reston, Va. 22091
(703) 758-8230

Chipsoft, Inc. has announced the latest version of TurboTax, its tax preparation and planning software package, which was designed for IBM Personal Computer XT's, AT's and compatibles, as well as Apple Computer, Inc. Macintosh machines.

The product includes a logical next-step feature that uses pop-up windows to guide users through each tax preparation step, the vendor said.

The product also features reworded messages that facilitate command selection and additional tax forms, including Sched-

ule 3 and Form 4137, 4868, 8822, 8453 and W-4.

A PC version costs \$75, and 44 state programs are available for \$40 each. Pricing for the Macintosh version is \$89, and 11 state versions are currently available for \$49 each.

Chipsoft
6256 Greenwich Drive
San Diego, Calif. 92122
(619) 453-4446

Data storage

Brier Technology has announced a backward-compatible version of Flextra, its high-capacity standard floppy disk drive.

The 25M-byte device fits into a standard 3½-in. half-height slot and can be adapted to fit a 5¼-in. slot.

According to the vendor, the disk drive features an integrated drive electronics interface or small computer systems interface, both of which can be integrated with IBM Personal Computer XT's, AT's or compatibles as external or internal add-on devices.

The drive is priced at \$300 in OEM quantities.

Brier Technology
25 Mecca Drive
Norcross, Ga. 30093
(404) 564-5550

Chinon America, Inc. has announced Model CDC-431, a compact disc/read-

only memory drive that features built-in remote CD audio control and digital display units.

The drive features an average access speed of 350 msec or a mean time between failure rate of 25,000 hours, the vendor said. It can operate with an IBM Personal Computer or an Apple Computer, Inc. Macintosh.

The drive is priced at \$895 and is slated to be available next month.

Chinon America
660 Maple Ave.
Torrance, Calif. 90503
(213) 533-0274

Board-level devices

American International Devices, Inc. has announced a 24M-byte board that incorporates 4M bit dynamic random-access memory chips.

The A1/1217 memory module is available for Unisys Corp.'s A-12, A-15 and A-17 machines. Its 24M-byte memory can be expanded to 48M, 72M and 96M bytes for use on Unisys A Series machines that can accommodate large-capacity boards, the vendor said.

The board costs \$110,000.
American International
Devices
12540 Beatrice St.
Los Angeles, Calif. 90066
(213) 305-8161

Industrial Computer Source, Inc. has announced an Intel Corp. 80286-based CPU card that is compatible with IBM Personal

Computer AT's.

Model SB286CS is a single plug-in board equipped with a CPU, random-access memory, read-only memory, I/O ports and an optional math coprocessor, the vendor said.

The product also features a built-in IBM Video Graphics Array video adapter that supports analog monitors as well as a floppy controller that supports dual-speed 3½- and 5¼-in. disk drives.

Prices range from \$895 to \$1,495 for 512K-, 1M-, 2M- or 4M-byte versions.

Industrial Computer Source
4837 Mercury St.
San Diego, Calif. 92111
(619) 279-0064

Lasergo, Inc. has begun shipping a memory board with its Goscript software as a bundled package priced at \$295.

The board was designed for the Hewlett-Packard Co. Laserjet Series IIP and III and comes equipped with 1M byte of memory, which can be expanded to 4M bytes.

Goscript enables users to print Postscript language files on all of HP's laser printers.

According to the vendor, the product features 13 scalable fonts, requires 640K bytes of random-access memory and runs on an IBM Personal Computer AT, XT or compatible as well as on IBM Personal System/2 computers.

Lasergo
9369 Carroll Park Drive
San Diego, Calif. 92121
(619) 450-4600

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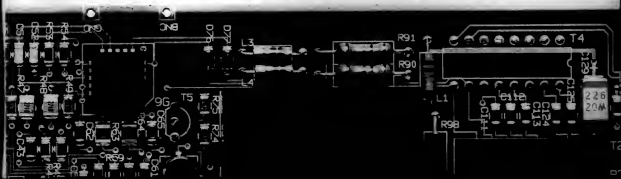
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St. Jude Children's Research Hospital.

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"The worst problem was the conglomeration of hardware to be tied together. Everything from PC ATs to DEC VAXs and an IBM AS/400. That, and continuous moves as we remodel and expand the facilities."

Whose network operating software did you evaluate?

"Everyone's, it seems. IBM's, AT&T's, Novell's, Banyan's and 3Com's."

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NETWORKING

Bank merges DEC and IBM links

ON SITE

BY ELISABETH HURWITZ
CW STAFF

NEW YORK — As part of a major data center consolidation move now under way [CW, Nov. 12], a group at Manufacturers Hanover Trust Co. is exploring how to maximize computer resources by allowing users to access both Digital Equipment Corp. VAXs and IBM Application System/400s from the same workstation.

The financial firm's global banking communications group

"grew up as a DEC data center" but now has two AS/400s and plans to install seven or eight next year, according to Patrick Molloy, assistant vice president of the recently formed group.

The AS/400s were bought because the group wanted access to certain applications that run on those systems, Molloy said. "Our approach is to buy the box for the application; there is no move to standardize on one type of system."

In addition to the AS/400s in New York, Molloy's group has 10 assorted DEC VAXs and Microvax IIs installed in New York,

Australia, Tokyo and London, he said.

Several hundred users of personal computers and terminals, residing both on Ethernet and IBM Token-Ring local-area networks, often need to access "one type of system in the morning, a second in the afternoon and a third at night," Molloy added.

This can require the user to access three different terminals "so that you have to do huge changes when the user moves" to a different office location, Molloy said.

Molloy's group was looking for an integration tool that would

"allow users to get at all systems from a single device and a standard interface, so when they move, all you have to do is find a free terminal server port," he said.

The group has installed on its networks Mitek Systems Corp.'s Openconnect Systems Server, which can act as both a LAN-to-host gateway and as a translator between Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) environments and the IBM Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking/Advanced Program-to-Program Communications (APPN/APPC) protocols used by AS/400s, Molloy said.

Servers now installed on LANs at Manufacturers Han-

over can support the following connections:

- PC users and DEC hosts can communicate via TCP/IP.
- PC users can access AS/400 hosts via TCP/IP with the Mitek gateway translating the TCP/IP transmissions into APPN/APPC.
- DEC VT100 terminals can access AS/400s by emulating 5250 terminals, while 5250 terminal users can access DEC hosts via the TCP/IP Telnet protocol.

Insufficient references

The Manufacturers Hanover group evaluated a Forest Computer, Inc. gateway "that supported Decnet on one side and APPN on the other" but was unable to get sufficient user references, Molloy said.

In addition, the group was inclined to use TCP/IP as a common access protocol for user devices, partly because "a bunch of our areas want [reduced instruction set computing]-based machines and are clamoring for TCP/IP," Molloy said.

With some of its connectivity issues settled, the group now faces the question of how to provide network management across its IBM and DEC environments, Molloy said. Manufacturers Hanover's overall data center organization will be reviewing the possibility of a more centralized network management system — probably based on IBM's Netview — as a future phase of its consolidation effort, according to Senior Vice President Steve Shelnitz.

On a local level, however, the global banking group is primarily DEC-based, and its AS/400s cannot support Netview, Molloy said. The group is evaluating the possibility of using DEC's Decmux Director management platform, with a Simple Network Management Protocol module to manage the group's Wellfleet Communications, Inc. and Vitalink Communications Corp. bridges, Molloy added.

FEATURE: NETWORK MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Using graphical interfaces to take a closer look

BY MICHAEL HURWITZ

In a network control center, a picture is often worth more than a thousand words. Thousands of cryptic messages, representing the status of the many devices in a complex network, can be overwhelming and confusing when they are cascading across a screen.

In contrast, users say, network management software with a graphical user interface can show the broad outlines of a network problem at a glance, using icons and lines to represent network devices and links.

Such a clear overview of the network can be particularly helpful in the early stages of problem hunting, making it possible for network managers to react more quickly to glitches.

With a graphical interface, "we can look up and see summaries of the network, at

whatever level we want to display, and tell immediately whether everything is operating correctly or if something demands attention," says Jim Montequin, senior manager of data communications at Union Pacific Railroad in Omaha.

While most users agree that graphics can play a useful role in network manage-

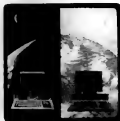
ment, some companies nevertheless choose to focus attention on other issues, such as network management automation, which may lessen their need for graphical user interfaces.

Stash of the union

Graphical user interfaces are particularly valuable in monitoring large networks, says Ronald M. Tuccitto, senior manager of business planning at Union Pacific. Tuccitto oversees a network that includes 15,000 data devices on an IBM Systems Network Architecture (SNA) network, 600 microwave sites and 1,000 base radio sites spread across the U.S. IBM's Netview handles network management, with non-SNA devices using Netview/PC to communicate with the mainframe-based Netview system.

On large networks such as Union Pacific's, a character-

Continued on page 64



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Graphical

FROM PAGE 63

based user interface can submerge staff in text, Tuccitto explains.

Such networks, Tuccitto notes, can generate thousands of "one liners," or alerts, each of which appears as a single line of text on a screen. "When you

have that many alerts popping up on a console, there comes a point where you get buried in data," he says.

Union Pacific employs a huge projection screen that presents its wide-area network in living color. Graphic images on network management consoles point the staff in the right direction when they start investigating a problem, Tuccitto says.

Graphical user interfaces enable users to drill down for details. Union Pacific staff members can zoom in on a graphics screen to get a specific view of a particular portion of a state or regional network topology map. They also have the option of consulting textual alerts for the full details of any problem.

"We get a fast read on what's going on, rather than having to

spend a lot of time analyzing what's going on," Montequin says. "With lines going past on a screen, it's much more complex. And when people are busy, they don't necessarily notice [that information]."

Color graphics can also make it easier to determine the severity and priority of a problem, Tuccitto explains.

For instance, if a T1 line goes

down completely, that link may show up in red. Another color may be used to highlight the fact that the connection is present but unable to carry its rated traffic load. A severe but intermittent problem may appear as a line that flashes red. Such color coding helps managers prioritize problems.

Good relations

Graphical user interfaces can also make it easier to correlate multiple related alerts, says Kevin Huff, a Princeton, N.J.-based program manager for General Electric Co.'s international network and formerly head of a GE project concentrating on IBM's NetView/PC.

"We get multiple alerts that may be related to one specific failure," Huff says. "On T1 networks, for instance, if one T1 [line] goes down, you get multiple buses reporting it."

This requires the network manager to correlate the alerts in order to determine the original source of the failure, because

THE [graphical user interface] ... doesn't reduce interaction with the network management system."

DOUGLAS UNDERHILL
CSX CORP.

one failure affects many pieces of equipment.

However, on a dynamic screen, where text-based alerts are rolling past quickly, it can be hard to do this, Huff says.

On the graphical screen, it is easier to see the pattern of T1 devices reporting the error and thus determine which alerts are grouped together.

The pattern of the failures may also make it easier to determine which device has the primary failure and which ones are failing because of a domino effect. "It's a much better way of doing network monitoring," Huff says.

Despite the attractions of graphical user interfaces, users should not overestimate their value, cautions Douglas Underhill, assistant vice president of technical services at the information systems subsidiary of CSX Corp., a Jacksonville, Fla.-based railway carrier. CSX has a network of approximately 20,000 workstations, terminals and printers at 500 locations scattered throughout the Eastern U.S.

"The [graphical user interface] makes network management information easier to understand," Underhill says, "but it doesn't do what you really want to do—reduce interaction with the network management system."

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The danger with graphical user interfaces, Underhill says, is that because interaction is easier, users may become complacent and not search for more automated ways of handling network management. When network managers become too focused on the joys of graphics and mice, "there is a tendency simply to develop a two-finger approach instead of 10-finger approach to having humans supply commands," he says.

"The [graphical user interface] is a natural way users of network management systems can monitor the network," agrees Todd Dagres, director of communications research and consulting at The Yankee Group in Boston. "The next stage is where somebody doesn't have to sit there and look at [the] network and click down to the fault." For that, Dagres says, users need knowledge-based or artificial intelligence tools, which will make it possible for the system to correct faults automatically.

If that trend could be taken to its logical extreme, Dagres notes, a graphical user interface would not be necessary.

Keeping priorities straight

In fact, some network managers put a graphical user interface rather low on their list of concerns, according to Kevin O'Neill, vice president of network integration and consulting at Business Research Group in Newton, Mass.

"While users prefer a [graphical user interface] over a character interface if given a choice," O'Neill says, "most are grappling with more fundamental network integration and management issues such as performance tracking, report generation, security, re-routing capability and remote systems management."

O'Neill adds, however, that this may change as users converge these basic issues and go on to address more advanced functions such as alarm correlation and integrated control.

View repair

Graphical network management software, while it saves time in interpreting and correlating alerts, can also mean extra work. For instance, Tuccitto says, Union Pacific has created customized views of its network, which require constant maintenance as the network changes.

Union Pacific is studying the feasibility of implementing a single database manager for all of its network support information. As part of this project, the company would like to be able to generate new customized views of the network automatically whenever the database changes.

Because of the work required to configure and maintain them, Dagres notes, graphical user interfaces will not necessarily reduce network management staff requirements, either in numbers of people or skill levels. And while graphical user interfaces make a graphic statement when problems occur, it is still necessary, in many cases, for network managers to consult a detailed textual report as well. "The [graphical user interface] is just the

cherry on top of the sundae," Dagres says.

Despite difficulties in keeping views up to date and the danger of becoming overly infatuated with graphics, however, the basic fact remains: A picture is frequently the fastest, easiest way for the human mind to absorb and organize information. In resolving network problems, seconds often count.

As networks grow steadily larger and more complex, lessening some of the demands on network support staff is important. These facts combine to paint a rosy picture for network management graphical user interfaces.

Harwitz is a free-lance writer and consultant based in Easton, Wash.

Flash and substance

Network managers rank the use of graphics, such as network topology maps and red light indicators, high on their list of priorities.

Ranking	Ranking
Flash	Substance
Based on a 1990 survey of 138 network managers	1=most important (lowest ranking)
Flash detection/diagnosis	4.4
Problem management/reporting tools	4.3
Centralized network management	4.3
Graphics of network status	4.2
Real-time performance	4.1
Performance analysis	3.7
Network security functions	3.6
Configuration management	3.6
Network design/capacity planning	3.5
Change management	3.5
Training	3.4
Network assets management	3.3
Call accounting/network cost allocation	2.6

Source: CIL, a division of Xerox Corp.

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Hubs become network's be-all, end-all

BY JOANIE M. WEXLER
Cable Guy

As the smart hub cable criss continues, vendors are scrambling to compete by throwing everything but the kitchen sink into their products. Not only are users able to integrate various local-area networks under a common management system in the hubs — also called intelligent wiring centers — they can now get bridging, routing, network monitoring, terminal server and other functions in the devices as well.

Smart hubs allow users to connect nodes on a LAN or interconnect LANs running over different media in a physical star configuration. A cabling connection from the intelligent wiring center to each device allows foolproof detection of faulty nodes.

The topologies and access methods specified by the different LAN standards (such as token-ring's ring topology and token-passing access method) are handled logically within the hub.

Vendors such as Cabletron Systems, Inc., Racal-Interlan, Inc. and Synoptics Communications, Inc. have been showering the industry with enhancements to their products during the past several months.

Cabletron said it will announce today that it is shipping a \$3,995 network monitoring module of Novell, Inc.'s Lantra product for Cabletron's Multi Media Access Center (MMAC). The move follows last month's rollout of a new version of the MMAC that integrates up to five Ethernet, Token-Ring and Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI) modules and one management/repeater module.

Through thick and thin

The new MMAC version interconnects LANs running over unshielded and shielded twisted-pair, thin and thick coaxial cable and fiber. The MMAC also includes modules for Ethernet-to-Ethernet and Ethernet-to-FDDI bridging. A routing module is under development with Cisco Systems, Inc., according to Cabletron.

Racal-Interlan unveiled its Interlan 5000 Communications System at Interop '90 in October. The hub integrates modules supporting 10Base-T concentrators, terminal servers and Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

10Base-T is the recently approved — and flourishing — standard for running 10M bit/sec. Ethernet LANs over unshielded twisted pair. Other existing Ethernet standard media are coaxial and fiber-optic cabling.

Racal's terminal server module — which obviates the need to buy separate terminal servers — brings multiple non-intelligent terminals into the LAN environment, allowing them to connect to multiple hosts. Racal offers a module supporting both Local Area Transport — Digital Equipment Corp.'s widely installed proprietary network protocol for VAX terminals — and Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, another rampant communications protocol for Ethernets.

"Integrating the terminal server function into the hub will dramatically reduce the space required for our equipment," commented Marty Talorovich, senior research engineer at Kraft General Foods,

Inc. in Glenview, Ill. Kraft started testing Internet last week.

"The major cost savings will come in the maintenance area. Instead of having people screwing around with all different kinds of equipment, you'll have a single point of repair," he said.

However, Chris Oliver, Cabletron's director of engineering, estimates that users can save up to 30% on equipment costs alone by buying smart hub modules rather than separate devices, such as bridges, routers and terminal servers.

Synoptics announced in October a technology exchange with Xyplex, Inc. to

incorporate Xyplex's terminal server into its Lattisnet System 3000 hub. A month earlier, the company integrated a multiprotocol local Ethernet router — developed in conjunction with Cisco — into the system.

The proliferating advances in wiring center technology will play an important role at Dallas-based Prito-Lay, Inc., which plans to expand its network from seven to 47 sites next year, according to Jack Sprague, a consulting engineer at the firm.

Sprague said recent wiring center advances will "keep us from having to train people at every location about all the dif-

ferent wiring nuances."

Other recent hub developments include Ungermann-Bass, Inc.'s recent announcement of intention to integrate Advanced Computer Communications' multiprotocol bridge/router technology into the Ungermann-Bass Access/One hub. In addition, Lanmet Data Communications released its Multinet II Super Hub in October. The product accommodates up to 18 Token-Ring, four Ethernet and four FDDI LAN and integrates bridge, routing and gateway functions.

David Systems, Inc. has announced that SNMP support will be available in its Expressnet hub in January, and Proteon, Inc. has added 4M and 16M bit/sec. fiber LAN support to its Series 70 hub Intelligent Wiring Center.



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Technologies for linking LANs to T1 networks emerge in products

BY CARL MALAMUD
SPECIAL TO CW

Fast packet, frame relay and cell relay: You've heard of them in relation to linking local-area networks across a T1 circuit (see story page 77). Now that the technologies are starting to show up in the form of real and announced products, you may be wondering which capabilities to choose for your LAN interconnection scheme.

The decision depends on the amount, type and speed of traffic crossing the T1

channel, as well as the distance being covered. In some cases, you won't need any of these new options.

Such would be the case when a network manager wants to integrate several different work groups into a single, logical network. Most bridges and routers now support 1.5M bit/sec. T1 links, which should provide sufficient bandwidth for two 10M bit/sec. LANs regularly exchanging data within a metropolitan area. Some LAN interconnectivity devices even support multiple T1 links for those

users who want to interconnect multiple LANs or LANs with particularly high-volume traffic. The routing function inside of the device decides which line to use for any given packet.

Cisco Systems, Inc.'s AGS+ router supports more than 20 T1 lines. The lines can go to 20 different locations, or multiple lines can go to one location, providing increased bandwidth and some protection against line failures.

Dedicated T1 lines are not always economically feasible, however, and traffic does not always travel in a steady stream, especially between LANs. With T1 lines costing several dollars per mile per month in a national network, it makes economic sense to allocate the T1 bandwidth among several different applications, including

LAN interconnection, voice and video.

One way to do this is through a T1 multiplexer, which serves as an entry point to the T1 network for both LAN interconnectivity devices and other customer premises equipment such as private branch exchanges. The multiplexer allocates subchannels within the T1 link to LANs, voice, video and other applications through circuit-switching technology.

While circuit switching is an inexpensive technique, it also requires dedicated bandwidth allocation, which can be inefficient if the traffic on each circuit is not continuous. The technologies that are starting to address more flexible bandwidth allocation are frame relay and its counterpart, cell relay. The CCITT standard-based version of cell-relay technology is called Asynchronous Transfer Mode. Frame relay and cell relay are both fast-packet technologies.

Frame relay is both an interface and a transport service that handles packets of variable length. By contrast, cell relay interfaces and transports packets of fixed length. Frame- and cell-relay interfaces and transport services can be mixed and matched. For example, Stratacom's \$12,500 packet assembler/disassembler (PAD) for its IPX T1 multiplexer uses frame relay on the application side of its interface and a proprietary cell-relay technique on the wide-area network side.

When both nodal processors — on the sending and receiving end — support packet-switching technologies, such as frame and cell relay, they can dynamically allocate bandwidth for applications as needed instead of fixing a maximum for each one. For instance, if data and voice share a T1 pipe, the nodal processor can squeeze a little more data into the gaps between words, giving more rapid throughput for the data application.

Rush-hour traffic

Frame relay parallels X.25 packet switching in that it allows a LAN interconnection device to tell a nodal processor it wishes to set up a virtual circuit in the private network. It is also specifically designed to handle traffic sent in bursts. It is faster than traditional packet-switching in that it eliminates error-detection and correction on each network link, as does cell relay. Error-checking at only the origin and destination nodes is made possible by today's highly reliable communications media, such as fiber-optic cabling.

Frame-relay products are just starting to hit the market. Cisco and Stratacom are shipping products, and Codex Corp., which has a 20% investment in Stratacom and resells the IPX as its 6290 T1 multiplexer, said it will also support frame relay on its 6525 X.25 packet switch and 6507 PAD in first-quarter 1991.

While frame relay has shown up only in equipment for private networks, it can be used as an interconnection to a public data network. In this case, the user needs to purchase only the bridge, router or gateway that supports frame relay and let the carrier provide the nodal processors and transport service. U.S. Sprint Communications Co. has announced frame-relay service for late 1991, and Northern Telecom, Inc. has announced equipment that will allow other carriers to offer public frame-relay-based services in the future.

Senior writer Joanne M. Wesler contributed to this report.

McMann writes professional reference books about computer networks.



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NEW PRODUCTS

Micro-to-micro

Information Presentation Technologies, Inc. (IPT) has announced the implementation of a version of its Ushare interconnecting system connectivity software package onto IBM RISC System/6000 Power Server computers.

Ushare comprises programs that reside on a Unix platform and enable the product to act as an Apple Computer, Inc. Appleshare-compatible server. It enables the RS/6000 to provide Apple Macintosh machines and IBM Personal Computers with a gateway to IBM mainframes, ac-

ording to the vendor.

Ushare is priced at \$1,195 for a file server only and \$3,995 for the server equipped with all its modules.

IPT
305 San Vicente Blvd.
Santa Monica, Calif. 90402
(213) 393-6261

Dataviz, Inc. has announced Version 4.5 of MacLinkplus/PC and MacLinkplus/Translators, both of which enable users to translate text files with embedded graphics for word processors.

The software package includes all necessary software and cabling for bidirec-

tional file transfers and conversions between Apple Computer, Inc.'s Macintosh, DOS, Sun Microsystems, Inc. or Next, Inc. Next environments.

MacLinkplus/PC version costs \$199; MacLinkplus/Translators sells for \$169.

Dataviz

35 Corporate Drive

Trumbull, Conn. 06611

(203) 268-0030

Links

Adtech Micro Systems, Inc. has introduced Perfect Fax Plus, a facsimile card designed for automatic fax, voice or data switching.

The 9.6K bit/sec. CCITT Group III device can share a single telephone line with

a telephone, answering machine or modem. An automatic group creation feature enables users to create databases of frequently called numbers can be used with Intel Corp. 80386- or 1486-based XT, ATs or compatible local-in text editor allows fax text to be created and edited.

It is priced at \$295.
Adtech Micro Systems
43120 Christy St.
Fremont, Calif. 94538
(415) 659-0756

Intellicom, Inc. has added a line-powered version to its Long Link family of parallel interface extenders.

The Long Link III is available in three models: the LLLP-100, the LLLP-100 and the LLLP-300. According to the vendor, the products enable personal computers to communicate with a printer from distances of 50, 100 and 1,000 feet, respectively.

Prices range from \$149 to \$179, depending on model.

Intellicom
20415 Nordhoff St.
Chatsworth, Calif. 91311
(818) 407-3900

Gateways, bridges, routers

Halley Systems, Inc. has introduced a family of source routing bridges designed for token-ring networks.

The Connection 300 Token-Ring Bridge series of products includes the Connection 300, which can be switched between 16M and 4M bit/sec. token-ring networks. Other members of the series include the Connection 302 local bridge, the Connection 311 single-link remote bridge, the Connection 321 dual-link remote bridge and the Connection 331 triple-link remote bridge.

Pricing ranges from \$6,995 to \$11,500, depending on configuration.

Halley Systems
2730 Orchard Pkwy.
San Jose, Calif. 95134
(408) 432-2600

Fairchild Data Corp. has announced an Ethernet-to-broadband bridge designed to be a link between local-area networks.

The LBR323 can extend individual LAN connections by up to three miles by dividing the LAN into independent sections, parts or subnetworks. It also reportedly lets users isolate faults and reduce network traffic, delays or collisions.

The bridge uses 32-bit processing to provide a forwarding speed of 14,000 packet/sec. and a 25,000 packet/sec. filtering speed.

It is priced from \$6,995.
Fairchild Data
350 N. Hayden Road
Scottsdale, Ariz. 85257
(602) 949-1155

Simware, Inc. has announced an enhanced version of Simac, its presentation and connectivity software package designed for Apple Computer, Inc. Macintoshes.

Simac 3.1 provides Macintosh users with a Macintosh interface while also performing the 3270 emulation tasks needed to access IBM mainframe applications.

The product costs \$395.
Simware
20 Colonnade Road
Ottawa, Ont. K2E 7M6
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MANAGER'S JOURNAL

EXECUTIVE TRACK



Ronald C. Eubank has been named director of information technology in the Global Technology and Operations Division at Whirlpool Corp. in Benton Harbor, Mich.

Eubank was formerly manager of information technology planning for the company. In his new position, he reports to Senior Vice President Lawrence J. Kremer.

He joined Whirlpool in 1973 as a systems analyst and progressed through a series of positions in the information technology area. He holds a bachelor's degree in business from Indiana University at Bloomington and a master's degree in business from Indiana University at South Bend. He is a certified information systems auditor.

Richard L. Wambold

has been given responsibility for corporate information systems functions at J.I. Case, the Racine, Wis.-based agricultural and construction equipment subsidiary of Tenneco, Inc.

Wambold, 38, added corporate IS and corporate planning and development to his duties when recently promoted to executive vice president from senior vice president. He remained general manager of Case's international business group.

Wambold previously held positions in corporate systems at Houston-based Tenneco.

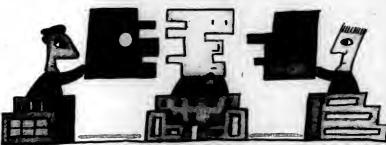
Donald L. Marchewer, executive vice president and chief information officer at Empire Blue Cross and Blue Shield in New York, has been promoted to executive vice president and chief operating officer.

Marchewer is now responsible for customer service and sales as well as IS.

Marchewer joined Empire Blue Cross as CIO in 1987 after 25 years at Deloitte Haskin & Sells, which is now Deloitte & Touche. His positions included partner in charge of information technology and partner in charge of the New Jersey Consulting Division.

Soul-searching: four case studies

Choices of integrators, outsourcers or in-house talent contain some common threads



Richard A. Goldberg

BY JOHANNA AMBROSIO
CHIEF EDITOR

Some companies will, some won't, and some are thinking about doing it more frequently. But whatever a company's philosophy is toward using systems integrators for important information systems projects, most of those that have reached a decision have gone through a similar process of soul-searching. And there are some common threads in the quest for answers.

The steps that most firms go through can be broken down into two major categories. First is determining what the company's core business is and how critical technology is to that business. Second is figuring out what specific technology and expertise are needed to support that business, what exists in-house and what should be brought in from outside — if anything.

A look at four firms illustrates how they went about deciding whether to use systems integrators or out-

sourcers and for what. Diesel Technology Corp., a manufacturer in Grand Rapids, Mich., outsourced its entire IS function, while Canada Post Corp., the privately owned Canadian mail delivery service in Ottawa, opted to outsource major portions but not the whole thing.

Taking a different approach was New York-based Shearson Lehman Brothers, Inc., which decided not to use outsiders for much. Somewhere in the middle is Goldman Sachs & Co., also in New York, which has used systems integrators in the past for specific projects and likely will again.

• **Diesel Technology.** The firm's technology decision odyssey began when Derek Kaufman became president in November 1988. The firm had previously been a division of General Motors Corp., with headquarters in Rochester, N.Y., and the manufacturing plant in Grand Rapids. Diesel Technology's entire computing resource was a time-shared mainframe in Rochester.

"Our DP system cost over 3% of

revenues, and we couldn't afford it," Kaufman recalls. So as part of his overall strategic revamping of the firm, Kaufman and his management team began to figure out how they wanted Diesel Technology to operate. They began an item-by-item analysis of what the company should be doing and what it should bring in from outside, including everything from components in the manufacturing process to computers.

"We make only certain things here," he says, "and we buy other things, like springs and O-rings, from outside suppliers because it doesn't make sense for us to do them. It lets us add value to what we do because we concentrate on our main business."

Similarly, Kaufman says, "We don't do systems integration very well either." Still, the decision to outsource "did not come easily. Our first inclination was to do everything ourselves. My internal MIS guy started talking about building an empire of people and machines. And you have to consider that you're paying \$300 per person a

Continued on page 73

Computerworld honors cream of the crop

The 10 most effective users of information technology in 1990, as ranked by the *Computerworld Premier 100*, were honored last week in New York. Information systems executives accepting awards were: (front row, from left) Carmine Vona, Bankers Trust New York Corp.; Allen Ditchfield, MCI Communications Corp.; Ron Cybyk, Banc One Corp.; Thomas Kiernan, AMR Corp.; Linda George, Gencorp; and Anish Mathai, Bankers Trust.

(Back row, from left) *Computerworld* Publisher Fritz Landmann; *Computerworld* Editor in Chief Bill Laberis; Robert McKinney, Paine Webber, Inc.; International Data Group Chairman Patrick McGovern; Brian Phillips, Norwest Corp.; and keynote speaker Peter Keen.

Other firms in the top 10 were FMC Corp., Union Texas Petroleum Holdings, Inc. and General Dynamics Corp.



John Bryant

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to link 1,200 personal computers, integrate an IBM mainframe and provide remote connectivity. In fact, its advanced capabilities earned Burnett the Excellence Award from the Enterprise Networking Institute.

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BOOK REVIEW

Looking back on more than 200 years of American business

POOR RICHARD'S LEGACY: AMERICAN BUSINESS VALUES FROM BENJAMIN FRANKLIN TO DONALD TRUMP

By Peter Baida
William Morrow and Co., \$22.95

Given the choice between "a 250-year stroll through business history" and a trip to the dentist, many of us might opt for a

nice shot of Novocain and call it a draw.

So Peter Baida was certainly tackling a formidable topic when he ventured forth with his book *Poor Richard's Legacy: American Business Values from Benjamin Franklin to Donald Trump*.

Baida reaches back through more than two centuries of American business morality and practices, splicing the story with well-researched biographies of such major players as Benjamin Franklin and IBM's Thomas Watson. Baida also highlights the popular business literature of the past, noting how business was a powerful magnet for the prose of



muckraking journalists. The author is a graduate of Harvard University and has an MBA from the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton Business School. He has written on business for *The Wall Street Journal*, *The New York Times*, *The Atlantic*, *Harvard Business Review* and other publications. Baida plies his expertise throughout *Poor Richard's* 341 pages,

displaying a wealth of detail and sprinkling the text with anecdotes.

Still, the book has a tendency to stagger under its own weight, reading more like a well-written college textbook than a would-be business best-seller. Surely Baida's

choice of a return to the "basic values of savings, hard work and keeping an eye on the future" will startle no one with its novelty.

By far the most interesting bits in the book are the stories about famous — and infamous — business legends such as John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Henry Ford.

Rockefeller, we learn, was busy keeping score while other little boys played ball. The founder of the Standard Oil Co. grew up with "the soul of a bookkeeper" and a tendency to lecture himself sternly as an antidote to overconfidence.

Henry Ford gets the sternest treatment in the book as Baida describes how the auto magnate destroyed his son and allowed the management of his automobile company to deteriorate. "Nowhere in the history of American business are the dangers of one-man rule more frighteningly demonstrated than in the decline of the Ford Motor Co. in the last 30 years of Henry Ford's life," Baida notes.

While the author presents a meticulously detailed case on the decline of American business values — contrasting it with the rise of corporate and consumer debt — he gets a trifle whiny at times with chapter subheadings such as "Whatever Happened to Yankee Know-How?" or "Whatever Happened to Thrift?"

Naturally, his tale begins and ends with that legendary tower of thrift and Yankee know-how, Benjamin Franklin, whom Baida sketches in the glowing terms of an unabashed admirer.

The author is a big fan of IBM as well. The chapter on "The Triumph of IBM" is glowing to the point at which it seems to exuberance even Baida, who spreads a thick coating of glossy company history over the narrative. He gets positively giddy about IBM's humble beginnings as "an unlikely conglomeration of companies that made meat slicers, butcher scales, coffee grinders, time clocks and primitive tabulating machines."

"Reading about IBM, even a doubting Thomas may begin to feel a sneaking fondness for it," he writes, admitting to a certain "uneasiness" because "everyone associated with IBM seems to say the same wonderful things and to have the same wonderful attitudes."

Oh, spare us.

Then again, perhaps a business historian cannot help but was poetic about a company that in less than 80 years "became one of the world's most profitable industrial enterprises."

Baida finds little to admire in 20th-century business culture. He dismisses the "charismatically cynical" business books of the 1970s, such as Robert Ringer's *Looking Out for Number One*, and bemoans the way the "success literature" of the last few decades veered away from the thrift, discipline and hard work embodied by Benjamin Franklin's philosophies.

The bottom line of *Poor Richard's Legacy* is rather like The Historian's Lament with a business twist: We should be learning from the past with the firm intention of repeating it.

"Perhaps we have lost not merely the capacity to work and to save but also the capacity to listen," Baida writes. Americans, he insists, have lost "not merely the discipline to deny ourselves for the future, but also the discipline to learn from past."

MARYFRAN JOHNSON

Johnson is a Computerworld senior editor, systems and software.



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Repetitive Motion Institute opens, first in U.S.

BY J. A. SAVAGE
CIVIL/STAFF

SAN JOSE, Calif. — Calling repetitive motion illness the "occupational epidemic of the '90s," Santa Clara County last month established what is believed to be the first Repetitive Motion Institute in the U.S.

"The number of those suffering from repetitive motion injury is increasing. Most of that increase is coming from information processing workers," said Linda Morse, medical director at the institute.

Repetitive motion illness usually manifests itself in carpal tunnel syndrome, tendinitis and ulnar nerve compression.

Morse said the clinic is not just administering to workers who suffer from repetitive motion illness, but is working "with companies and unions to prevent injuries."

When a firm or its insurance company calls the institute, it will respond by first taking a survey of workers, according to Tami Carver, project director at the institute. The survey will find out if workers are experiencing neck or wrist pain as well as find out if hobbies or nonwork-related activities may be contributing to such problems.

The institute will then offer education. Institute representatives will also share their supply of various ergonomic products, or what they like to call "quick fixes." These include wrist rests for use with a keyboard, phone headsets to relieve the hands from the strain of holding a receiver and footstools and pillows to improve posture.

"The rest answer is fully adjustable chairs and work surfaces," Morse said.

"But most companies can't afford it all at once."

Other than physical changes, altering work habits can also help. "You try to get management to rotate work tasks such as clerical and word processing," Morse said. "There is also the issue of work breaks."

She said the thinks a few minutes of break and exercise every half hour to hour is important. "The body just won't be created to type 20,000 strokes an hour."

During the first year of operation, the Santa Clara Valley Medical Center, which hosts the institute, has treated repetitive motion illness as part of its occupational health clinic. Santa Clara County decided to fund an institute "to create a focus that this is a major problem," Morse said.

Not what the doctor ordered

The following is a list of common ergonomic problems for office workers, according to the Santa Clara Valley Medical Center Repetitive Motion Institute:

- Straining in one place.
- Shifting weight without a back support.
- Sitting too high or too low for task.
- Standing too high or too low.

- Trunk curved forward when sitting.
- Head held forward.
- Frequent bending or twisting of body.
- Wrist bent when working on keyboard.
- Pressure on fingertips.
- "Winging" elbows.
- Improper lighting.

Soul-searching

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 69

month for benefits coverage."

Kaufman said he was convinced by Electronic Data Systems Corp. (EDS) that outsourcing was the way to go. In a seven-month period, using EDS as its sole source, Diesel Technology got out of the time-shared mainframe, brought in computers for all aspects of the company and "cut our DP costs in half," Kaufman says.

"They convinced me they could get small, get fast and get cheap," he says.

• **Shearson Lehman Brothers.** On the other end of the spectrum, David Sherr, vice president of distributed infrastructure support at Shearson, expresses complete confidence in Shearson's staff to handle IS operations and systems integration themselves. "Under very special circumstances, if the business need is acute, we would consider [outside integration firms]," he says. "But we have a lot of experience in-house, and we generally handle any integration projects."

Sherr's 11-year-old group, made up of 13 people, "has demonstrated we have the skill and the ability to do it." So there is little need to go outside for help, he says. And the one time he did try an ambitious project with outsiders, "it did not go well," he says.

Another factor at Shearson is the company's homegrown layer of software to connect applications to databases, communications and computer gear. It allows Shearson flexibility in changing vendors for different computing components.

That layer of software "is our competitive advantage. So we're very careful about who gets to see it," Sherr says.

• **Goldman Sachs.** Shearson rival Goldman Sachs approaches the subject with a very different perspective. "We've used integrators to help with specific projects, and I'd do it again," says James K. Burns, vice president of IS management. When the company converted from Burroughs Corp. to IBM mainframes one year ago, he used Andersen Consulting and Computer Associates International, Inc.

Then again, Burns has a more personal history with systems integrators that do many of his IS colleagues. He used to

work for Andersen Consulting, which gives him more exposure to the subject. "I know how to work with these guys, how to prequalify them so they know our company and what we need," he says.

Burns thinks of using systems integrators as a way to temporarily expand his resource pool. Otherwise, he says, "you either have too many people on your payroll or you don't satisfy demand because you have too few."

But what is it to do what's best for the company, he says. "Sometimes that means using internal people, sometimes

I KNOW HOW TO work with these guys . . . so they know our company and what we need."

JAMES K. BURNS
GOLDMAN SACHS

external." In most cases the external people have a supplemental role to the internal IS staffers, he says.

• **Canada Post.** The Canadian postal service took a more radical tack to using outsiders. "We've had to redefine how we deliver systems to the corporation," says James T. Baines, corporate manager of purchasing. "We currently have a mish-mash of systems that never did, and never will, suit our business needs."

So the goal is to help people implement systems that will better fit the business requirements. But "MIS guys and end users may not know there are better ways to do something. We had to improve that process," Baines says.

Now, end users bring their requests to a member of the company's information technology group, who figures out what specific business skills a project requires. The group then decides which systems integration vendor is best suited for that project and brings in that company.

The systems integrator spends time with the end users and information technology people, and together, all three groups derive a functional specification for the system. The outside firm then defines specific deliverables of the project

and Canada Post sends out bids, evaluates them and awards the project.

Canada Post used this technique when it built a state-of-the-art mail processing center, working with such integrators as EDS and Andersen Consulting. And the firm will use more of the technique in the future.

"We're looking for companies that will be the integrators of record for large areas of our company; to own a piece of our business," Baines says. "We want to outsource our infrastructure. We'll provide the architecture, set the standards and tell them what we want, and they'll do it. We're risking the responsibility to them but also the risk."

The decisions faced by all four firms clearly go much deeper than the technology needs of any one project. To an increasing extent, going outside or staying in-house will say a lot about a company's business strategy and corporate culture. The elusive "what's best for the company," even between firms in the same industry — and will vary widely among the fellow soul-searchers in IS.

MANAGEMENT BRIEFS

OASI issues call for papers

The Office Automation Society International (OASI) has issued a call for papers for its eighth annual conference to be held July 17-19 in Alexandria, Va.

The theme of the conference is converging technologies. Papers are encouraged in the areas of management in automated environments, applications, new or emerging technologies and problem identification and solutions.

Those interested must submit an abstract of the paper by Dec. 30. Completed papers are due Feb. 15, 1991. To make a submission or to request more information, contact: OASI, P.O. Box 374, McLean, Va. 22101, (703) 821-6650.

The OASI is a nonprofit association dedicated to providing education and professional certification in office automation systems and management.

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CALENDAR

Users of Sun Microsystems, Inc. workstations will gather at the Sun Open Systems Expo in Boston, Feb. 25-27.

The event will feature a series of tutorials under three different technical topics: the Scalable Processor Architecture, networking and windowing/graphics. There will also be exhibits by Sun and related peripheral and software vendors.

For more information, contact Sun Open Systems Expo in Austin, Texas at (512) 331-7761.

JAN 6-12

Macworld International Summit, San Francisco, Jan. 7-9 — Contact: Susan Carroll, Macworld Communications, Inc., San Francisco, Calif. (415) 979-3392.

International Security Conference and Exposition West '91, Anaheim, Calif., Jan. 9-11 — Contact:

Coburn Exposition Group, Des Plaines, Ill. (708) 299-9311.

JAN 13-19

ICA Winter Seminar, Houston, Jan. 13-16 — Contact: International Communications Association, Dallas, Texas (214) 833-3889.

Pacific Telecommunications Conference: Accessing the Global Network, Honolulu, Jan. 13-16 — Contact: PTC, Honolulu, Hawaii (808) 941-3789.

Northeast Retail Federation Retail Industry Convention and Exposition, New York, Jan. 13-16 — Contact: NRF Convention Registry, New York, N.Y. (212) 563-5113.

Technical Conference on the X Window System, Boston, Jan. 14-16 — Contact: MIT Laboratory for Computer Science, Cambridge, Mass. (617) 253-8861.

JAN 20-26

Devo Violence '91, San Francisco, Jan. 20-23 — Contact: Earle Sperry, Westack Systems, Orinda, Calif. (415) 254-0906.

The Drowning Conference, San Francisco, Jan. 21-22 — Contact: Digital Consulting, Andover, Mass. (508) 470-3886.

Unix Technical Conference, Dallas, Jan. 23-25 — Contact: Unix Conference Office, El Toro, Calif. (714) 586-8649.

Infonet '91, Las Vegas, Jan. 29-33 — Contact: Bob Dea, Infonet Publishing, Capistrano Beach, Calif. (714) 480-2434.

Uniforum 1991, Dallas, Jan. 22-24 — Contact: Bob Lake, PEMCO, Des Plaines, Ill. (708) 299-3131.

JAN 27-FEB 2

Communication Networks '91 Conference and Exposition, Washington, D.C., Jan. 28-31 — Contact: Michael Soliman, World Expo Corp., Framingham, Mass. (508) 829-8268.

Network Computing Forum and Exposition, Washington, D.C., Jan. 29-31 — Contact: Christian Krywinski, World Expo Corp., Framingham, Mass. (508) 829-8128.

FEB 3-9

Managex Conference, Phoenix, Feb. 4-8 — Contact: Managex Developers Association, Everett, Wash. (206) 253-6946.

Modtech/91, N.Y., Feb. 5-7 — Contact: Peter Kingston, Exposition Management, Wallkill, Mass. (617) 290-0412.

Florida Educational Technology Conference, Tampa, Fla., Feb. 5-8 — Contact: Barbara Ann Cox, Office of Educational Technology, Tallahassee, Fla. (904) 488-0980.

HOWDA, West Regional Convention, San Diego, Feb. 7-9 — Contact: Katy Dunn, HOWDA, Kansas City, Mo. (816) 941-3100.

FEB 10-16

The Development Center Institute Conference, Orlando, Fla., Feb. 10-13 — Contact: Development Center Institute, Indianapolis, Ind. (317) 846-7753.

Video Expo, San Francisco, Feb. 11-15 — Contact: Debbie Kotok, Knowledge Industry Publications, White Plains, N.Y. (914) 438-6157.

FEB 17-23

SAS Users Group International Conference, New Orleans, Feb. 17-20 — Contact: SAS Registration, SAS Institute, Cary, N.C. (919) 677-4000.

Northeast Computer Show, Minneapolis, Feb. 19-20 — Contact: Judy Kach, Plymouth, Minn. (612) 428-5278.

Test User Group Conference, Long Beach, Calif., Feb. 19-22 — Contact: Anne Silberman or F. Thomas Cox, Test Software, Culver City, Calif. (310) 649-5609.

MultiMedia '91, Orlando, Fla., Feb. 20-22 — Contact: Society for Applied Learning Technology, Warrington, Va. (703) 247-6055.

FEB 24-MARCH 2

IEEE Conference on Artificial Intelligence Applications, Miami Beach, Fla., Feb. 26-28 — Contact: IEEE Computer Society, Washington, D.C. (202) 371-1913.

Shore '91, San Francisco, Feb. 24-March 1 — Contact: Shore Headquarters, Chicago, Ill. (312) 644-6618.

Communications Connections Conference '91, San Diego, Feb. 25-27 — Contact: Dimensions, Redwood City, Calif. (415) 591-0185.

Compucon Spring '91, San Francisco, Feb. 25-March 1 — Contact: Roger Anderson, Livermore, Calif. (415) 425-8572.

ISI and the Law '91, Washington, D.C., Feb. 26-27 — Contact: Data Interchange Standards Association, Alexandria, Va. (703) 546-7005.

European Wireless Systems Conference, Munich, Germany, Feb. 26-27 — Contact: Rita A. Tannenbaum, Proter Research, Coller Knolls, N.J. (201) 286-1566.

Financial Market Data Conference, New York, Feb. 26-27 — Contact: Waters Information Services, Binghamton, N.Y. (607) 773-6000.

Strategic Planning Systems Conference, Tampa, Ariz., Feb. 27-March 1 — Contact: Peter Ashby, Conference Coordinator, Nardoni Associates, Lebanon, N.J. (201) 730-9444.

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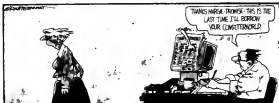


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PRODUCT SPOTLIGHT

T1 SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT

Private/public mix stirs up new issues

BY MICHAEL HURWICZ

Before fractional and switched T1, it was easy to decide who controlled what part of the network: The carrier provided the raw bandwidth, and the user provided everything else, including multiplexing, networking, rerouting, monitoring and first-time troubleshooting.

With these newer T1 services and the appearance of carrier-offered frame relay, the division of labor is not so simple. With fractional T1, the carrier provides the multiplexing capability, while with switched T1 and frame relay, networking and rerouting are built into the service.

But that doesn't mean users can — or want to — throw the control of their networks to the carriers. For one thing, most customers will still need the full bandwidth of their point-to-point private T1 pipes, installing the newer public T1 services only where they are needed.

More importantly, frame relay, switched and fractional T1 may be economically attractive, but many customers are not yet comfortable with the degree of control they will have over these publicly-offered lines.

While carriers are good providers of transmission capacity, most people are not convinced that they can also manage an entire network, says Jim Kolbe, director of telecommunications at United Stationers Supply Co., the nation's largest wholesaler of office products.

"A T1 pipe can be used in so many different ways: for voice, compressed voice, various types of data protocols, frame relay, fast packet switching," he says. Each application requires different types of equipment and different management strategies.

Carriers, he continues, have been more experienced with point-to-point dedicated circuits that provide a fixed amount of bandwidth — the same kinds of circuits required for voice.

What people are looking for is

Herwicz is a free-lance writer and consultant at MTI Group in Easton, Wash.



John S. Dyer

a satisfactory method of testing and monitoring carrier performance and availability before entrusting their data networks to these services.

"I can't remember a time when so many new technologies and products became available to customers. The products are coming out faster than network management is keeping up with them," says Bernie Schneider, director of product management at U.S. Sprint Communications Co.

On-demand services such as switched T1 and frame relay bring new management problems that carriers have not yet addressed in a satisfactory way, Schneider says. For instance, users cannot afford to wait until the end of the month to find out how

much switched T1 is costing them, he says. They need up-to-date information on use.

Another issue is determining how a particular data call is being routed so that if a user calls the company's network control center with a problem, both the network control staff and the carrier know which circuits and pieces of equipment to test. "Usages of equipment to test," says Schneider, "are driving toward these services," Schneider says, "but there are no easy solutions in sight."

Currently, the carriers do provide performance reporting, and there are products emerging now that help users monitor and interpret those reports. One is Clearview Surveillance System from Clear Communications Corp. in Lincolnshire, Ill.

In addition, AT&T has announced that the Accumaster Services Workstation will support its T1 service starting in the first quarter of 1991.

This service will provide notification when user-defined thresholds for error statistics have been exceeded. The workstation will provide round-the-clock access to network management information and will also provide a rerouting capability.

But carriers offering fractional, switched or frame relay services still have some work to do before users are satisfied. At companies such as Progressive Property and Casualty Insurance Co. in Cleveland, the network is considered a "lifeline," says Dick Bradner, vice president of telecommunications. The network spans 232 locations and operates at a rate of 110 million transactions per month. The Systems Network Architecture (SNA) network includes 21 T1s and three fractional T1s used exclusively for data, Bradner says.

While he is happy with the flexibility, speed and cost-effectiveness of fractional T1, Progressive's dedicated point-to-point T1s still form the core of the network, and Bradner can manage that core with intelligent multiplexers and a Communications Management System from Racal-Milgo.

Fractional T1 services have been available from smaller carriers such as Williams Telecommunications and Cable and Wireless Communications, Inc. since early 1989, with major carriers such as AT&T, MCI Communications Corp. and Sprint joining the bandwidth in mid-1989.

Like other users, Bradner was attracted to fractional T1 for the cost savings — people can pay for 64K bit/sec. increments of bandwidth rather than leasing a full 1.5M bit/sec. line. Part of the cost savings, however, is reaped by moving network intelligence from the customer premises to the public network.

For instance, users can reduce local-access charges by letting the local carrier handle a "fan-out" service, which brings each digital circuit

Continued on page 78

INSIDE

One Lump or Three?

A guide to the cost-effectiveness of various T1 services. Page 78.

Buyers' Scorecard

Users rate Stratcom's IPX No. 1 in five of six top categories. Page 82.

Product Guide

A comprehensive listing of bit error rate testing tools. Page 89.

When — and if — to make a move

BY BRIQ BHUSHAN

Are you ready to move to a T1 network, or is fractional T1 or T3 more your speed? By determining break-even points, the charts at right can help you determine which to choose.

The top chart lists the cost of T1 services for various paired

Bhushan is president of Reston Consulting Group, Inc., a consulting firm in Herndon, Va., that provides consulting services to wide- and local-area networks.

cities. The bottom chart can be used to perform a break-even analysis between the various T1 options.

There are two steps in the process:
• First, determine the mileage between the two locations for which communications are needed (the horizontal axis). Read across to the intercept with the T1 vs. AT&T's Dataphone Digital Service (DDS), fractional or T3 curves.

Round the number from the vertical axis to the next higher

integer. This number represents the number of circuits at which the cost of provisioning is the same as the cost of going to the next higher-speed circuit.

• Second, determine the number of circuits that are needed to satisfy the needs of your business. If that number exceeds the break-even number arrived at in the process above, a higher-speed line is likely justifiable, especially in light of the excess circuits available in the higher-speed circuit.

If the number of needed circuits is less than the break-even number, then on the basis of these economic alone, the cost of other services is less expensive. (Note that other factors may still swing the balance in favor of T1 and T3 services.)

For example, the break-even point between T1 and DDS service is anywhere from three to five DDS circuits. For a circuit mileage of 800 miles, four (3.357) DDS circuits equals the cost of one T1 circuit. If you needed a fifth DDS circuit, it would pay to order a T1 circuit.

The break-even point between T1 and T3 ranges from seven to 13 circuits, and the break-even point between T1 and 64K bit/sec. fractional T1 is anywhere from eight to 19 circuits. *

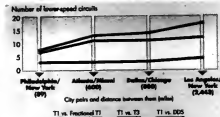
Comparative cost of various point-to-point AT&T interexchange services

City pair	DDS cost	Fractional T1 (1.050)	T1 cost	T3 cost
Philadelphia/New York (85 miles)	\$683	\$322	\$2,793	\$19,918
Atlanta/Washington (500 miles)	\$2,914	\$494	\$4,483	\$75,600
Dallas/Chicago (900 miles)	\$2,382	\$539	\$4,185	\$76,200
Los Angeles/New York (2,443 miles)	\$4,482	\$1,101	\$20,500	\$265,429

* Costs are for interexchange portions only between AT&T's points of presence and do not include any service functions or local-exchange service tariffs.

* All tariffs are based on monthly charges, and no volume discounts are taken into account.
* The tariffs in both charts are in accordance with AT&T's Federal Communications Commission tariff No. 9 with an effective date of Oct. 12, 1990

Various AT&T interexchange tariff comparisons



* This chart is intended for guidance only and should not be used for comparing costs with actual network configurations.

* Calculations include only the cost of interexchange circuits between different cities.

Source: Reston Consulting Group

CI Chart, Denver St. John



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Continued from page 77
as close as possible to its network termination. If customers provide the fax-out, they have to pay for access charges from the T1 multiplexer to each termination point.

In addition, fractional T1 requires less intelligence of customer premises equipment. Because the carrier does the multiplexing, users supply only access multiplexers, which are less expensive and sophisticated than switching multiplexers or nodal processors. The access multiplexer provides access to a channel group and doesn't need to switch channel groups to different network locations.

Like fractional T1, switched T1 services also had a degree of control to the carrier. With this service, users can get either full or fractional T1 bandwidth, but they get it on demand and pay for it only when they use it. Because the carrier handles the switching, customers do not need to have switching multiplexers on the premises.

AT&T announced switched T1 in November, with availability slated for the second quarter of 1991. MCI says it will have switched T1 and T3 in the third quarter of 1991, and Sprint offers no switched T1 services.

Higher bandwidth circuits will also be available from some carriers. Nynex Corp., for one, is preparing a tariff for switched

T3, a 45M bit/sec. digital offering from which 28 T1 circuits can be derived.

Basic testing on switched T1 service is fairly easy. As with voice calls, users can simply attempt a connection and see how long it takes. Managing T1 bandwidth on demand for optimal price/performance is more difficult, however.

Current network management schemes offered by carriers for automatically bringing up and bringing down T1 bandwidth are based on time of day, Sprint's

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Caregivers sought

Some users say it would make life a lot simpler and their networks more flexible if they could trust the carriers with network management.

"Today, when we run into a problem, we have to determine where the problem lies," says Jim Kolbe, director of telecommunications at United Stationers Supply Co. "If it's a line problem, we call the carrier. If it's a [private branch exchange] problem, we call the PBX vendor. If it's a multiplexer problem, we call the multiplexer vendor."

United Stationers is in the process of talking with vendors and carriers in hopes of turning a portion of the network over to a third party within a year or two.

Dick Bradner, vice president of telecommunications at Progressive Property and Casualty Insurance Co. in Cleveland, would also like to turn to carriers for installation and maintenance of sophisticated T1 networking equipment. Not only would it give him another alternative in configuring Progressive's network, but Bradner says he also feels the carriers could offer such services at competitive prices.

MICHAEL HUKWICZ

Schneider says. This may be acceptable for voice traffic, which tends to be rather predictable, but data traffic, especially that associated with personal computers and local-area networks, is often bursty.

T1 bandwidths used for data may sit idle much of the time if it is brought up and down by time of day alone.

What is really needed, accord-

ing to Schneider, is a protocol that would allow customer premises equipment and the public network to exchange information about network usage and performance. That protocol does not yet exist, he says.

Milantic Bank, which is based in Edison, N.J., is planning to use switched T1 services in the future, but only for disaster recovery reasons.

Frank Ferrara, vice president of communications services at the bank, says that so far, he has had no reason to opt for the lower bandwidth on a constant-traffic basis.

When Ferrara does sign up with a carrier to perform switching services, it will be for backup reasons only. "Most carriers can't fight their way out of a paper bag" when it comes to sophisticated data networking, he says.

It is with frame-relay services that managers will begin to require very detailed and complex types of information, especially when public carriers begin offering them.

Public frame-relay services will combine various data streams in the same way that a T1 multiplexer or nodal processor does, eliminating the need for a T1 multiplexer or nodal processor on the customer's premises.

But neither MCI, Sprint nor AT&T will offer these public frame-relay services until certain standards — especially those handling congestion and data stream prioritizing — are established, and that probably won't be until sometime in 1991.

AT&T currently supports frame relay, but only for its Customer Network Offering II,

which is a private networking service.

A coalition of frame-relay vendors — Northern Telecom, Inc., Digital Equipment Corp., Sprintcom, Inc. and Cisco Systems, Inc. — has detailed new specifications that address some

"logical link status messages," which provide information on the availability of the permanent virtual circuits provided by the frame-relay service.

However, there is no provision yet for collecting statistics on what happens to individual packets, how many packets are transferred during a given period of time or how long it takes a packet to traverse the network.

United Stationers is planning to install private frame-relay equipment. If the public carrier price is right, however, Kolbe says he may hand over all his frame-relay traffic.

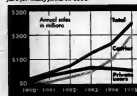
That depends, however, on whether devices exist to monitor the carrier's performance, Kolbe adds.

He says he'd have to not only be able to determine the health of the underlying T1 pipe but also make sure the frame-relay protocol isn't creating problems.

"The carriers will have to add another level of network control," Kolbe says. "My ability to deploy public frame relay will depend on how effectively they can deploy that network control."

T3 to go

Sales of T3 private network equipment are forecast to grow 70% annually, but carrier-based offerings will start to become standard fare for many firms in 1993.



Source: The Yankee Group

CW Chart: Dennis G. Jahn

network management concerns.

The specifications address Layer 1 (physical) connections, service enhancements, such as broadcasts, and a local management interface that provides a number of features, including congestion control, a physical "heartbeat" indicating that the hardware is still functioning and

termining the health of the underlying T1 pipe but also make sure the frame-relay protocol isn't creating problems.

"The carriers will have to add another level of network control," Kolbe says. "My ability to deploy public frame relay will depend on how effectively they can deploy that network control."

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RYAN MCFARLAND

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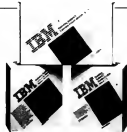


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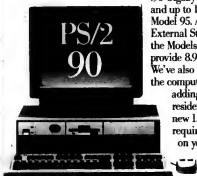
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Feature	IBM PS/2 Model 90	IBM PS/2 Model 95
Microprocessor	80486	80486
Standard Clock speed	25-33 MHz	25-33 MHz
Optional upgrade	33 MHz	33 MHz
Memory		
Standard	4MB (70ns)	4MB (70ns)
Maximum	32MB	32MB
Integrated Functions	Extended Graphics Array (EGA) and display port, dual DMA serial ports, DMA parallel port, pointing device port, keyboard port, diskette controller support for three drives, SCSI adapter with Cache	
Fixed Disk Storage		
Standard	80-320MB	160MB-320MB
Display Modes	XGA (includes all VGA modes) 640 x 480 x 256 colors/ 64 gray shades; 1024 x 768 x 16 colors/gray shades; hardware support for 132 column text mode, 16-bit direct color mode at 640 x 480 x 64K colors	
Available Expansion Slots	three 32-bit	six 32-bit
Bus Architecture		
Data path	MCA 32-bit	MCA 32-bit

of your system. With Micro Channel busmaster adapters, you can incorporate multiple processors—like adding "computers" to your computer. And coupled with the industry-standard Small Computer System Interface (SCSI), you'll be able to support new applications and continue to build on your system as your needs become more varied and complex.

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BUYERS' SCORECARD

Stratacom's IPX sweeps T1 multiplexer ratings

BY MICHAEL L.
SULLIVAN-TRAINOR
CW STAFF

Pioneering new technology is a dangerous gamble. Winners can take the lead in the market or create a new one. Losers are destined for obscurity. For vendors, the difference between the two alternatives rests primarily on user acceptance.

Stratacom can rest easy based on the results of *Computerworld's* Buyers' Scorecard on the leading T1 multiplexer product lines. Stratacom's users gave its IPX series top marks in 12 of 16 categories, including five of the six most important areas to all users surveyed, making it a clear winner in terms of overall satisfaction ratings.

Survey results are based on interviews with 34 users of Stratacom's IPX series and 50 users of each of the following product lines: Network Equipment Technologies Corp.'s (NET) IDNX series, Newbridge Network Corp.'s 3600 Mainstreet series and Timeplex, Inc.'s Link series. Each user group evaluated only the product it uses (see methodology next page).

Of the top four market leaders considered, Stratacom, a \$30 million firm, has the smallest market share. It is also the only vendor to implement a fast-packet switch architecture. The other three use a time division architecture.

IPX's strengths are reflected in high user ratings for reliability (9.6 out of 10) — the most important criteria to all 184 users — and time required to re-route (9.0). The most glaring weaknesses surface in ratings of fractional

T1 support (a last-place finish) and useful management reports (a first-place rating but IPX's lowest rating overall).

NET's IDNX series also garnered high user ratings. The product line was a close second in many of the areas where IPX came in first and received the highest rating in one of the top six categories — providing sufficient overall capacity. IDNX users rated it low in providing efficient asynchronous data interfaces, however, giving it the worst marks of the group in that area.

Newbridge's Mainstreet 3600, another relatively new series, received the top user rating in compatibility with carrier services — a characteristic that placed seventh in terms of user-assigned importance. It also received the best score for fractional T1 support.

At the moment, however, that achievement carries less weight with users, who assigned this consideration 14th place on its importance scale. Users rated Mainstreet low in routing and network management capabilities.

Timeplex's Link series received lukewarm to cold reviews from its users, garnering four third-place ratings for efficient synchronous and asynchronous data interfaces, parameter routing and fractional T1 support. Link users gave it the lowest rating in the 12 other categories, with the lowest being useful management reports (5.3).

Lower ratings for Timeplex's Link series may also be attributable to its being the oldest product group surveyed. Thirty-nine of the Timeplex users have had its products installed for three years or more, while users of the other products have had them installed for shorter periods of time. *



T1 Multiplexers

Total scores reflect all criteria and their user-assigned importance
Response base: 50 per product, except Stratacom's IPX series (34)

Product	Three highest ratings	Three lowest ratings
Stratacom's IPX series SCORE 66	Reliability Time required to reroute Effective support for digital voice	Useful management reports Reasonable cost to upgrade Fractional T1 support
NET's IDNX series SCORE 64	Reliability Compatibility with carrier services Sufficient overall capacity	Useful management reports Reasonable cost to upgrade Reasonable initial costs
Newbridge's 3600 Mainstreet series SCORE 61	Compatibility with carrier services Reliability Sufficient overall capacity	Useful management reports Reasonable cost to upgrade Reasonable initial costs
Timeplex's Link series SCORE 58	Compatibility with carrier services Reliability Efficient synchronous data interfaces	Useful management reports Reasonable cost to upgrade Effective diagnostic tools

KEY RATINGS

Stratacom users rate its IPX series highest in five of six areas considered most important by all users surveyed. While NET users rate the IDNX series just as high in providing sufficient overall capacity, they place it second in the other five criteria

Over importance rating

9.6 Reliability



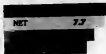
8.8 Sufficient overall capacity



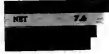
8.6 Efficient synchronous data interfaces



8.5 Effective diagnostic tools



8.4 Effective network management capabilities



8.4 Time required to reroute



CW Charts: Paul Meek

A CLOSER LOOK

Stratcom's IPX series continues its high ratings, capturing five of nine top positions in remaining categories and tying with Newbridge and NET products in ability to interoperate. NET tops reasonable cost to upgrade, and Newbridge ties with NET in carrier services compatibility.

User importance rating

8.2

Compatibility with carrier services



8.2

Efficient parameter routing



8.2

Ability to interoperate with other products supplied by manufacturer



7.9

Reasonable initial network configuration and installation costs



7.8

Useful management reports



7.7

Reasonable cost to upgrade



7.7

Effective support for digital voice communications



7.5

Fractional T1 support



7.0

Efficient asynchronous data interfaces



Loyalties

How likely would you be to purchase this product again if you were making the decision today?
(Responses based on most frequently stated responses)

Stratcom's IPX series

Response base: 34



NET's IDNX series

Response base: 50



Newbridge's Mainstreet 3600 series

Response base: 50



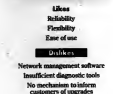
Timplex's Link series

Response base: 48



Verbatim

What do you like best/least about this product?
(Responses are based on the most frequently stated answers)



Vital statistics

Total number of respondents: 184

What is your position?

Data communications manager 143
IS manager 41

How many nodes are included on this network?

3 to 4 42
5 to 9 58
10 to 20 43
21 to 49 25
50 to 99 9
100 to 199 2
More than 200 4
No response 1

When was the first multiplexer from this vendor installed?

More than 5 years ago 14
3 to 5 years ago 58
1 to 3 years ago 79
More than 6 months ago 16
More than 3 months ago 16
No response 1

METHODOLOGY

Products rated in *Computerworld's* Buyers' Scorecard on T1 multiplexers were chosen on the basis of vendor installed base and revenue. Users' responses to the top four major vendors' high-end products were compared.

Rating responses were obtained from 50 users for each product, with the exception of Stratcom's IPX. For that product, the minimum was lowered to 34 because of the vendor's low installed base.

The survey was conducted by telephone interviews at First Market Research, which is located in Austin, Texas.

Total weighted scores were computed by multiplying the mean scores that users assigned to the importance of each criterion by the mean scores that each user group gave to its own products.

RESPONDENT PROFILE

The majority of users surveyed use the following models: Timplex — Link 1 and Link 2; NET — IDNX 30, IDNX 40 and IDNX 70; Newbridge — Mainstreet 3600; and Stratcom — IPX 16 and IPX 32.

Respondents say that 39% of their T1 traffic is fractional T1 and that the systems carry an average of 65% data, 25% voice and 6% video traffic.

Sixty-three percent of the users work at companies that have annual revenue of more than \$1 billion, and 29% are in the manufacturing industry.

Users say they would like to use the following features or functions added to their products (the most common responses are listed): Stratcom's IPX — fractional T1 support, frame-relay support and the ability to run diagnostics on specific cards from the console; NET's IDNX — enhanced network management, better user interface and lower-cost network management; Newbridge's Mainstreet — enhanced report writing, improved network management and frame-relay capability; and Timplex's Link — better management and diagnostic tools, fast-packet technology and built-in terminals.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Computerworld would like to acknowledge the assistance provided by the following: Rosemary Caches, Vertical Systems Group; Thomas Nole, CMI Corp.; Harry Reynolds, Reynolds Communications; Computer Intelligence; and International Data Corp.

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Fractions can stump multiplexers

On multiplexers, you can get various levels of functionality

BY ROSEMARY COCHRAN

If you opt for fractional T1 services, you might be in for a surprise: Not all T1 multiplexers directly support these services. To make things more confusing, neither price nor the level of sophistication of the equipment will tell you the machine's fractional functionality.

In fact, most multiplexers in the \$17,000 to \$30,000 range are as functional for fractional T1 as networking multiplexers that cost three to four times that amount.

You can segment the three categories of multiplexers (see box) into three levels of fractional support:

- **Level 1:** Multiplexers that are fractional T1-compatible. Level 1 multiplexers can format a T1 aggregate into multiple virtual or logical circuits, either as individual DS0s or bundles of DS0s.

To do this, the multiplexer must support an internodal link interface module

the multiplexer's aggregate module must be able to place a supervisory link within the DS0 bundle defined as an internodal link.

Supervisory links are an integral part of the telemetry and control system, which permits remote network management for T1 networks. These links are used to transport operations data, such as circuit provisioning information and alarm reports.

The amount of bandwidth required for the supervisory link is considered overhead bandwidth and varies by manufac-

turer. For some machines, the size of the supervisory link can be adjusted based on the size of the internodal circuit.

- **Level 3:** Equipment that has multiple supervisory links. With the high cost of individual local exchange channels, many users seek alternate methods to access carrier central offices. One common vehicle to avoiding access charges is multiplexed interfaces, such as Primary Rate Interface.

Similarly, using a single local channel to combine multiple fractional T1 circuits reduces the total number of local channels and their associated charges.

For the multiplexer to do this, a supervisory link must be included in each virtual fractional T1 aggregate. The virtual aggregates are split into separate interoffice

channels at the carrier's central office for routing to different destinations.

One disadvantage to this approach is that you lose the inherent backup protection multiple physical channels provide. Users with critical applications find this implementation unacceptable. Others claim you can diminish the risk through normal contingency planning in the overall topological design of the network.

Multiplexers with Level 3 functionality can support multiple virtual aggregates — as distinct bundles — on a single physical aggregate. Each virtual aggregate represents a unique internodal link with its own supervisory link. For a T1 line, the maximum number of virtual aggregates is 24.

Each of the products in this category

Multichoice

Vertical Systems Group divides multiplexers into three categories:

- **Networking multiplexers** typically have proprietary architectures and are implemented to build wide-area enterprise backbone networks. These networks have mesh topologies, support multiple voice and data applications and require the flexibility to adapt to changing bandwidth and connectivity requirements.

- **End multiplexers** with networking capability are used to support small or relatively static enterprise networks. The key difference between products in this category and networking multiplexers is the degree of operations automation and network control.

- **End multiplexers** are designed for compatibility with carrier services and therefore have standards-based architectures. They are typically aimed at point-to-network configurations that connect user locations to a central office for access to carrier-based services. They are also used in point-to-point configurations to link two or three end-user locations in a private network.

that conforms to the D4 format specification — that is, a T1 frame channelized as 24 DS0s.

D4 support ensures compatibility with the digital cross-connect system equipment that most carriers use to provide fractional T1 services.

- **Level 2:** Multiplexers that offer fractional T1 networking support. These machines can maintain single-point network control through fractional T1 circuits. For many people, this is the minimum level of functionality required.

To support single-point management,

Cochran is principal at Vertical Systems Group, a market research and consulting firm in Dedham, Mass.



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Three levels of fractional support

Support Level	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Switching equipment	Network Equip. Switching DS0/DS1 Switching 1000 Switching 20	NA	DS0/DS1 Switching Switching 1000 Switching 20
End user players with switching capability	NA	NA	Switching 1000 Switching 20
End multiplexers	General Multiplexers Multiplexers 1000 Multiplexers 20	General 1000 General 20 General 1000 General 20	General 1000 General 20 General 1000 General 20

Source: Vertical Systems Group

CV Chart: December 1990

(see chart) can support as many as 24 separate supervisory links per T1 aggregate, with the exception of Avanti Communications Corp.'s ONX, which handles as many as 16 links.

What if your T1 multiplexer does not have the level of fractional T1 support you need? External equipment such as an intelligent

channel service unit, format converter or channel bank with an N times DS0 data port can provide it. Depending on the implementation and specific equipment capabilities, fractional T1 support at Levels 1, 2 or 3 can be achieved.

One vendor that uses this approach is Network Equipment Technologies Corp. (NET), which acts as an OEM for an intelligent channel service unit from Cylink Corp. This external device formats an N times 64K bps/sec. aggregate from an NET IDNX as a bundle of DS0s. As many as two bundles can be defined, each with its own supervisory link.

This implementation allows Level 3 support, albeit for a maximum of two virtual aggregates per T1.

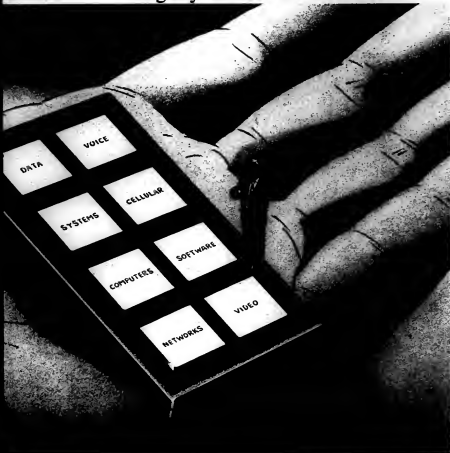
While the use of external equipment is

a convenient way to achieve fractional T1 support, there are shortcomings to this approach if the external equipment cannot be managed via the T1 multiplexer's network management system.

You need to coordinate the management of these external devices and the multiplexers to ensure that fractional T1 circuits can be remotely configured and tested.

This assessment of product capabilities is based on the Vertical Systems Group's independent technical evaluation and represents functionality that was operational in end-user networks as of July 1990. This article is based on information from the recently released report, "Private Network Industry Analysis 1990-1991." ■

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Bill Gaffney
VP, Business Development
Satellite Transmission and
Reception Specialists, Inc.
Houston, Texas

METROPOLITAN FIBER SYSTEMS, INC.: Using the Metrofiber DS1 Hub service, up to 24 individual analog or digital channels from multiple locations on a Metrofiber network can be aggregated onto a DS1 circuit for individual collection or distribution. In addition, the Metrofiber DS1 to DS0 Digital Cross Connect System enables Metrofiber to clock the individual circuits to ensure synchronized data transmission and minimal data loss.

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We are using Netrix #1-SS Integrated Switching System. Can we use its T1 multiplexing capabilities to remotely access the X.25 data stream at our end user's site? This would enable us to diagnose problems quickly and save us from dispatching an engineer out to the field.

Martin W. Heywood
New Service/
Business Development
Fedex International
Transmission Corp.
Memphis, Tenn.

NETRIX CORP.: The #1-SS allows you to use the integrated T1 multiplexing capabilities to send a copy of any circuit back to your central network management site. This way, engineers with data scopes and other sophisticated test equipment can examine the problem and reconfigure the equipment accordingly.

To each his own T1 network

BY CHRISTOPHER HERBERT

Choosing among the various T1 bandwidths is a very individualistic decision. What all T1 customers do have in common, however, is not only higher speed transmission but also cost savings.

At the Royal Bank of Canada, higher bandwidth was only one reason for going to T1. When the bank installed two T1 lines between its offices in Toronto and New York, it not only centralized all processing in the Canadian city but also

Herbert is a free-lance writer based in Washington, D.C.

turned out the lights for the New York data processing operations.

"By doing all the processing in Toronto, we, in effect, closed the data center in New York and made it into something like a switching center," says Brian Comerford, project manager for telecommunications facilities.

All in all, Comerford estimates, Royal Bank's T1 lines have saved the bank about \$500,000 annually, allowing payback of the original investment in hardware—including leasing the lines and purchasing new multiplexers—within 10 months to a year.

Royal Bank chose two separate carriers

to handle its two lines. In the U.S., it leases lines from AT&T that connect with a Bell Canada T1 at the Canadian border. The other T1, which connects with a United Communications, Inc. T1 at the Canadian border, is provided by MCI Communications Corp.

If both lines were provided by the same carrier, Comerford explains, "you could end up with both channels running on the same path... Intrusion could damage both of them simultaneously."

For some companies, just keeping up with a fractional T1 channel's smaller increments can prove a challenge.

Minneapolis-based Cargill, Inc., which purchases, processes, stores, transports and merchandises agricultural and other

bulk commodities throughout the world, uses T1 lines for domestic communications. However, for its European and Asian divisions, it communicates via fractional T1 lines.

Fractional T1 lets the firm "buy increments as we need them," says Reuben Lantto, Cargill's director of international telecommunications. Rather than starting with the full T1 bandwidth of 1.544 Mbit/sec, the firm can allocate bandwidth in 64K bit/sec increments.

Previously, Cargill leased long-distance lines for its voice and data communications at rates of \$4,000 to \$5,000 for a line to a single European customer.

Not only was it expensive, but "we just couldn't get a good connection" when making data transmissions, Lantto says.

Overall savings from switching to fractional T1 have been significant, he says, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars during the past three years.

Cargill chose Overseas Telecommunications, Inc. as its carrier because it supported the 64K bit/sec base rate, which is the international standard. In the U.S., most equipment vendors support multiples of 56K bit/sec.

Even on fractional T1, Cargill can't always keep up with filling bandwidth. When expanding capacity from 128K to 256K bit/sec, it can be difficult to "fill up the next increment," Lantto says.

And then there are customers for whom even T3 bandwidth isn't enough.

Kaiser Health Plan, Inc./Kaiser Hospitals, Inc. is bulking up its private microwave T1 network with dual T3 lines—with 90M bit/sec capacity—that will support high-bandwidth applications such as videoconferencing and transfer of large image files from ultrasound scans.

Demand for bandwidth is likely to skyrocket as image networking applications take off, says Joe Beaupre, manager of Kaiser's Telecommunication Network Division. "Everyone is putting in proposals to do transferring of image data, and we have a proposal to start testing on-line transfers of medical records."

Kaiser set up its network in 1988 to interconnect its internal voice and data lines in the Northern California region, using multiple T1 and T3 lines to connect nearly 50 sites.

The hospital had previously leased 56K bit/sec data lines as well as voice lines from AT&T and Pacific Telesis. Although the new network cost \$12 million, Beaupre says he expects payback to occur after 3½ years.

Even installing the T3 lines did not present a financial burden, especially compared with the cost of telecommunications and power supplies. "Putting in 45M bit/sec lines really didn't increase the cost that much," he says. ■



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Bit Error-Rate Testers

VENDOR	PRODUCT NAME	BIT RATE SUPPORTED (BIT/SEC.)	STORES AND RECALLS TEST SETUPS	SIZE CLASSIFICATION	DISPLAY SIZE (line x character)	LINE CONNECTION SUPPORTED	PERIPHERAL DEVICES SUPPORTED	LOCAL/REMOTE USAGE	GENERATE REMOTE LOOP-BACK	TEST TYPES ¹	FRAMING FORMATS SUPPORTED	LINE CODES SUPPORTED	AC POWER SOURCE REQUIRED	PRICE
ADC Telecommunications, Inc. (913) 835-6900	Master Performance Monitoring System	1.544M	Yes	Back mount	PC card 160 x 80	Hard-wired installed system	Remote access port, printer, standard TTY, language interface via RS-232C ports	Both	Yes	Regular violations, framing errors, BIP, CRC errors, DSI signal frequency, all ones, pattern alarm detection	Unframed, DA, BIP, CRC	ANSI/pulp, SDLS, SDTN	Yes	Varies depending on size of network
	Series 2000 Test Set	1.544M	Yes	Portable	8 x 40	Jack	Printer	Local	Yes	Regular violations, framing errors, BIP, CRC errors, DSI signal frequency, all ones, pattern alarm detection	Unframed, DA, BIP, CRC	ANSI/pulp, BPS	Yes	Full-function DSI test set. Test can be added for \$2,000
Berry Test Sets (800) 435-8367	4016 L2	1.544M	No	Portable	NP	Jack	Remote access port	Both	Yes	Regular violations, framing errors, BIP, CRC errors, phase error analysis, all ones, pattern alarm detection	DA, BIP	ANSI/pulp, BPS	No	\$1,995

¹Includes bit error rate tests.²DA is a registered trademark of AT&T.³Generates remote loop-back for 1.544M bit/sec. rate only.

The companies included in this chart responded to a recent survey conducted by Computerworld. When a vendor is unable to provide specific information about its product, the abbreviation NP (not provided) is used. When a question does not apply to a vendor's product, the abbreviation NA (not applicable) is used. Further product information is available from the vendors.

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PRODUCT SPOTLIGHT

VEHICLE	PRODUCT NAME	RT DATE SUPPORTED (RT/SEC.)	STORES AND RECALLS TEST SETUPS	SEZ CLASSIFICATION	DISPLAY SEZ (line # then a character)	LINE CONNECTION SUPPORTED	PERIPHERAL DEVICES SUPPORTED	LOCAL/REMOTE USAGE	GENERATES REMOTE LOOP-BACK	TEST TYPES ¹	FRAMING FORMATS SUPPORTED	LINE CODES SUPPORTED	AC POWER SOURCE REQUIRED	PRICE
Cum/Personal 9000 430-4343	DCP285	1.545M, 1.545M	No	Handheld	LCD	30-125, V.20, RS-232C, RS-422	Printer	Both	Yes	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, RSF signal frequency, all-seen, yellow alerts	DA, RSF, C-700, Bursington	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$4,975
Computer for Trafficlight Corp. (760) 478-6369	J-200 1980, 1990A, 1990B	1.545M, No/yes	Yes	Handheld, portable	14 x 24	DB11, 1242 Remote, RS-232C	Remote access port, printer	Both	Yes	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, RSF signal frequency, all-seen, yellow alerts	DA, RSF, SLV76	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$4,995, \$2,295 (optional carrying case)
Computer for Trafficlight, Inc. (606) 388-4550	Reflex T1	1.545M	Yes	Handheld	2 x 16	Chip, jacks, 125-128, 8-pin module, V.20, RS-232C	Remote access port, printer	Local	No	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, RSF signal frequency, all-seen, yellow alerts	Unidirect, DA, RSF, SLV246	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$1,995
	Reflex PT1	1.545M, Unidirect T1	Yes	Handheld	2 x 16	Chip, jacks, 125-128, 8-pin module, V.20, RS-232C	Remote access port, printer	Both	Yes	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, RSF signal frequency, all-seen, yellow alerts	Unidirect, DA, RSF, SLV246	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$1,995
	Reflex Thunder Link Interface and Channel Converter	1.545M	Yes	Handheld	2 x 16	Chip, jacks, 125-128, 8-pin module, V.20	Remote access port, printer	Both	Yes	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, RSF signal frequency, all-seen, yellow alerts	Unidirect, DA, RSF, SLV246	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$9,995
DCM Industries, Inc. 1115 428-6906 (800) 433-9540	TM4000/Reflex T1 Mounter	1.545M	No	Handheld	4 digit 14x11	Chip, jacks	None	Local	No	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, all-seen, yellow alerts	DA, RSF, SLV246	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$850
	DC 20	1.545M	No	Portable, rack mount	1 digit 14x11	Chip, jacks, RS232C, 125-128 (no module) and transmit clock	Remote access port, printer, built-in modem	Both	No	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, all-seen, yellow alerts	DA, RSF	AM/No/yes SEZ2	Yes	\$2,995, \$1,120 (optional carrying case)
	RT-10 Real time set	1.545M	Yes	Portable, rack mount	4 digit 14x11	Chip, jacks, RS232C, 125-128 (no module) and transmit clock	Remote access port, printer, built-in modem	Both	Yes	Regular vehicles, transmit errors, RSF CAC errors, all-seen, yellow alerts	DA, RSF	AM/No/yes SEZ2	No	\$7,995, \$2,295 (optional carrying case), \$2,995 (optional battery pack)

TI SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT PRODUCT SPOTLIGHT

VENDOR	PRODUCT NAME	BIT RATE SUPPORTED (BIT/SEC.)	STORES AND RECALLS TEST SETUPS	SIZE CLASSIFICATION	DISPLAY SIZE (line x character)	LINE CONNECTION SUPPORTED	PERIPHERAL DEVICES SUPPORTED	LOCAL/REMOTE USAGE	GENERATES REMOTE LOOP-BACK	TEST TYPES	TRAINING FORMANTS SUPPORTED	LINE CODES SUPPORTED	AC POWER SOURCE REQUIRED	PRICE
Hamamatsu, Inc. (516) 963-3355	TES 3	1.540M Fractional T1	Yes	Handheld	3 x 18	Chn, jacks, DA-155, 8-pin modular	Remotes across part, printer, modem	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection	Unimodem, DA, ESP, SL/CN, DAS, DS	AMI/Hepler, BDS	No	\$4,495, 9995 Fractional T1 module
Hard Engineering, Inc. (206) 533-3843, (800) 567-3130	1007/WAN	1.540M Fractional T1	Yes	Portable	25 x 40	Banana jacks	Remotes across part, printer	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection	DA, ESP, C, V10 European	AMI/Hepler, BDS, DS, T1/16	Yes	\$11,000
Matheson Laboratories, Inc. (601) 590-9000	Model 4301 DSI Performance Unit	1.540M	Yes	Portable, rack mount	3 x 40	Jacks, banana only	Remotes across part, printer	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection	Unimodem, Amimodem, DA, ESP	AMI/Hepler, BDS	No	\$4,495
	Model 3704/3747 PC/MV Communications Test System	1.540M	Yes	Portable, rack mount	1 x 40	Jacks, RS-232C, banana only	Remotes across part, printer	Both	No	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection, correct alarm, emergency alarm	Unimodem, DA, ESP, SL/CN, DAS, DS, DS/DA	AMI/Hepler, BDS	No	\$10,799
	Model 3704 PC/M- 26VW Communications Test System	2.048M	Yes	Portable, rack mount	1 x 40	Jacks, banana only	Remotes across part, printer	Both	No	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection, correct alarm, emergency alarm	G 704 European	AMI/Hepler	No	\$21,495
Hewlett-Packard Co. (408) 252-7030	HP37701A T1 Tester	1.540M	Yes	Portable, rack mount (optional)	21 x 44	Chn, jacks, DA-155, 8 pin modular, RJ48	Remotes across part, printer, HP37991A (Datacom test module)	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection	DA, ESP, SL/CN European	AMI/Hepler, BDS	No	\$4,750
International Data Sciences, Inc. (601) 330-6300	Model 700 Bn Error- Rate Tester	1.540M Fractional T1, 2.048M	No	Handheld	3 x 40	DA, 155	None	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection	DA, ESP, C, V10 European	AMI/Hepler, BDS	Yes	\$2,000
Network Communications Corp. (615) 944-6850	7300 Network Probe	1.540M Fractional T1, 7.048M, 10M	Yes	Handheld	25 x 40	Chn, jacks, DA, 155, 8 pin modular, V-20, RS-232C, RS- 422/423/495, Banana jacks	Remotes across part, printer	Both	Yes	Busbar violation, framing errors, DSP CRC errors, DSI signal frequency ab- normal, reduce alarm detection, reduce alarm detection, and alarm, alarm alarm detection	Unimodem, DA, ESP, DSI, DS, DS, DS/DS/PT, Modem	AMI/Hepler, BDS, DS, DS/DS/PT, Modem	No	\$11,995

TI SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT PRODUCT SPOTLIGHT

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Women under glass

Despite a decade of advances, women still struggle to reach top ranks of IS management

BY MARYFRAN JOHNSON

Part of an occasional series.

Patricia Farwig remembers a lesson about succeeding in a male-dominated corporate world that came straight from Woody Hayes, the legendary football coach of Ohio State University's Buckeyes.

"Woody always said it doesn't matter how smart you are or what your connections are — as long as you're willing to work hard, they'll never outwork you," says Farwig. Hayes' former secretary and now vice president of telecommunications at Mellon Bank in Pittsburgh. "Those words always stuck with me."

Farwig is typical of the handful of women who have made it into upper information systems management positions. She is an admitted workaholic who spends more than 60 hours per week at her job. Yet while hard work and intelligence have taken her to the top, Farwig is still a rare breed in IS.

Despite numerical gains, women have far from equal footing at the slippery top of the IS management pyramid. While the actual number of women employed in computer-related occupations grew by 245,000 between 1985 and 1990, according to the U.S. Department of Labor Women's Bureau, most of the growth occurred in lower paying, nonmanagement positions.

Moreover, pay for IS women averaged 30% less than that for male counterparts doing the same jobs, the Labor Department says.

Analysts cite sexism, a lack of female role models and the historical male domination of computing as the main reasons for the inequities and slowed advancement of women in IS.

"It's discrimination," says Mike Williams, an economist at the Women's Bureau. "Men are in control, and they tend to promote men."

While optimistic about the future, more than 20 women managers, vice presidents, chief information officers and entrepreneurs interviewed by *Computerworld* agree that there is much room for improvement.

"No matter how much we complain, it's still a male-dominated

world, and it is harder for women," says Janice Miller, vice president of marketing at Clusterlink in Silver Springs, Md.

Farwig adds: "All other things being equal, the male who has been there longer gets promoted. Things may be good now, but they could be a great deal better. Within IS, there are a lot of good women with very few places to go."

Numbers grow, not influence

Government statistics support the assertion that women in computing careers still have a long way to go:

- A 1988 National Science Foundation report on women and minorities showed that women make up 49% of all professionals but only about 30% of all computer scientists.

- The top layer of computer managers in 1988 totaled 53,000 people — 75% men and 25% women — according to the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. Nearly a decade ago, there were only about 24,000 top managers in IS — 82% male and 18% female.

That 7% gain in slow progress indeed, female IS executives point out, particularly since the size of the profession overall grew

by 270% during that period.

- Progress for minorities and minority women at the higher end of the career ladder has been at a standstill for nearly a decade. The commission's figures show that managers were 92% white and 8% minority in 1988 — the identical percentage found in 1980 and 1985.

"Women are continuing to accelerate in management levels, but not at the pace I anticipated," says Skip Tolette, a specialist in high-tech executive recruiting and a partner at the New York firm of Schmitt Bishop Tolette.

After placing a woman in the senior vice presidency of corporate systems at a major bank back in 1981, Tolette recalls thinking women were making "a major breakthrough." Yet in the past five years, only two of the 40 or so top IS executives he placed were women.

"I just don't see that much dramatic change," Tolette says. "You do read about women as CIOs in the press, but I think it's their novelty that gets them on the cover."

- The great majority of growth for women in IS has been in professional and nonmanagement positions — a trend that many IS recruiters expect will continue.

Between 1984 and 1989, for example, the number of women systems analysts and computer scientists increased by nearly 85,000. But the numbers are deceiving: The actual percentage of women workers grew by only 1.7% over the previous five years, to 32.4%.

A recent survey of 100 corporate human resources directors conducted by Romac & Associates, a nationwide recruitment agency, found that systems analyst, project manager and programmer analyst were considered the most promising jobs for women in computing.

Salaries lag behind men's

Moreover, salaries for women in IS have not kept pace with those for males. In 1989, for instance, male systems analysts and computer scientists earned a median weekly salary of \$747, while women earned \$620. The \$127 per week difference is virtually unchanged since 1984, according to Labor Department figures.

At higher levels of IS management — where six-figure salaries are closely guarded — it is harder to tell if women are keeping pace with men. Most believe that they are not. In a 1990 *Computerworld* investigation of top IS salaries, for example, only one woman, Elaine Bond at The Chase Manhattan



Mellon Bank's Farwig: "Within IS, there are a lot of good women with very few places to go."

Johnson is a *Computerworld* senior editor, systems and software.

'Superwoman' dead and gone

Today, women executives acknowledge they cannot do it all

BY MARYFRAN JOHNSON

Common to the lives of many executive women in information systems is the sheer unpredictability of their career paths and their struggles with "the Superwoman complex."

Following are brief profiles of how several women have handled their IS career growth and the accompanying stress.

Kathy Hudson
Vice president and director,
Corporate IS
Eastman Kodak Co.

Hudson launched her career by earning a bachelor's degree in business and economics from Indiana University. She joined Kodak in 1970 as a systems analyst in the distribution department. A stint as a financial analyst followed, then a move to communications and public relations.

By the mid-1980s, Hudson found herself managing Kodak's Instant Photography Division, which was dissolved after a 1996 court ruling upheld Polaroid Corp.'s patent infringement lawsuit.

"I never did have a definite career path in mind, and I believe that will be more the typical path of the future," she says. "In the past, people would pick a functional specialty and then climb a vertical ladder."

Hudson is also the mother of a toddler and is then familiar with the career/family juggling act that so absorbs the "thirtysomething" generation.

"I could work 24 hours a day, but with a 2-year-old, I can only work from about 7:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.," she notes.

Hudson stresses the perspective and personal balance that family commitments bring: "Whether you are male or female, you have to make trade-offs if you have young children or are active in the community. You cannot do everything."

Susan Mersereau
Vice president and general manager
Weyerhaeuser Information Systems
Mersereau has collected college degrees in European culture and thought, history and education. But telecommunications ultimately held the greatest allure for the Portland, Ore., native.

She moved from teaching in inner-city Chicago schools to a federal job evaluating education programs, then returned to the Pacific Northwest as a planner for Seattle public schools. Her job as MIS director for the school district was the first time computers entered her career plan.

By 1980, she had joined Weyerhaeuser in Tacoma, Wash., as a planning analyst. Two years later, she was promoted to director of telecommunications, eventually becoming the first female manager of an operating division within the corporation. Earlier this year, *Business Month* magazine named Mersereau one of "100 women to watch in corporate America."

"Even if I had written the steps, I couldn't have known what was coming," she says. "To some extent, I've just followed my own course, continually asking the question: Does this make sense? How can we do this better?"

Now settled into a second marriage that added two teenage stepchildren to her responsibilities, Mersereau recalls a time in her early 30s when the intensity of her work plus caring for her young daughter made her feel "the opposite of the superwoman complex—I wasn't doing a super job at anything!"

Mary Jo Greil
Manager, management services
and planning
International Paper Corp.
Greil joined International Paper last summer, with responsibilities including both management services and technical training needs for 400 IS employees.

Her earlier jobs included managing an electronic document interchange project at Amca Corp., a \$5 billion steel manufacturing firm.

Career demands have made it difficult for Greil to sustain a long-term personal relationship and prompted her to undertake a major health program earlier this year because of additional stress. "This is stress I accepted, and at one point it was very exhilarating," she says. "Then I realized it was taking a major toll, which I don't know is necessarily worth it."

Nowadays, Greil concentrates on developing a more spiritual side of her personality to lighten her ambitions. "I start my day by going to church. It helps me to be a little more balanced," she says.

"I've found that I moved more into the education/administration area, but this is not where I want to be. I really don't have a career path worked out, but I know I am more adventuresome and creative and need a certain element of freedom of action."

Patricia Farwig
Vice president, telecommunications
Mellon Bank

Farwig had a college degree in zoology when she went to work for Woody Hayes, the Ohio State University football coach, in 1975. She pursued her MBA from Ohio State on a part-time basis until 1979.

Arriving at Mellon Bank in 1980, she sold corporate and management services, then moved into product management, strategic planning and, eventually, telecommunications.

She says the long hours devoted to her career at Mellon Bank eventually contributed to her divorce. Today, she says, "I'm not juggling anything other than a personal relationship, so I don't have to play superwoman."

Farwig explains that her "significant other" is extremely understanding and helpful, and that is absolutely a necessity. You can both be very high-powered in your careers, but it has to be a cooperative effort.

Joan Alvares
Vice president
Swiss Re Services

Alvares speaks with intense gratitude for the opportunities that enabled her to rise within the Switzerland-based reinsurance firm and the help her husband provides at home. After his injury 20 years ago in a serious auto accident, he took over all the responsibilities at home.

"He has assumed everything," she says, including the care of her 83-year-old mother. "I have been very lucky, and I am envious because of the support I have."

Alvares admits that her standard work week has been 50 to 60 hours for at least 30 years. "I am very bad. I will take stuff home, and I travel on Sundays to be sure I'm at a Monday meeting, and I don't do recreation well at all!"

Karen Hughes
Chief of communications services
Federal Reserve Bank of New York
Hughes started at the bank 10 years ago as an MVS systems programmer on an IBM mainframe, expanding into data communications, automated operations and recovery facility work. A promotion put her into the bank's initial level of management.

However, a 15-year absence from the workplace to raise children meant "a lot of lost ground" toward her management goals, she notes. Today, she says, it is important to work extra hard to gain the recognition of corporate management.

Patricia Wallington
Vice president,
Information management
Xerox Corp.

Wallington acknowledges that she works "incredible hours," averaging 16 hours per day.

"It's a belief that you go through stages where different things are important at different times," she explains. "I grew up in a time when 'shoulds' were a part of the environment. But if I did everything people told me I should do, I would not be where I'm sitting today."

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One reason women are sometimes offered lower salaries is that because of family and child-bearing duties, they are often perceived as lacking the mobility of male executives.

"If a client comes to a recruiter but is restricted in budget, he can basically get a better caliber woman" for the same dollar amount as would be spent for a male executive, Toilette explains. "Because of the apparent lack of mobility for women, there are some extremely talented ladies available at lower salaries."

Few role models

The problems facing women in computing extend even beyond the work force. Fewer and fewer U.S. students, including women, are electing to study computer science. A University of California at Irvine study found that in 1986, women earned only 12% of all computer doctorates. Little has changed since then, researchers say.

And the dwindling numbers of women academicians are increasingly being lured into private industry, which promises better hours that are often more conducive to family-building, reports an article in the November issue of *Communications*

Equal work, not equal pay

Women in IS staff jobs fare no better than female colleagues in other fields. Average pay: 70 cents for every dollar earned by males

Systems analysts/computer scientists

1980	men \$747	women \$541
1984	men \$825	women \$585

Programmers

1980	men \$901	women \$641
1984	men \$539	women \$404

Data entry/clerical

1980	men NA*	women \$300
1984	men NA*	women \$256

Computer operators

1980	men \$418	women \$321
1984	men \$373	women \$268

Figures are median weekly salaries for full-time wage and salary workers

* Not available. Fewer than 50,000 U.S. workers

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Economic Analysis
U.S. Census Bureau
C.W. Chart: Mary Hudson

of the ACM.

The long-term effects of such shortages concern many women IS managers. Kathy Hudson, vice president and director of corporate IS at Eastman Kodak Co., worries about the declining number of women receiving technical and engineering degrees.

"It was 26% in 1988, compared with 39% for men — and both numbers are in decline," she notes, adding, "I think we as a country have some extremely challenging times ahead in how we deal with that."

Further complicating matters is the fact that women who achieve high-level IS positions are often determined not to call attention to themselves as an oddity or exception to a rule. Several executive women who spoke with *Computerworld*, for example, were leery of speaking on the topic of women in IS and made a point of saying they did not want to be identified as feminists in any way.

Ellen M. Hancock, vice president and general manager of communications systems at IBM, for example, declined to be interviewed. "She doesn't do that sort of interview," her spokeswoman said.

Despite these less-than-hearing-realisties, many women in IS today are up-

beat about their future prospects. "We are in a transition era as women," Hudson says. "The number of women at very senior levels is still quite small, though one keeps hoping that will change."

Many are optimistic

"I think you will find more women in the higher ranks now than you will in 10 years," predicts Diane Smigel, vice president of IS at John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co. in Boston. "There just haven't been that many women in the management pipeline before. But I think the IS profession is very well suited for women to do well and to progress through the ranks."

Unlike the entrenched business worlds of finance or industry, the relatively young MIS field opened up "a more level playing field" for women, notes Mike Hammer, IS consultant and president of Hammer & Co. in Cambridge, Mass.

"Compared to other functions in corporate environments, systems has been relatively hospitable to women," Hammer says. "One reason is that IS as a whole is a new function, as opposed to older ones with accumulated bias against women and a pipeline full of men. Women didn't have to elbow their way past a lot of others."

Certain fields, such as insurance, telecommunications and law, are widely believed to be more hospitable to women IS executives than banking and finance. "Years ago, banks were paying much lower salaries, so they attracted women and minorities," explains Mary Kay Hamm, a partner at Romac & Associates in suburban Philadelphia. "Now, those same people are moving into management positions."

Smigel says she believes the midmanagement talent pool is brimming with women preparing to assume a more equitable share of the top jobs by the year 2000.

Small galaxy of stars

Despite several obstacles, IS systems management is slowly developing its own roster of high-profile female executives, such as Hudson, Bond, Smigel, Patricia Wallington, vice president and CIO at Xerox Corp.'s U.S. Marketing Group, and Carlene Ellis, vice president of corporate administration at Intel Corp.

Women who do arrive at the uppermost reaches of the profession are likely to have backgrounds emphasizing business training over technical expertise.

Devi Higgins, for example, is a technical officer in securities clearance at Manufacturers Trust Co. She is working on her MBA by taking night classes at New York University.

"I'm aiming for corporate management," explains Higgins, president of the New York chapter of the Association for Women in Computing. "This is something my employer encouraged me to do."

Mary Jo Grell, who manages the Management Services and Planning Division at International Paper Corp. in Memphis, also underlines the need for IS professionals to flesh out their business back-

grounders are being let go."

Another bad sign, she says, is the growing popularity of a practice she calls "swabbing out." In this, experienced workers, including many women, are laid off and soon replaced by less costly, less experienced workers.

Even so, Hudson and others say they are optimistic about the future for women in IS. Today's issues may not even be relevant, she adds.

"Forget the male vs. female stuff," Hudson says. "In the future, we'll be dealing with a flatter, more technologically dependent organization. Careers will be more like meandering down a stream than climbing the rungs of a ladder."

Next week: Strategies for advancement

Women in IS

The number of women entering computing doubled during the last four years of the 1980s, but percentages remained the same

Systems analysts/computer scientists

1984	men 93,000 women (30.7%)
1989	men 100,000 women (32.4%)

Programmers

1984	men 507,000 women (35.4%)
1989	men 561,000 women (35.2%)

Computer-aided design & graphics

1984	men 381,000 women (11.3%)
1989	men 414,000 women (17.8%)

1984	men 713,000 women (14.7%)
1989	men 870,000 women (14.2%)

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Economic Analysis
C.W. Chart: Mary Hudson

grounds to "gain credibility" with top company managers. She holds a doctorate in education with an MIS specialty, as well as an executive master's in telecommunications and IS management.

The next big step

Moving from middle and upper management into company leadership is still an elusive goal for many executive-level women, however.

"The real challenge is to move higher. You have to work hard to stand out," says Karen Hughes, chief of communications services at Federal Reserve Bank in New York. "Many women, including myself, have not really been raised to be assertive, to push your way forward. You have to learn how to do that."

One way to get to the top fast is to get out of the corporate rat race, says Margaret Zentgraf, author of *Women, Technology and Power* and editor of *Business Computer Currents*. "The Glass Ceiling does exist, and the best way to get around it is to go off and do it yourself. Start at the top by starting your own company."

She cites personal computer luminaries such as computer newsletter editor Esther Dyson and Janette Beddie, co-founder of Software Publishing Corp., as proof of the opportunities for women, especially in the PC industry.

Others are more sober about the immediate prospects for women in IS management. "I'm not expecting a miracle," Hamm says. "Organizations are getting flatter all the time, and a lot of middle-

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COMPUTER INDUSTRY

NATIONAL BRIEFS

Data General in command

Data General Corp. began shipping its reduced instruction set computing-based Avion computers last week to the Water Resources Division of the U.S. Geological Survey, notwithstanding a reportedly pending congressional investigation into the awarding of the \$127 million, seven-year federal contract. The struggling computer maker has thus far legally prevailed against a losing bidder's attempts to have the U.S. Court of Appeals overturn the lucrative deal.

Another bumper crop from the farmer of the Dell

Widely reported softening in the personal computer market apparently bypassed the Austin, Texas, door of Dell Computer Corp. Crediting strong gains both at home and abroad, Dell reported a third-quarter net income increase of 700%, to \$7 million on revenue of \$137 million, which was a 43% increase over sales posted for last year's corresponding quarter. The company did, however, inject a note of caution into an otherwise crowing prepared statement: Noting that margin improvements were shaved by a recent spate of price cuts, the statement said that pricing pressures in the personal computer market show no sign of abating.

More briefs on page 99

Manufacturing alliance takes shape

BY GARY H. ANTHES
CW STAFF

TOKYO — The U.S., Japan and Europe have reached an agreement in principle to form an ambitious partnership in advanced manufacturing technologies.

In two days of meetings held late last month, delegations from the three regions agreed to set aside their differences and proceed to establish one or more interregional consortiums of manufacturing companies and universities.

No firm plan detailing funding, organization or specific research topics has yet been drafted, and the partnership is far from a done deal, said Mark S. Lieberman, acting assistant technology secretary at the U.S. Department of Commerce and leader of the U.S. delegation.

"But I am very encouraged that we will come up with a mu-

tually acceptable program," Lieberman said. He added that the next step is to take the concepts agreed to on U.S. industry for approval. If that goes well, another three-way round of negotiations will be held in Washington, D.C.

"U.S. industry sees this as a wake-up call for developing its own manufacturing agenda," Lieberman said.

Zeroing in

U.S. industry has proposed that the partnership focus on international standards for advanced manufacturing and information technology, manufacturing systems integration, quality engineering and process technologies.

The so-called Intelligent Manufacturing Systems project sparked controversy when it was

originally proposed by Japan.

Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI) proposed a 10-year, \$1 billion collaboration, with MITI



putting up \$400 million and Japanese, U.S. and European industry each providing \$200 million.

Japan explained the lopsided funding as a response to charges that Japanese industry gets more than its share in the international high-technology arena.

However, at a meeting in May, U.S. and European officials balked at the proposal, saying that unequal funding implied unequal control. An updated proposal from Japan in August suggested that each region provide one-third of the funding.

U.S. industry and the U.S. Department of Commerce supported the concept of interna-

tional collaboration but worried that the proposal appeared to be going after superior U.S. know-how in software, artificial intelligence and systems integration technology without a fair return of applied manufacturing technology, in which Japan excels.

"No, I'm not at all surprised an agreement was reached," said Masahiro Meshi, a professor in the materials science and engineering department at Northwestern University.

"The stumbling block has been in our minds," he said. "The Commerce Department has been concerned about Japan stealing our brains, our ideas. That could happen, but it depends on how we set it up."

According to Meshi, earlier mistakes on the part of Japan resulted because the idea for Intelligent Manufacturing Systems was conceived and led by politically naive Japanese university professors. "Things like this are not well orchestrated in Japan," he said.

Vendor and users unite to help children find homes

BY SALLY CUSACK
CW STAFF

DENVER — Combine a couple of thousand children waiting to be adopted, a dedicated computer software user group, mini-computer vendor Prime Computer, Inc. and an energetic director, and what do you get?

You get the Rocky Mountain Adoption Exchange, a resource center for hundreds of adoption agencies networked throughout

the country.

It all started in March 1983, when Adoption Exchange Executive Director Dixie van de Flier Davis issued a plea on a weekly installment of the popular network television segment "Wednesday's Child" saying that the Rocky Mountain Adoption Exchange was in dire need of office space and computer assistance. The service was then working with a post office box and a handful of volunteers.

Peggy A. Long, vice president of Fitzgerald and Long, a Denver-based software and systems support firm, was the first to respond. The company provides services exclusively to the Prime Information database user community, and Long said she felt there must be a way to tap into the Colorado Prime Users Group for help.

Davis remembers the event clearly: "Peggy Long called me and said, 'Let me talk to you about your computer needs.' And we went from there." They went, in fact, to Prime; inspired by its users, the firm donated the needed computer equipment.

Continued on page 98



Adoption of this child became a reality, thanks to Prime

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COMMENTARY

J.A. Savage

Let others do the grunt work

No blueprint exists for the seemingly incongruous marketing plan that Sun Microsystems has embarked on. It's not just anti-IBM marketing gospel, it's anti-business school. Don't get me wrong, though — just because it wasn't hatched in B-school doesn't mean that it won't work.

The plan has the potential for two extremes: It will either send Sun screaming down bank, bankrupt canyons pursued by its own motherless close progeny, or it will allow the firm to ride high on the tide of technical innovation provided by other computer companies — at no cost to Sun.

Officially, Sun's strategy goes like this: "Open systems, licensing, partnerships and the promotion of next-generation technologies are some of the ways Sun is changing the rules to achieve strategic intent . . . Since healthy competition stimulates innovation and gives customers value, the solution is to open up markets to more vendors . . . Competing through collaboration . . . encourages parallel innovation, as various companies concurrently design their own version of this technology . . . Licensing technology also helps establish new standards, reducing the risk for companies by ensuring that a hot market, and for customers, it reduces risk by making sure they aren't captives of a single vendor."

In real-life terms, here's what it means: Other RISC companies — with one minor exception, Hewlett-Packard, but I'll get to that another time — take it upon themselves to do all their own research and development. Mips, Intel and Motorola have their own engineers developing the next greatest, fastest RISC chip. They also have their own engineers trying to surmount all the problems of the next greatest, fastest RISC chip.

Then these companies license the silicon mask to chip makers, which tailor the chips to their own specifications. There are second, third and fourth sources, but they are all the same.

Not Sun. Once Sun had the basic architecture for its Sparc RISC processor, it invited everyone to the party. And all the guests were — and still are — dire foes in the marketplace. Still, they sip their cocktails and make nice with the binary compatibility specifications necessary for Sparc.

Chip makers such as Texas Instruments, LSI Logic and Cypress Semiconductor — as Sun licensees — now have to send their own engineers back to R&D to come up with the next greatest, fastest Sparc processor. Those companies — and there are lots more than the three mentioned here — are spending their own bucks to improve Sparc. Sun doesn't have to do a thing except wait for the best chip to come out and then put it into its own systems. Its R&D goes elsewhere — into value added — while the licensees do all the grunt work.

HP licenses its Precision Architecture RISC technology in much the same way, but it is limited to only two licensees at this point, and there is little competition between them. Sounds good so far for Sun's strategy, but even the company knows the gruesome potential of its own business plan.

All those licensees can build their own computers around their own Sparc chips. They could be cheaper and more powerful than Sun's own computers. Users could prefer these clones the way they buy IBM PC clones at the low end.

That's the rub: "No, I don't love these guys; I want to beat them," Ed Zander, Sun's top marketing man, said. But without them, Sparc wouldn't be as well developed or as popular.

Comdex/Fall '90 offered the first glimpses of the fruits of Sun's strategy. Sun's CEO, Scott McNeely, didn't even know how many Sparc compatibles were going to appear. His first public estimate was 30, and that was revised down to 10 early last month. Eight actually appeared. Sun is taking an interesting risk. The company will see its offspring grow into challenging adolescents. Will they offer the advantages to users that Sun does and reap the benefits Sun now enjoys? We'll see.

"If we do nothing more than invent clones that take the market, then that's the last chapter for Sun," Zander said.

Savage is a Computerworld West Coast senior correspondent.

NATIONAL

BRIEFS

Aacii and you shall be given

Last year, Menlo Park, Calif.-based database maker Informix Corp. bought a 10% stake in Tokyo-based Aacii Information Systems, a subsidiary of Japan's Aacii Corp. Last week, Aacii, which is actively bearing the open systems banner in Japan, agreed to purchase 5% of Informix for approximately \$4.7 million. The firms are resolved to intensify their relationship only within limits; last week's agreement includes a ceiling on the number of Informix shares Aacii can acquire.

EIS

If You're Thinking About It...

Hong Kong telecom plan falters

BY LAURA M. JANNEY
and KENNETH WONG
ISI NEWS SERVICE

HONG KONG — Hong Kong lost more than the potential for cable television last month when Hong Kong Cable Communica-

tions (HKCC) withdrew from the well-publicized cable TV project. The bigger issue may be the future of telecommunications competition in Hong Kong.

In discussions last year, Miles Davenport, an executive at HKCC consortium member US

West, said Integrated Services Digital Network switching was as important to HKCC as its cable TV plans. At the time, Davenport said he was startled by the many people who said they believed the company was primarily interested in cable TV.

During those discussions, Davenport called for the dismantling of the domestic voice telecommunications monopoly, saying that HKCC was well prepared to take advantage of any relaxation of the monopoly.

But in disbanding its cable TV project, the consortium also appears to have given up its plans for voice telecommunications. In fact, it appears that the group

has called a stop to all further business activity.

During attempts to contact HKCC late last month, the firm refused telephone calls, citing a busy schedule. Company executives who no longer be in the offices and that the phone lines were going to be disconnected. Davenport has since been posted back to the U.S., and other US West executives in Hong Kong were unavailable for comment.

However, Davenport's belief in a second, competing telecommunications network is apparently shared by others in the industry. Lawrence Garfinkel, AT&T's vice president for government affairs, said last month, before HKCC's announcement, that Hong Kong should go ahead with its development of a second telecommunications network. Doing so would generate competitive pressures that would benefit Hong Kong's business community, he said.

"Introduction of a second car-

THE HONG Kong government has announced the first step to stimulate competition by developing an alternative carrier."

LAWRENCE GARFINKEL
AT&T

rier such as the one proposed by the [HKCC] group can stimulate competitive pressures in a monopoly environment," Garfinkel told a meeting of the Hong Kong Management Association.

AT&T was one of the parties interested in the second carrier project, but it did not succeed in mounting a winning proposal, Garfinkel said. He observed that introducing a second network is the first step toward inducing competition.

"According to my understanding, the Hong Kong government has announced the first step to stimulate competition by developing an alternative carrier," he said. Hong Kong Telephone's present franchise for domestic telecommunications ends in 1995.

Rumors of the withdrawal had been circulating since local investment holding company Hutchison Whampoa Ltd. announced its intention to develop satellite master antenna TV early this summer. The proposal was given the go-ahead by the Hong Kong government in late October.

The government has indicated that future negotiations will likely divide the issues of cable TV and voice telecommunications.

Janney and Wong write for Computerworld Hong Kong, an IDG publication.

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AMD lays off 200 employees

BY MAURIA J. HARRINGTON
CW STAFF

SUNNYVALE, Calif. — Like a high-flying kite caught unexpectedly in a thunderstorm, Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. (AMD) last week laid off 200 of its 12,000-plus worldwide staff.

The layoffs came only weeks after AMD won significant legal victories in its ongoing battle with Intel Corp. over the right

to use key chip technology (CW, Oct. 15).

AMD further confirmed that the layoffs, due to be completed by the end of the month, will be followed by at least one more round of work-force cuts. Sources speculated that the combined layoffs will trim up to 4.2% of the company's worldwide work force and practically eliminate its U.S. marketing department, which analysts claim is much needed to successfully market AMD's upcoming AM386 microprocessor, an Intel clone chip. AMD declined to comment on how deep the combined layoffs will cut.

The first round of cuts were mostly at the sales and administrative levels, ac-

cording to an AMD spokesman, who called them a necessity to help offset the firm's most recent quarterly losses. AMD reported a net loss of \$17.8 million on revenue of \$254.2 million in worldwide sales for its third quarter ended Sept. 30; the revenue figure marked a 7.5% drop from sales posted in the comparable quarter last year.

The next wave of layoffs, which is expected to affect as many as 300 people shortly after the new year, will cut deeper into the company and on a higher level, including upper-level marketing and sales executives, the source said.

AMD is blaming the first wave of lay-

offs on lagging CMOS chip sales, a lower than expected plant productivity rate and unusually high capital spending, the spokesman said.

"Capital spending in 1990 will have totaled \$300 million, of which nearly \$200 million is being spent on our submicron facility in Sunnyvale," which is due for completion sometime next year, the spokesman said.

AMD is not the only Silicon Valley semiconductor firm experiencing layoffs. Applied Materials, Inc., in Santa Clara, Calif., slashed between 250 and 350 employees from its staff last week and reduced executives' salaries by 10%, the company said.



Mail-order firm losing cash, CEO

BY MICHAEL FITZGERALD
CW STAFF

EDEN PRAIRIE, Minn. — Mail-order personal computer vendor Northgate Computer Systems, Inc. announced last week that it was not meeting the provisions of its bank loans and had replaced its chief executive officer, indicating that the company was in trouble.

A relative newcomer to the PC industry, Northgate, which was founded in 1968 but switched from novelty products to PCs only three years ago, has followed a strategy of providing low prices, high-quality machines and excellent service to make it in the brutal mail-order business.

While Northgate still projects \$240 million in sales this year — more than double its 1989 sales of \$110 million — it is almost out of cash, according to documents recently filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in which the company states that it is not meeting some provisions of its bank loans. The same documents noted the resignation of its CEO, Lawrence Greenberg — even as the December issue of *Minnesota Ventures* magazine featured a cover article on Greenberg's skillful management of growth at Northgate. Greenberg, still a board member, was replaced by Gary Held, former president of the retail chain Connecting Point of America, Inc.

The company's cash problems came after a \$1.9 million third-quarter loss, and despite almost \$10 million in financing garnered over the last two quarters. In July, after unsuccessful attempts to raise public, Northgate took a rarely used alternative and cut a "junk stock" deal with Ante Corp. II, a Minneapolis-based fund, selling Ante a 13% stake for \$4.4 million and thus becoming a publicly traded firm without making an initial public offering.

In addition, Northgate's bankers reportedly increased the firm's revolving line of credit from \$10 million to \$15 million in the last quarter. Northgate officials did not return *Computerworld's* calls.

Northgate has been implementing a program to cut costs, laying off 150 of its 870 employees since the beginning of September. Last week, Held cut his salary and those of the other two senior managers by 50% and said expenses had been reduced by \$1 million per month.

Nevertheless, analysts appeared loath to count Northgate out last week. The recent news is "definitely not a good sign, but there's nothing we can see from here to make us say [they're gone]," said Dan Ness Jr., PC analyst at Computer Intelligence in La Jolla, Calif.

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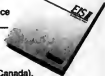
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*David W. DeLong, co-author of "Executive Support Systems: The Emergence of Top Management Computer Use."

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INTERNATIONAL
BRIEFS

Whither the House of Cables?

Thatcher's out. Major's in — now, on to the really hard decisions for the UK Parliament, which has on its agenda for this session the question of whether to implement a cable network aimed at wiring Whitehall into the computer era. The decision will be made in light of a recent report on computer services released by the UK Commons Services Committee, which urged, in part: "The House cannot continue to adopt the wholly amateur approach to the use of new technologies," in

contrast to the strides made by parliaments of other countries.

Light at the end of the Chunnel

Despite the immediate recession, long-term growth prospects for the European computer industry through the 1990s are still bright, according to a study released by UK-based Ovum Ltd. By the year 2000, Ovum forecasts overall industry sales at three times what they are today in real terms. The company said it also believes that the industry will return to real growth averaging some 11% annually.

Unification privatization

Telekom, the telephone business of the

German Bundespost, is reportedly being considered for partial privatization. The move is intended both to raise money to help cover the cost of German unity and to speed the recabling of what was formerly East Germany. A study group set up by the Bonn cabinet is currently investigating alternatives for the infusion of private capital into infrastructure projects.

Brand-name loyalty oath

The gospel according to Madison Avenue is finding converts in Hong Kong, where computer manufacturers are fast becoming aware of the need to develop brand-name recognition. Spurred by the increasing commoditization of personal

computers, peripherals and even facsimile machines — and the consequent decrease in OEM margins — the Hong Kong Trade Development Council is holding a conference on brand names, and the chairman of leading high-tech firms such as Infomtech and Video Technology have plans to develop their own brand names.

EDI going Dutch

With about 30 electronic data interchange (EDI) networks currently operational and a similar number in test phase and almost ready to go, The Netherlands is becoming a hotbed of EDI development. Some 1,400 institutions now use Dutch EDI, the figure climbs to the 1,800 to 2,000 range when hybrid video-text/EDI systems are counted. The Dutch Ministry of Economic Affairs is actively stimulating new projects, because EDI is seen as key to the country's future economic development. So said Walter Zegeveld, director of a Netherlands-based research center, in a report given before the 1,000 attendees who flocked to the country's first EDI national conference, held recently in The Hague.

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EXECUTIVE CORNER

Alpha COO
steps down

Alpha Microsystems announced the resignation of its president and chief operating officer, John S. Cain, last month. Cain, who cited personal reasons, leaves at the end of a year that saw his company log 11% growth, complete two major acquisitions and expand its multi-tier systems and software sales into the worldwide market. Replacing Cain is NCR Corp. veteran and marketing consultant Clarke Reynolds, who had been serving as vice chairman of Alpha Microsystems and will continue to hold that office.

Storage Technology Corp. expanded its international marketing navy with the advent of 30-year worldwide Geoffrey de Bellay as senior vice president reporting on special assignment to Storage Tek president and Chief Executive Officer Ryal Poppa. De Bellay's experience spans systems companies and consultants: For the past eight years, he has served at Wang Laboratories, Inc. in Europe, most recently as head of distribution for Europe, Africa and the Middle East.

Retix promoted its president, Steve Frankel, to president and CEO late last month, replacing Andy De Mari as CEO. De Mari, founder of the Santa Monica, Calif.-based Open Systems Interconnect products manufacturer, will retain his position as chairman of the board. Frankel joined Retix as president and COO two years ago. He served as president of Emulex Corp. prior to joining at Retix.

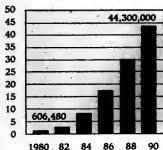
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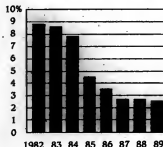
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COMPUTER CAREERS

University IS poses tough challenges to the unwary

Before making a job switch, consider roadblocks you may face

BY BRYAN K. BEVERLY
SPECIAL TO CW

Managing technology in an academic environment has its unique twists and turns. As an information systems professional and research assistant at Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, I've come to grips with what these idiosyncrasies are and how they should be dealt with. Any IS executive considering a move to academia should be aware of these problems and some possible solutions, or the transition to academia could be daunting.

• **Lack of hardware and software standardization.** In many universities, faculty members — professors and associate professors — are given free rein in choosing whatever brand of equipment they want as long as the cost is covered by their grants. As a result, professors and their staffs can't easily share equipment because of multiple workstations and incompatible software programs.

One solution is in this free-wheeling environment is to set limits on the selection process. While IS managers don't want to restrict faculty members in their research needs, they can provide a limited — but reasonable — list of products that the IS

department will support.

• **Inconsistent technical training.** Faculty members place various levels of emphasis on upgrading skills. This results in a lack of consistent technical training, which reduces the efficiency and the effectiveness of the entire university staff. Some faculty members allow ample work time for themselves and their staffs to en-

IN MANY universities, faculty members — professors and associate professors — are given free rein in choosing whatever brand of equipment they want.

hance their technical skills; others don't because of cumbersome teaching and research schedules.

The IS manager can address this problem by meeting with appropriate department leaders to emphasize the dire need to enhance the skills of the research and support staff in particular. This task must be handled with sensitivity if there are concerns that the staff

members will leave after an investment has been made in their professional development. While the risk of turnover should be carefully weighed, the scale will likely tip in favor of better training to increase productivity.

• **Mismatches between technology and work load.** Mismatches result in slow turnaround times and user frustration. For example, one department that is more prestigious than another may have more advanced technology than is actually needed. On the other hand, a science department may be working on low-end personal computers for a research project when it really needs high-end processing abilities.

For the latter example, IS managers can help out by collaborating with the faculty on the need of a particular project as during the grant application process. If the professor explains the information technology needs of the project, the manager can recommend the best equipment based on the prices and the desired tasks. The collaboration of the faculty and the manager not only ensures proper purchases but also helps the faculty understand the importance of planning information systems for empirical research.

• **Shortage of technical support.** Many universities are short-handed in this area, which slows the pace of work and forces departments to rely on technical support from outside to maintain hardware and software. Because of the transition from centralized to decentralized processing in the 1980s, one person can't

possibly support the technical needs of a large university.

With microcomputers available in every department, the faculty member, staff member or student who is most proficient in any aspect of computers is usually called on to solve everyone's problems, ranging from formatting a disk to installing software. The problem is that these

people are perceived as being able to solve all technical problems, and they shouldn't be bogged down with that responsibility if research or other tasks are being done.

The technical support issue can be resolved by hiring one technical support person per department to maintain the information technology. If hiring an additional staff member is not financially feasible, then the alternative step is to designate and train a faculty or staff member to support the department on a part-time basis.

Good information technology in any environment is a must. But special roadblocks exist in academia, and it's helpful to understand what you may be up against before you make a move to a college or university. Based on my experience, techniques such as standardizing the hardware and software, upgrading the skills of the staff, carefully assessing the information needs of projects and staffing such departments with a technical support person will improve the productivity of the faculty, staff and students.

Beverly is an IS executive and research assistant at Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore.

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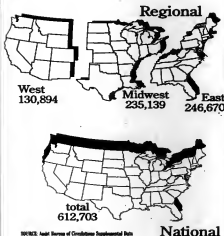
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MARKETPLACE

Time's up on unlimited toll-free technical support

BY CONNIE WINKLER
SPECIAL TO CW

Software developers are feeling the financial squeeze and are beginning to pass support costs on to their customers. Many vendors are rethinking and retrofitting product support, especially toll-free help telephone lines.

In the last year, a growing number of developers, including Lotus Development Corp., Microsoft Corp. and Aldus Corp., switched from toll-free 800 lines to 900 numbers, for which customers pay anywhere from \$1 to several dollars per minute — plus the cost of the call — to obtain technical support.

"It's terrible. If companies don't make manuals and programs user-friendly enough, they should provide a toll-free help line," says Bruce Stark, president of Computer Tutor, a training and consulting firm in New York. Ironically, Stark stands to benefit indirectly from the developers' new policy. Computer Tutor includes crisis advice as part of its service, and poor vendor documentation and support is a reason why many users sign up in the first place.

Along with offering frequent and costly software updates, Stark says the switch to 900 service is another way vendors are pinching more pennies from their users. Vendors, however, say they're install-

ing 900 lines to meet the growing needs of their customers. "We were unable to keep up with the demands on our support staff," says Deedee Walsh, director of marketing communications at Buttonware, Inc. in Bellevue, Wash.

About a year ago, after determining that only 20% of its support calls concerned Buttonware products (the rest were either regarding other products or DOS), the developer began researching other alternatives, Walsh says. Consequently, Buttonware installed the 900 option with no charge for the first minute and a \$1-per-minute charge thereafter.

Lotus, in Cambridge, Mass., says it put the 900 service into place so it could keep up its support staff to respond to its customers' needs more quickly and efficiently. However, Lotus still has an 800 service that is free for the first six months and \$49 annually thereafter.

Customers would rather pay than wait, says Lotus spokeswoman Beryl Simmons, referring to the typical wait for the 800 service. "Now on 900, Lotus customers can call as many times as they want with the first minute free and then \$2 a minute. All 800 and 900 calls are answered by the same support staff, although 900s super-

sede the others in the queue," he says.

For Aldus, best known for its PageMaker desktop publishing package, the technical support squeeze came last year. Not only were customers dissatisfied with its slow technical support response, but they were also disillusioned with delayed products. On top of that, says John Archdeacon, director of customer support at Aldus, the complex nature of desktop publishing software also meant customers were calling with conceptual, page design questions — not just technical questions such as how to set tabs in a columnar format.

Eventually, Aldus switched to a 900 service with a flat fee of \$15 per consulting session. Prior to that, Aldus had a \$100-per-year service contract for up to five hours support time at the free 45-day support period. The \$100 didn't sit well with customers who said it seemed like too much money.

After determining that the average length of help calls to Aldus was 12 minutes, Archdeacon set the flat fee at \$15 so that customers wouldn't debate on whether Aldus answered the questions fast enough if charged per minute. With this new arrangement, customer support is now a separate entity; at most like a subsidiary, generating its own revenue, Archdeacon says. The customer service department only seeks to break even, he adds.

However, some users are taking active steps to insulate themselves from the costly dilemma. Seafirst Bank in Seattle,

with 178 branches throughout Washington state, has its 4,000 Apple Computer, Inc. Macintosh computers cared for by a 60-member support team. "If we didn't

MANY LARGE firms disallow any kind of 900 number use because the numbers provide costly access to . . . services such as horoscopes, jokes or X-rated services.

have this [in-house support], a lot more calls of a rather elementary nature would go to software developers," says Robert Bowman, vice president and manager of personal computer support at Seafirst.

Other companies have unwittingly put up roadblocks to 900 support lines, and they are making other vendors such as WordPerfect Corp. think twice about switching. Many large firms disallow any kind of 900 number use because the numbers provide costly access to other commercial services such as horoscopes, jokes or X-rated services.

Whether users will end up changing products rather than fighting the fees remains to be seen. But few vendors say they expect the free support standards of the past to survive much longer.

"There's a sense that the right to vote and free support go hand-in-hand, but I don't see a lot of situations where that's true," Archdeacon says.

Winkler is a free-lance writer based in Seattle.

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Defeating computer illiteracy

Computer illiteracy — the unproductive use of systems and software — has escalated to an alarming level in U.S. organizations, according to Elliot Matus, president of the Association for Computer Training & Support (ACTS) in Raquette Lake, N.Y.

A recent survey of 1,000 information systems managers and trainers conducted by ACTS, an international membership organization for computer training and support professionals, revealed that one-third of all computer programs in office environments are cast aside by users six months after purchase.

Matus spoke recently with *editorial* Cathleen Duffy on the causes of and solutions to this rising concern.

What kinds of people fall into the computer illiteracy category?
We're not talking about people who are computer resistant. A computer illiterate can be two things: A person who doesn't know how to utilize a computer or software tool to perform his job or a person who drastically underutilizes the features of a software package or computer.

The first is a more severe problem. Our study found that six months after a person has been sent to train on new software, he is not using that package. Consequently, the company is not getting one cent of return on its investment in either the new technology or the training.

The second type of computer illiteracy — underuse of a particular software package — is less dramatic but more common. A simple thing, like a user not understand-

ing that instead of typing the same paragraph over and over again he could just insert several times, is unproductive.

What are some of the causes of this illiteracy problem?

First, the amount of people who now use computers has dramatically risen in five years, and organizations aren't fully prepared to handle that.

Second, you have your vanity buyers: Users decide, "I want to get Harvard Graphics, Lotus, desktop publishing, and give me that project manager package." They get those packages because they've heard about them, and they sound wonderful. But they have no commitment to take the time to learn how to use them to do their job.

Who's to blame — the IS manager, the user or the company?

Actually, I put the culpability squarely on the actual managers of the users. Unfortunately, line managers have been very poorly prepared for knowing how to manage the automated resources in their departments.

For example, if I'm manager of a purchasing group, and I've got four or five people in my group who use different software, part of what I have to manage is their use of software. But if I don't know how to use the package, I may do a really bad job in managing my staff's use of automation.

What are some things that IS managers and trainers can do to help these line managers?

If a company buys several software packages, IS managers or trainers should conduct a training session directly with the line managers — not on how to use the package, but on how to manage the use of the package.

In other words, show the managers the key features that their employees will

formal on-the-job training for formal training. But we would never teach somebody how to drive a forklift that way. Companies give people high-powered systems that could be as dangerous to data as a forklift could be to some material in the warehouse — but with only the bare essentials in training.

Even companies that have strong commitments to training run into problems. They teach people how to "do packages" rather than how to do their jobs.

One example that our survey uncovered involved a steam-plant manager who had taken a Lotus 1-2-3 training class. During the course, all the trainer showed him how to do were loan applications — not industrial applications. He walked away deciding never to use that package.

In another case, we found that a division of the Internal Revenue Service had been sending its lawyers off to take generic courses on Wordperfect without much success. Someone made the suggestion to the IRS that they offer essentially the same class, but hold it just for lawyers and call it "Preparing legal briefs using automation." It's psychological, but it works.



ACTS' Matus: Organizations aren't fully prepared for the increase in computer users

need, estimate how long it should take his employees to get up to speed on the package and demonstrate what the package should be able to do in helping the employees perform their work.

In what way is the training function in some companies failing?
Because of lack of commitment and low budgets, companies often substitute in-

Do you see a near end to this computer illiteracy problem?

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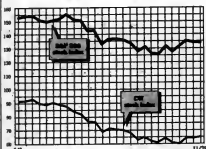
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STOCK TRADING INDEX



<i>Index</i>	<i>Last Week</i>	<i>This Week</i>
Communications	102.9	104.1
Computer Systems	63.6	65.1
Software & DP Services	92.4	95.4
Semiconductors	38.7	40.6
Peripherals & Subsystems	70.4	71.2
Leasing Companies	50.7	48.9
Composite Index	64.4	65.5
S&P 500 Index	134.9	134.3



Computerworld Stock Trading Summary

CLIPPING FROM THE WASHINGTON POST, NOV. 28, 1994

Communications and Network Services

[illegible]

Computer Systems

ALLIANT COMPUTER SYS	9	1	5.875	-6.3	-22.2
ALVA MICROSYSTEMS INC	1	1	2.000	0.0	-11.6
ALUMINUM INDUSTRIES	16	10	11.375	0.0	0.0
APPLE COMPUTER INC	26	24	38.75	0.0	0.0
ARCO INC	26	24	25.00	0.0	0.0
BELL BURNHAM & HERRMAN	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
BENTON & BOWLES INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
COMMODORE INTL	12	0	8.875	0.0	0.0
COMPUTER INFORMATION INC	21	0	0.000	0.0	0.0
CONTINENTAL DATA CORP	20	20	26.875	0.0	2.7
DATA GENERAL CORP	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
DAVITA INC	1	1	1.375	0.0	33.3
DELL CORP	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
EMULATED SYSTEMS INC	95	88	50.00	2.9	1.8
ENTEL CORP	38	38	10.00	0.0	0.0
ENTREPRENEUR SYSTEMS INC	38	14	18.75	0.0	1.3
ENTERCOM INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
HOMETHELL INC	112	71	86.75	1.1	1.3
INFORMATION SYSTEMS INC	14	14	11.25	0.0	0.0
INTEGRATED SYSTEMS INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
MAC-BASIC FOUR CORP	1	1	1.125	0.1	12.5
MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
MENITZER PAPER CORP	28	9	12.625	0.8	7.4
MINI-TECH INC	2	2	2.000	0.0	0.0
MOCHA CORP	72	63	26.25	1.9	1.8
MOORE INFORMATION	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
SEQUENT COMPUTER SYS INC	34	13	17.00	0.0	0.0
SHAW-WALKER CORP	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
SHIMADZU INC	3	3	3.375	0.0	0.0
SHOCKLEY INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
TANIGUCHI CORP	48	24	27.50	1.8	1.4
TECHNICAL SYSTEMS INC	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0
UNISYS CORP	17	3	2.875	0.0	0.0
UNIVERSITY MICRO	1	1	1.000	0.0	0.0

Software & DP Services

[illegible]

Semiconductors

ADM MICRO DEVICES INC	11	4	4.25	0.1	3.5
ANALOG DEVICES INC	10	5	6	0.3	4.5
ANALOGIC CORP	10	5	6.375	0.1	1.5
CHIPS & TECHNOLOGIES INC	24	7	7.875	0.1	1.4
INTL CORP	32	28	37.5	1.0	2.7
MICRON TECHNOLOGY INC	16	7	10	1.1	12.1
MOTOROLA INC	86	9	54	2.6	5.1
NEUTRON CORPORATION	9	3	3.875	0.4	10.7
TELECAST SYSTEMS INC	44	25	31.875	4.6	17.6
TELECOM-ITALIA CORP	15	4	9	0.0	0.0

Peripherals

[illegible]

Leasing Companies

N	CAPITAL ASSOCIATES INC	6	1	0.583	-0.1	-18.3
N	COMERSCO INC	36	16	18.875	0.4	3.4
Q	LEN CORPORATION	16	6	6.75	0.3	2.6
Q	SELECTOR INC	7	3	8	-0.3	-7.7

Necromancy

Tech stocks rose from the grave with the aid of Wall St. buyers

In 1897, Mark Twain said, "The reports of my death are greatly exaggerated." Technology stocks might claim the same. While they are certainly not at the swollen prices of five months ago, when the Dow Jones industrial average brushed the underside of 3,000 points, computer firms plowed ahead of other sectors last week. Compaq Computer Corp. helped lead the way with a 54-point gain last week that pushed it to 54% by Thursday's close.

Other hardware companies registered vital signs, such as Sun Microsystems, Inc., which hunged forward 24 points to 20%. Apple Computer, Inc. pulled up 1% of a point to 36% on news that it and semiconductor firm VLSI Technologies, Inc. formed a joint venture with a British firm to make reduced instruction set computing chips. VLSI fell by 1/4 of a point to 4%. Digital Equipment Corp. grabbed 1 1/4 more points to 50%.

Personal computer software makers were also alive and kicking. Autodesk, Inc. gained 3½ points to 47%, and Microsoft Corp. skipped up 2½ points to 71½. Lotus Development Corp. picked up 2½ points, closing Thursday at 22½. Even longtime laggard Oracle Systems Corp. surged 1½ points to 7½.

IBM was one of the few losers last week, slipping $\frac{1}{4}$ of a point to 112. Both National Semiconductor Corp. and Lattice Semiconductor Corp. lost $\frac{1}{4}$ of a point, closing at 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, respectively. Other chip makers gained, however, including Texas Instruments, Inc., which picked up 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ points to 31 $\frac{1}{2}$. Intel Corp. jumped 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ points to 57 $\frac{1}{2}$. According to Securities and Exchange Commission reports, Intel Senior Vice President Larry Hootnick sold 99% of his holdings in the company in early October.

Meanwhile, NCR Corp. advanced ¼ of a point to 55½ as would-be partner AT&T lost ½ a point, closing at 31%.

KIM S. NASH

HUD

FROM PAGE 1

by the company.

Although the contract does not ask the company to remedy the financial systems shortcomings widely cited as having contributed to the massive misuse of HUD funds during the 1980s, the new environment will facilitate the development of better applications and tighter system controls, according to Peter A. Bracken, vice president and program manager at Martin Marietta. He said other contractors have already begun overhauling the agency's financial and administrative systems.

A HUD spokesman said HUD Secretary Jack Kemp has proposed that no agency employees would lose their jobs as a result of the outsourcing. Data center personnel would be reassigned or lost through natural attrition, the spokesman said.

DeBorvi said the new network will contain checks and balances to prevent upward transactions, an occurrence that has, for example, resulted in failure to record the sale of houses. He also said the new environment will better support integration of applications.

New directions

Martin Marietta Chairman Norman R. Augustine said the HUD job significantly advances the firm's strategy for diversifying beyond its traditional aerospace and defense roots. He said the contract would have "a positive effect on our 1991 operating earnings and a significant impact into the next century." Last year, the company reported earnings of \$307 million on sales of \$5.8 billion, most of it from defense and aerospace work.

"Their [diversification] strategy is working," said Peter Asenias, defense analyst at First Boston Corp. "Going after civilian agencies plays to their strengths. Martin Marietta is a very good information process-

ing company, and they're good at setting up a disciplined network of suppliers."

Asenias predicted more big federal outsourcing deals. "Outsourced services can be done cheaper and more efficiently than they can in-house."

James Kerrigan, federal program director at Input, Inc.'s Virginia, Va., office, said other forces are stimulating outsourcing as well. Federal agencies often specify limits on employment, and contracting out is one way to save on body count without sacrificing the agency's mission. He also said the growing disparity between pay scales in the public and private sectors is making it difficult to retain the senior systems people needed at large data centers.

Companies that submitted losing bids for the huge job in-



cluded Electronic Data Systems Corp. and Boeing Computer Services. Neither company would say whether it planned to protest the award — a common practice in federal systems megadeals.

"A protest is inevitable," said Kerrigan, who estimated each bidder spent about \$5 million developing proposals. "Besides, procurement rules for something like this are so complex, the odds are very good that HUD did do something wrong. There are so many boops to jump through, it's easy to miss one."

About 40% of the contract revenue will flow to 13 subcontractors, principally Unisys, Hitachi, Network Systems Corp., Netrix Corp., Amas Engineering Corp. and Novell, Inc., Bracken said.

Advisor delays EPA report

The White House Science Advisor has delayed public release of an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) report on potentially harmful effects of electromagnetic fields, such as those emanating from VDTs.

Due for public release early last week, the EPA evaluation discusses potential carcinogenicity and other biological effects of electromagnetic fields. It was delayed after project leader Robert McGaughy was called into the advisor's office last Monday.

The White House was trying to delay the release of the report until after the Scientific Review Board, a panel of outside experts, had finished its review,

which is expected to be completed sometime in the spring, McGaughy said.

McGaughy said administration officials are concerned that electromagnetic fields are affecting everyone through exposure to such things as power lines, electric blankets and VDTs, while other potentially cancer-causing materials where exposure is more selective.

Efforts to reach White House officials for comment were unsuccessful.

McGaughy said he "expected," then changed his word to "hoped," that the report would be made public this week.

J. A. SAVAGE

Bankamerica axing Asian hub

Closing Hong Kong center in bid to consolidate international operations

BY JIM NASH
CHICAGO

HONG KONG — Bankamerica Corp. is shutting down its Asian data center. In a cost-cutting move, the resurgent multinational financial company is consolidating its three international processing centers at one suburban London location.

Dan Hartman, vice president and general manager of Bankamerica's Asian Pacific operations, said the bank's Latin America processing center was moved from Los Angeles to Croydon, England, in the first quarter of this year. The Hong Kong center is expected to follow in April 1991.

"The overall objective is to save money," said Hartman, who has worked for Bankamerica in Asia for six years. While he refused to reveal how much the move will cost, "the savings will be significant," Hartman said. The move will pay for itself in "no more than three years," he added, and will have no effect on domestic transactions. While there are links between domestic and international transaction databases, Bankamerica treats the two as separate operations.

Croydon was the logical

choice, Hartman said. The facility already has the hardware, floor space and brainpower to accommodate all of Bankamerica's international banking transactions.

He explained that the Croydon data center currently processes all European transactions with a new Andalco Corp. 5995 1400 mainframe and a 5890 300E. Just an important, however, is Croydon's role in developing all application software for the bank's international branches.

When the move is completed, Croydon will become the on-line hub for all internationally generated voice and data transactions for Bankamerica. A fiber-optic backbone will connect telecommunications hubs in each of the former data centers to the England center, Hartman said. The site will be backed up by a British Telecom disaster recovery center also in England.

A combination of cable and satellite methods will continue to link local branches in each of the three regions.

Each transaction generated abroad will be processed in real time through the England center, Hartman said. "We deal with a lot of multinationals, and they

are not willing to wait until the close of business to have a transaction completed in Bangkok or Tokyo."

Latin America operations were moved because they made up only a small portion of the to-

THE OVERALL objective is to save money."

DAN HARTMAN
BANKAMERICA

tal business process in the Los Angeles office, he explained. Afterward, the bank saw that despite increased telecommunications costs, the move was actually cost-effective. In June, it examined shifting to Hong Kong for increased savings.

A spokesman for the bank said the planned transfer of British Telecom operations from Hong Kong to China in 1997 played little or no part in the decision to move operations. "It's a matter of constant streamlining. Maybe, way in the back of somebody's mind, someone thought of that, but it was not discussed," the spokesman said.

DEC unveils integrated net security program

BY MARYFRAN JOHNSON
CHICAGO

MAYNARD, Mass. — Digital Equipment Corp. launched an integrated security program last week aimed at solving corporate security problems on networks of multivendor computers.

Included in the long-range development program is DEC's Distributed System Security Architecture, a framework for implementing security features in a distributed, multivendor environment.

Peter Schay, an analyst at

Gartner Group, Inc., based in Stamford, Conn., noted that much of DEC's security program will not be available until 1992 for users of VMS and Ultrix, DEC's version of Unix. Multivendor shops have a longer wait, he added.

A series of security enhancements was announced last Friday, including the following:

- Additions to the VMS operating system password management to deter attacks based on guessing user or systems account passwords.
- New management features in

DEC's Ethernet Enhanced Security System, which will provide node authentication, access control and encryption.

- Development of a Compartmented Mode Workstation (CMW) that will meet the U.S. government standards for B1 and CMW "level of trust." DEC is developing the highly secure workstation under contract with the U.S. Defense Intelligence Agency, basing the machine on both reduced instruction set computing and VAX architectures, the Ultrix operating system and X Window System/Mod.

- Availability through DEC of Sybase, Inc.'s Secure SQL Server, a multivendor relational database management system that runs on VAX Ultrix systems.

SPA hits two Chicago firms

CHICAGO — The Software Publishers Association (SPA) said last week it had conducted search-and-seizure operations at two corporations in Chicago in response to unauthorized duplication of software.

The SPA disclosed that one of the raids was here at Davy-McKee Corp., a pharmaceutical engineering organization. The SPA initially said it had reached a

settlement with Davy-McKee over the allegations but subsequently retracted that statement.

Davy-McKee officials declined to comment on the SPA charge.

The second company was not identified by SPA officials, who said such disclosure would impede its efforts to negotiate a settlement.

Several area microcomputer managers contacted about SPA activities said they believed the action would be received positively by the information systems community.

One manager commented that "upper management has no understanding of software and the licensing requirements and effectively encourages software copying." He also said that the size of the fines could serve to change management attitudes.

MICHAEL FITZGERALD

NEWS SHORTS

VDT legislation pared

San Francisco County dropped a requirement that VDTs be placed one meter away from adjoining workers in a compromise with businesses that said it would cost too much. The county's VDT legislation, supported by a majority of the county's supervisors, now leaves protection from electromagnetic radiation to a health panel. The legislation still has protections against repetitive stress injuries.

AMS, Bell Atlantic go international

Bell Atlantic Corp. and American Management Systems, Inc. (AMS), a software and services vendor based in Arlington, Va., are eager to exploit the recent trend toward deregulation and privatization of foreign telecommunications monopolies. The firms jointly announced last week that Bell Atlantic will market AMS Teline software to local and long-distance telephone companies in selected countries. The software automates many of a telephone company's customer-oriented functions, including billing, collections and order management.

Echelon eyes wiring scheme

A dozen manufacturers are expected this week to unveil household, office and factory products embedded with programmable silicon chips that communicate with each other over common electrical wiring. Ben Yermack, vice president of marketing at Palo Alto, Calif.-based Echelon Corp., said the companies — which she refused to identify — have used technology developed by Echelon. The chips are said to control access, lighting, climate and equipment use by linking motion sensors with a building's heating and ventilation, lighting and security systems.

MCA sees 'opportunities'

MCA, Inc. Vice President of Information Systems George Brenner said last week's announced \$6.6 billion friendly buyout of his entertainment firm by Japanese consumer products giant Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. presents some intriguing opportunities. "There are a lot of strategic things we can do in the areas of software, database, disaster recovery and technology sharing," Brenner said. "I'm sure we've done something they haven't, and they've done something we haven't; we could do a little swap."

Judge lets outsourcing proceed

A Tennessee Chancery judge last week denied the Nashville Electric Service Employees' Association's request for an injunction to prevent Nashville Electric from outsourcing its IS function to a Memphis-based computer services firm (CW, Nov. 5). The utility's board then voted to proceed with the seven-year outsourcing contract, which was slated to take effect this past weekend. Despite failing to get the injunction, the employees' association will proceed with its lawsuit against the utility, seeking damages for its affected members.

Surgeon for IS?

Certified IS departments in many large companies are due for major reconstructive surgery, according to a study by Forrester Research, Inc. in Cambridge, Mass. The report said reorganizations have been fueled by outsourcing mainframe management functions and "downsizing" application development to units closer to the business function. IS will take on a three-part structure, anchored by outsourcing providers, line IS groups and central IS, which take on monitoring and management roles, the study found.

LAN management up for review

IBM and 3Com Corp. said last week they have made available for general review their specifications for a proposed Ethernet/Token-Ring network management standard. The companies had announced in July that they would work together on such a standard. Last week, the firms said that four companies have reviewed those preliminary specifications.

Object-oriented group sets standards outline

BY ROSEMARY HAMILTON
CW 1047

FRAMINGHAM, Mass. — The Object Management Group (OMG) issued a report last week on the architecture it will promote as the industry standard for object-oriented systems.

Like other standards groups before it, the OMG expects it will take a few years before all the components of the architecture are selected and finalized.

It intends to forge ahead without official support from either IBM or Microsoft Corp. However, it has the support of nearly every other major company in the industry.

IBM in particular could pose a problem for the group, because it has announced its own big plans for object-oriented technology and expects to begin announcing products next year.

However, John Slitz, a spokesman for the group, said IBM had contributed to the creation of the Object Management Architecture Guide. An IBM spokesman could not confirm this, but he said he was aware that some IBM representatives had attended OMG meetings.

Building their own

Slitz said OMG members are building their own object-oriented systems that will be modified as the architecture's components are determined. The group will select only commercially available technology and will not accept academic proposals.

"We are obviously flying the plane while still building it," Slitz said. "But at least we are working on it. It's a better answer and more realistic" than starting from scratch, he added.

The OMG architecture consists of four major components to govern various aspects of an object-oriented system. Currently, the group has issued a request for technology for an Object Request Broker, which would manage the messaging between objects, and a request for information on its Object Services component, which includes the data model.

The Object Request Broker is considered to be the core of the architecture in that it has the critical job of determining how messages are passed between objects.

Slitz said he expects requests for information to go out for the other two components — Common Facilities and Application Objects — in 1991.

Common Facilities are those items that can be shared by any application, such as a specific compiler. The Application Objects component will govern the building of applications through the use of object classes.

"To fill out this entire architecture, it will take us about 2½ years," Slitz said.

corporatewide purchases. In addition, Jack Cooper, president of CSX Technology, the IS division of CSX Corp., said he has been informed of enterprise agreements and added, "We are anticipating doing one."

Cooper said he believes IBM is trying to make contract negotiations easier for users. The enterprise agreement, he said, would allow him to add up all expenditures — "processors, software, maintenance, even some of your leasing and aggregate it

shows a determination to make this more far-reaching.

Jack Lewis, president of Amadahl Corp., said he believes IBM has done revenue-based deals "outside for years, particularly in Canada." While he said he was not familiar with widespread plans here, he added, "It wouldn't surprise me."

"I'm sure they are doing it in some way," he added. "They'll just try to do whatever they can to optimize their competitive position."

Out with the old

Residual values of IBM 3090 mainframes are projected to fall dramatically as IBM's ES/9000 series comes on-line

3090 model	Plant shipped	Original list price	Percent of list price	
			Oct. 90 residual value (estimated)	Oct. 91 residual value (projected/estimated)
600U	4Q 89	\$13.2M	54%	35%
400S	4Q 88	\$10.2M	44%	21%

Source: Computer Economics, Inc.

CW Chart: Paul Mohr

"My reading is they are giving large customers a little more incentive to do business with IBM, and therefore, it's harder for someone like [Storage Technology Corp.] to come in and cherry-pick a deal," said one IS manager who is negotiating a revenue-based contract.

Art Cohen, IBM director of product business practices, confirmed that IBM quietly shifted to a revenue-based plan for high-end mainframes earlier this fall. At the same time, the firm officially announced revenue-based discounting deals for Enterprise System/9000 air-cooled models.

Cohen said there is no official IBM enterprise-wide agreement as described by the three IS executives. Any such agreement would fall under a special bid banner and would therefore be considered proprietary information.

However, two IS executives contacted last week said they are currently negotiating large-scale revenue-based deals that cover

to one number."

He said that with previous contracts, "everything was separate — disks, tape, processors — and it was done on a unit basis. So during the year, you had discounts on each type of unit. If you were a little short on one unit, you were compromised on maintaining that discount."

Big accounts have long been able to negotiate a variety of sweet deals under a cloak of secrecy known as the special bid. In some isolated cases, they may have been based on revenue commitments. But the recent shift for both water-cooled and air-cooled processors by IBM

Other users said they are either negotiating or evaluating the various revenue-based plans. One senior IS vice president, who requested anonymity, said he is negotiating a revenue-based enterprise agreement "that includes hardware purchases, software, maintenance, PC[and] education."

The IS executive said he is required to protect that for a one- or two-year period, total IBM purchases will increase by 10% annually. "They take that amount, stir up their secret formula and come back with a proposed discount across the whole amount," he said.

Ex-IBM exec dead at 62

Burton S. Goldberg, 62, a former head of IBM's Large Systems Division and a developer of the IBM System 360 and System 370, died of a heart attack last week.

Goldberg retired in 1984 after three decades at IBM. Pointing to his ongoing involvement in ventures, colleagues said Goldberg was still in his prime as an industry executive.

He was a member of the boards of 3Com Corp., LAN Systems, Inc. and Software Publishing Corp. and an adviser on venture capital deals through affiliations with The Mayfield Fund and New Enterprise Associates.

"Burt had at least half a dozen projects going," said Belden Menkes, editor of "EDPACS," a computer security newsletter. "His wife recently told me that they were thinking of giving up their apartment and moving back to a house just to make room for all of his ventures."

Along with former IBM Pres-

ident David Finley, Goldberg was in the process of launching his own company, Technology Builders International, a consulting firm aimed at bolstering young or underachieving technology firms.

"Burt had a child's curiosity for how to apply technology to markets of opportunity," said 3Com Chairman and co-founder William Krause. "In this way could an Easterner leave his mark on Silicon Valley."

In addition to spearheading major systems architectures at IBM, "Burt was one of the first people to understand the enormous significance of distributed processing," said consultant and former IBM colleague Sam Albert. The IBM 6100, an early attempt at distributed processing, was Goldberg's creation, Albert said. At the time of his retirement, Goldberg headed IBM's personal computer operations in Europe.

Goldberg is survived by his wife and two children.

IBM readies update on Officevision progress

IBM plans to go public with a progress report on Officevision Release 2 in two weeks, a company spokesman said last week.

The clock is ticking away on the company's shipment deadlines for Release 2. It had promised to have two Release 2 versions out in the fourth quarter and to announce an availability date for the Application System/400 version in this time frame.

However, in an October interview, Tony Modellio, vice president for office systems development, said it was possible that IBM could slide by a few weeks in delivering both the local-area network and mainframe VM versions. At that time, he could not promise if IBM would be ready to announce by year's end an availability date for the AS/400 version. The MVS version has had a 1991 delivery date.

Last week, a spokesman said

IBM "is looking to having additional details on our plans available by mid-December."

He said Modellio's group is currently reviewing OS/2 Version 1.3. However, the Release 2

IBM COULD slide by a few weeks in delivering both the local-area network and mainframe VM versions.

version of Officevision for the Personal System/2 was intended to work with OS/2 Version 1.2. The spokesman said the newest version of the operating system will "not necessarily" override OS/2 1.2 because Officevision is "scheduled and announced to run on [Version] 1.2."

ROSEMARY HAMILTON

Unisys takes commercial tack

Firm's defense systems unit announces plans for satellite-based service

BY ELLIS BOOKER
CW STAFF

MCLEAN, Va. — Apparently seeking to tilt its defense systems unit toward the commercial market, Unisys Corp.'s Space Systems Division last week announced plans to build a commercial, satellite-based service for geolocational, messaging and remote equipment monitoring services.

Expected to be operational in the middle of the decade, the project is believed to be the first commercial venture for Unisys' defense systems unit and could generate revenue in excess of \$250 million over 10 years, Unisys said.

However, analysts observed that the planned Satellite Tracking, Relocation and Communications system, or Sat/Trak, will face an uphill fight against the half-dozen or so existing and planned providers of intelligence-based geolocation and messaging services for fleets of trucks, ships and other vehicles.

"It doesn't bring anything to the market," said John Pemberton, program director for communications at Gartner Group, Inc. in Stamford, Conn. Gartner Group predicted that the \$370 million market for mobile satellite services will grow to \$460 million in 1991 and \$6.2 billion by 1995. Gartner Group be-

lieves wireless communications will be the fastest growing segment of the communications market during the next five years and will represent \$35 billion of a worldwide \$386 billion market in 1995.

Pemberton said a number of defense and aerospace companies are moving into the wireless communications business, especially satellite-based systems, where, he said, they have an affinity and technological prowess. While precise geolocation is most urgently needed for intercontinental ballistic missile traffic, the use of the technology for "remote monitoring of equipment is tremendous," Pemberton said.

However, Pemberton questioned the project's choice of the lower frequency 150-MHz band to 30-GHz Ka satellite band for end-user applications. Existing services, including the Global Positioning System now being used by U.S. military forces in the Persian Gulf, use the lower frequency 150-MHz band and are less susceptible to interference from adverse weather conditions, according to Pemberton.

But A.J. Seaton, vice president of Energetic Satellite Corp., Unisys' Denver-based partner and the satellite design-

er for the project, said the service will be superior to the competition because it will not require either expensive transceivers on the vehicle or expensive satellites in the sky.

"Our transceivers only send and receive signals, as do our satellites," he said. "All the processing, location determination and messaging is done at the ground center."

For this reason, he estimated, the transceivers for Sat/Trak will cost only \$250 to \$350, rather than the \$5,000 to \$5,000 users must now spend for such equipment.

This low price, he said, could open up the market for end-user satellite services.

Unisys' Space Systems Division, a provider of software and services to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, has responsibility for Sat/Trak and will develop and operate the service's ground station and ground processing system. Unisys will also provide the software, hardware and parallel processors for the ground station, to be located in Salt Lake City.

Energetics Satellite Corp. is Unisys' partner in the exclusive venture and will design the satellites, which will be operated by Intra-space Corp. in Salt Lake City.

Stratus turns to networking initiatives

BY JOANIE M. WEXLER
CW STAFF

MARLBORO, Vt. — Users cannot live by fault tolerance alone, Stratus Computer, Inc. acknowledged last week. The firm announced networking initiatives aimed at facilitating application interoperability between its XA2000 Continuous Processing System and other computing and network platforms.

A new piece of software, OSI Server, due out early next year, is said to allow Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) applications to

be developed for Stratus' proprietary VOS operating system. OSI Server for VTX — Stratus' OSI Server for FTX-based operating system slated to ship by month's end — will be available some time in 1991, the company said.

Not too important

One XA2000 user, David Marshall, manager of systems development for marketing applications at Intercontinental Hotels Corp., said the OSI announcement "is not terribly important" for his company today. "But in two to three years, the world is going to be a different place," he said. "It's good to stick with a vendor developing products for the full OSI stack."

Rick Villars, an analyst at International Data Corp. in Framingham, Mass., said that some research conducted by his company indicates solid plans by several Fortune 100 companies to move to OSI backbones within the next three to five years. "It reflects an industry trend, it will be vital for companies running on-line transaction processing applications to have a platform in place for migrating to

OSI," he said.

Stratus' main targets for OSI Server are companies in Europe, telecommunications service providers and other large North American companies that resell telecommunications services. OSI Server's first appeal will be for fault-tolerant electronic mail backbones, the firm said.

The company also announced last week that it will distribute, support and enhance Network Express, software that pulls data from similar computing platforms into a single on-line transaction processing environment. Stratus would not comment on when Network Express might be available for FTX.

Network Express prevents applications running on an XA2000 from having to be rewritten in order to communicate with other protocols. It was designed and marketed for Stratus by Scientific Software, Inc.

Network Express will reportedly gain support for Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol and IBM's Netbios. Protocols already supported include X.25 and IBM Systems Network Architecture.

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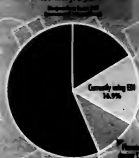
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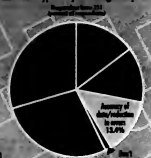
Electronic Data Interchange

With the technology eliciting a lukewarm response at best, external pressure from customers is one of the driving forces behind electronic data interchange (EDI)

Most in potential
An overwhelming 94% have no intention of implementing EDI within the next five years



Reasons for using EDI
Motivated for EDI stem from a variety of plain and unimpressive goals, and customer/supplier requests being the top two



Top three barriers to EDI
Lack of trading partners with which to do EDI is mentioned as the main hindrance for implementation

Trading partners will not participate	21.4%
Compatibility of hardware/software	20.8%
Cost of implementation	14.3%
Lack of EDI education and training	13.6%
Lack of knowledge about EDI	8.4%

Source: CCR Research, Inc., Oak Park, Ill.

CW Chart, Mark Hagan

NEXT WEEK

Two very different things lured Ken Graham out of retirement at the age of 59: the romance of the wine-making industry and the introduction of the IBM Application System/400. Learn more about Robert Mondavi Winery's director of MIS and the use of systems in the genteel but competitive wine business in a Manager's Journal profile.



What DOS shell excels at file management but is hard for beginners to get their hands around? Answer: Xtree Co.'s Xtree Pro Gold. See what the experts have to say and how they rate the product in Technology Analysis, a comprehensive summary of opinions from personal computer laboratories, publications, users and analysts.

INSIDE LINES

Underground stirrings

Computerworld received a call last week from an anonymous source who warned us that Kryptik, an underground hacker group, intended to plant a virus in a telephone network this Wednesday. A second source described the group as a "bunch of real nasty kids" and added, "If anybody could do it, they could." Still another source claimed the group was preparing to carry out its mischief around Christmas to coincide with a hacker's convention slated for Houston. The group is supposedly bent on revenge for the recent sentencing of three hackers, who were given 14- to 21-month jail terms and fined stiff restitution payments for breaking into BellSouth computers. A similar threat, which was not carried out, was made days before the Nov. 15 sentencing.

Finger painting

Bill Gates wants to have information at his fingertips — and talk to his machine, too. Accordingly, Microsoft is expected to announce this week that it has increased its holdings in Natural Language, Inc. in Berkeley, Calif., a 60-person software firm specializing in English-language user interfaces. Microsoft only spent \$1 million this time, which is said to increase its share of Natural Language stock to more than 10%.

Virus? What — me, worry?

It must be a sign of the times. MAD magazine's Computer Virus Edition just hit the newsstands. The summer 1991 special edition features 96 pages of "glitches," including a "bug-infested Alfred E. Neuman program." Wanna-be MAD hackers are urged to waste time, energy and money copying programs that will create a MAD logo and Neuman's face.

More MIPS from Mips

The next RISC processor from Mips Computer Systems should be in the hands of systems companies by next month and in products by late summer 1991. The processor, seen as late to the dinner table by analysts, should rival the speed of Sun's latest RISC processor, at 40 MHz and about 29 MIPS.

Here we go again

The never-ending Wang rumor mill is now buzzing with word of big doings sometime next month. While nothing has been confirmed, analysts are speculating that the Lowell, Mass.-based minicomputer and imaging vendor is shopping around for financing and may be considering some type of limited partnership or distribution deal with Hitachi Data Systems.


Killer technology

The upcoming high-end Apple Macintosh based on the Motorola 68040 chip is reportedly hooked up to such a large motor in the company's labs that Apple engineers have christened it with a suitably imposing nickname: Megadeath. The machine is scheduled to arrive in the first half of next year.

Did you say you have a problem?

For Oracle customers who haven't complained enough already, there will be a new customer support service to track users' problems that involve billing, ordering and other non-product issues. The new service, which may be announced as early as this week, in an addition to Real-Time Support, Oracle's revamped call-in customer service line. "This new organization will take responsibility for all nontechnical issues," Mike Fields, president of the Oracle USA Sales Division, told Computerworld last week.

In a prophetic slip of the tongue, Merrill Lynch IS boss DuWayne Peterson began his keynote speech at the CIO/AMR conference in late October by mistakenly referring to a Wall Street Journal story on Merrill Lynch as a chronicle of "the current changes going on at Security Pacific" — where he was IS head five years ago. Later, Security Pacific CEO Michael S. Heschel began his remarks by joking, "When I heard what DuWayne said, I almost rushed to call my office to see what was going on." Heschel gave up that office last month (see story page 1). Stirrings in the top ranks are always of high interest, so *Up* of News Editor Pete Bertinik at (800) 343-6474, message COMPUTERWORLD on MCI Mail, or fax the info to (508) 875-8331.



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Why take chances?



...observers still see
inherent multitasking
as the eventual PC stan-

Computer Systems News, May 28, 1990

"Eventually" is here.

ANNOUNCING THE OS/2 YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR.



For quite some time, the press has been writing about the move everyone will want to make to OS/2.*

Eventually.

Well, all at once OS/2 1.3 has made OS/2 the operating system it was meant to be—the one you'll want to move to right here and now.

OS/2 LOSES A LITTLE WEIGHT.

For starters, OS/2 has lost some of its appetite for memory. In fact, now you can make the move to OS/2 1.3 with as little as two megabytes on

tivity. The ability to run applications larger than 640K DOS compatibility. All these features have made OS/2 appealing in the past, but new features have catapulted OS/2 into the here and now.

For instance, now OS/2 1.3 harnesses the power of Adobe Type Manager™ (ATM™).

den in Geoi-
complex applications
OS/2 will become a more attractive
tive option for the user as we
learn to take better advantage of
its multitasking, enhanced de-

PC Week, August 12, 1990

With this new feature, the quality of screen fonts has improved dramatically, giving you a true WYSIWYG capability so what you see is indeed what you get. ATM

also gives OS/2 more flexibility in document creation by supporting a wide range of outline fonts.

Of course, what good is all this without printer support? Not much. So OS/2 1.3 has improved and expanded its printer support to include drivers for almost all popular printers.

BUSINESS IS BOOMING.

Now that OS/2 is moving forward, so are software developers. Every day, more and more applications are joining the growing pool of available OS/2 software. In fact, a variety of major business programs, including Aldus® PageMaker®, Lotus® 1-2-3® and Microsoft® Excel, have already made the transition to OS/2.

These, along with many others, have been redesigned to go beyond DOS memory limits and take advantage of OS/2's intuitive graphical interface—Presentation Manager™.

It's been said that eventually

...up in making it clear that
eventually, we need O
the power and... the
the system...

Web Feature: The Future Report, May 21, 1990

you'll want to take advantage of everything OS/2 has to offer. Well, wait no more because "eventually" is here.

For more information on what OS/2 can do for you here and now, or to get details on a no-charge upgrade to Version 1.3, contact your IBM

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OS/2 can do!

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